THE YALE SHAKESPEARE

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THE YALE SHAKESPEARE

EDITED BY

WILBUR L. CROSS TUCKER BROOKE

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·: The Yale Shakespeare: ·

THE TRAGEDY OF CYMBELINE

EDITED BY

SAMUEL B. HEMINGWAY



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The facsimile opposite reproduces the frontispiece to 'Cymbeline' in Rowe's edition of Shakespeare (1709).



[DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

CYMBELINE, King of Britain
CLOTEN, Son to the Queen by a former Husband
Posthumus Leonatus, a Gentleman, Husband to
Imagen

Belarius, a banished Lord, disguised under the name of Morgan

Guiderius Arviragus Sons to Cymbeline, disguised under the names of Polydore and Cadwal, supposed Sons to Morgan

PHILARIO, Friend to Posthumus

IACHIMO, Friend to Philario

A French Gentleman, Friend to Philario

CAIUS LUCIUS, General of the Roman Forces

A Roman Captain

Two British Captains

PISANIO, Servant to Posthumus

CORNELIUS, a Physician

Two Lords of Cymbeline's Court

Two Gentlemen of the same

Two Gaolers

Queen, Wife to Cymbeline Imogen, Daughter to Cymbeline by a former Queen Helen, a Lady attending on Imogen

Lords, Ladies, Roman Senators, Tribunes, A Dutch Gentleman, A Spanish Gentleman, a Soothsayer, Musicians, Officers, Captains, Soldiers, Messengers, and other Attendants Apparitions

Scene: Sometimes in Britain, sometimes in Rome]

The Tragedy of Cymbeline

ACT FIRST

Scene One

[Britain. The Garden of Cymbeline's Palace]

Enter two Gentlemen.

 Gent. You do not meet a man but frowns: our bloods

No more obey the heavens than our courtiers Still seem as does the king.

- 2. Gent. But what's the matter?
- Gent. His daughter, and the heir of 's kingdom, whom

He purpos'd to his wife's sole son,—a widow
That late he married,—hath referr'd herself
Unto a poor but worthy gentleman. She's wedded;
Her husband banish'd; she imprison'd: all
Is outward sorrow, though I think the king
Be touch'd at very heart.

- 2. Gent. None but the king?
- 1. Gent. He that hath lost her too; so is the queen,
 That most desir'd the match; but not a courtier,
 Although they wear their faces to the bent
 Of the king's looks, hath a heart that is not
 Glad at the thing they scowl at.
 - 2. Gent. And why so?
 - 1. Gent. He that hath miss'd the princess is a thing

¹⁻³ our bloods . . . king; cf. n.

3 Still: continually purpos'd: intended to give in marriage

5 refer?d: committed

13 to the bent: according to the inclination

Too bad for bad report; and he that hath her,—
I mean that married her, alack, good man!
And therefore banish'd—is a creature such
As, to seek through the regions of the earth
For one his like, there would be something failing
In him that should compare. I do not think
So fair an outward and such stuff within
Endows a man but he.

2. Gent. You speak him far.

1. Gent. I do extend him, sir, within himself, Crush him together rather than unfold His measure duly.

2. Gent. What's his name and birth?

1. Gent. I cannot delve him to the root: his father 28
Was called Sicilius, who did join his honour
Against the Romans with Cassibelan,
But had his titles by Tenantius whom
He serv'd with glory and admir'd success,
So gain'd the sur-addition Leonatus;
And had, besides this gentleman in question,
Two other sons, who in the wars o' the time
Died with their swords in hand; for which their
father—
36

Then old and fond of issue—took such sorrow
That he quit being, and his gentle lady,
Big of this gentleman, our theme, deceas'd
As he was born. The king, he takes the babe
To his protection; calls him Posthumus Leonatus;
Breeds him and makes him of his bedchamber;
Puts to him all the learnings that his time
Could make him the receiver of; which he took,

33 sur-addition: surname

24

²² him . . . compare: him chosen for comparison 24 speak him far: go far in sounding his praise 25 extend him within himself; cf. n.

²⁹ join his honour: honorably foin

^{30, 31} Cf. n. 43 time: years

As we do air, fast as 'twas minister'd,
And in 's spring became a harvest; liv'd in court,—
Which rare it is to do,—most prais'd, most lov'd;
A sample to the youngest, to the more mature
A glass that feated them, and to the graver
A child that guided dotards; to his mistress,
For whom he now is banish'd, her own price
Proclaims how she esteem'd him and his virtue;
By her election may be truly read
What kind of man he is.

2. Gent.

I honour him,

2. Gent. I honour him, Even out of your report. But pray you, tell me, Is she sole child to the king?

1. Gent. His only child. 56
He had two sons,—if this be worth your hearing,
Mark it,—the eldest of them at three years old,
I' the swathing clothes the other, from their nursery
Were stol'n; and to this hour no guess in knowledge 60
Which way they went.

2. Gent. How long is this ago?

1. Gent. Some twenty years

Gent. That a king's children should be so convey'd,

So slackly guarded, and the search so slow,

That could not trace them!

1. Gent. Howsoe'er 'tis strange, Or that the negligence may well be laugh'd at, Yet is it true, sir.

2. Gent. I do well believe you.

1. Gent. We must forbear. Here comes the gentleman, 68

49 feated: formed

51 her own price: what she is willing to pay in suffering

53 election: choice 59 swathing: swaddling 60 guess in knowledge: intelligent guess

63 convey'd: stolen 68 forbear: withdraw

The queen, and princess.

Exeunt.

92

Enter the Queen, Posthumus, and Imogen.

Queen. No, be assur'd you shall not find me, daughter.

After the slander of most step-mothers, Evil-ey'd unto you; you're my prisoner, but 72 Your gaoler shall deliver you the keys That lock up your restraint. For you, Posthumus, So soon as I can win the offended king, I will be known your advocate; marry, yet 76 The fire of rage is in him, and 'twere good You lean'd unto his sentence with what patience Your wisdom may inform you.

Please your highness, Post.

I will from hence to-day.

You know the peril: Queen. 80 I'll fetch a turn about the garden, pitying The pangs of barr'd affections, though the king

Hath charg'd you should not speak together. Imo.

Dissembling courtesy. How fine this tyrant 84 Can tickle where she wounds! My dearest husband, I something fear my father's wrath; but nothing,-Always reserv'd my holy duty,-what His rage can do on me. You must be gone; 88 And I shall here abide the hourly shot Of angry eyes, not comforted to live, But that there is this jewel in the world

That I may see again. My queen! my mistress! Post.

87 Always . . . duty; cf. n.

⁶⁹ S.d.; cf. n. 71 78 lean'd: should submit 71 After the slander: in accord with the ill repute 79 inform: teach

⁸¹ fetch a turn: take a walk 86 something: somewhat 84 fine: delicately

nothing: in no way

O lady, weep no more, lest I give cause
To be suspected of more tenderness
Than doth become a man. I will remain
The loyal'st husband that did e'er plight troth.

My residence in Rome at one Philario's,
Who to my father was a friend, to me
Known but by letter; thither write, my queen,
And with mine eyes I'll drink the words you send, 100
Though ink be made of gall.

Enter Queen,

Queen. Be brief, I pray you; If the king come, I shall incur I know not How much of his displeasure. [Aside.] Yet I'll move him To walk this way. I never do him wrong 104 But he does buy my injuries, to be friends Pays dear for my offences. [Exit.] Should we be taking leave Post. As long a term as yet we have to live, The loathness to depart would grow. Adieu! 108 Imo. Nay, stay a little: Were you but riding forth to air yourself Such parting were too petty. Look here, love; This diamond was my mother's; take it, heart; 112 But keep it till you woo another wife, When Imogen is dead. Post. How! how! another? You gentle gods, give me but this I have, And cere up my embracements from a next 116 With bands of death!-Remain, remain thou here [Putting on the ring.]

94 tenderness: sensitiveness 101 Though . . . gall; cf. n. 101 term: period of time 108 loathness: reluctance 116, 117 cere up . . . death; cf. m.

While sense can keep it on! And, sweetest, fairest,
As I my poor self did exchange for you,
To your so infinite loss, so in our trifles
120
I still win of you; for my sake wear this;
It is a manacle of love; I'll place it
Upon this fairest prisoner.

[Putting a bracelet on her arm.]
O the gods!

Imo.
When shall we see again?

Enter Cymbeline and Lords.

Post. Alack! the king! 124 Cym. Thou basest thing, avoid! hence, from my sight!

If after this command thou fraught the court With thy unworthiness, thou diest. Away! Thou 'rt poison to my blood.

Post. [To Imogen] The gods protect you 128

And bless the good remainders of the court!

I am gone.

Exit.

Imo. There cannot be a pinch in death

More sharp than this is.

Cym. O disloyal thing,
That shouldst repair my youth, thou heap'st A year's age on me.

Imo. I beseech you, sir,
Harm not yourself with your vexation;
I am senseless of your wrath; a touch more rare
Subdues all pangs, all fears.

Cym. Past grace? obedience? 136 Imo. Past hope, and in despair; that way, past grace.

124 see: meet 125 avoid: depart

126 fraught: burden (as of a ship) 129 remainders: those who remain

¹³⁵ a touch more rare: a more precious emotion

Cym. That mightst have had the sole son of my queen!

Imo. O bless'd, that I might not! I chose an eagle And did avoid a puttock.

Cym. Thou took'st a beggar; wouldst have made my throne

A seat for baseness.

Imo. No; I rather added

A lustre to it.

Cym. O thou vile one!

Imo. Sir,

It is your fault that I have lov'd Posthumus:
You bred him as my playfellow, and he is
A man worth any woman, overbuys me

Almost the sum he pays.

Cym. What! art thou mad? Imo. Almost, sir; heaven restore me! Would I

were 148

A neat-herd's daughter, and my Leonatus Our neighbour shepherd's son!

Cym. Thou foolish thing!

Enter Queen.

They were again together: you have done
Not after our command. Away with her,
And pen her up.

Queen. Beseech your patience. Peace! Dear lady daughter, peace! Sweet sovereign, Leave us to ourselves, and make yourself some comfort Out of your best advice.

Cym. Nay, let her languish, 156 A drop of blood a day; and, being aged,

140 puttock: kite 146, 147 overbuys me . . . pays; cf. n. 149 neat-herd's: cowherd's 156 advice: consideration

Die of this folly!

Queen.

Exit [Cymbeline with Lords]. Fie! you must give way.

Enter Pisanio.

Here is your servant. How now, sir! What news?

Pis. My lord your son drew on my master.

Queen. Ha! 160

No harm, I trust, is done?

Pis. There might have been, But that my master rather play'd than fought, And had no help of anger; they were parted By gentlemen at hand.

Queen. I am very glad on 't. 164 Imo. Your son's my father's friend; he takes his part.

To draw upon an exile! O brave sir!
I would they were in Afric both together,
Myself by with a needle, that I might prick
The goer-back. Why came you from your master?

Pis. On his command: he would not suffer me
To bring him to the haven; left these notes
Of what commands I should be subject to,
When 't pleas'd you to employ me.

Queen. This hath been Your faithful servant; I dare lay mine honour He will remain so.

Pis. I humbly thank your highness. Queen. Pray, walk awhile.

Imo. [To Pisanio.] About some half-hour hence, 176 I pray you, speak with me. You shall at least Go see my lord aboard; for this time leave me.

Exeunt.

Scene Two

[The Same]

Enter Cloten and two Lords.

1. Lord. Sir, I would advise you to shift a shirt; the violence of action hath made you reek as a sacrifice. Where air comes out, air comes in; there's none abroad so wholesome as that 4 you vent.

Clo. If my shirt were bloody, then to shift it. Have I hurt him?

- 2. Lord. [Aside.] No faith; not so much as 8 his patience.
- 1. Lord. Hurt him! his body's a passable carcass if he be not hurt; it is a throughfare for steel if it be not hurt.
- 2. Lord. [Aside.] His steel was in debt; it went o' the backside the town.

Clo. The villain would not stand me.

- 2. Lord. [Aside.] No; but he fled forward 16 still, toward your face.
- 1. Lord. Stand you! You have land enough of your own; but he added to your having, gave you some ground.
- 2. Lord. [Aside.] As many inches as you have oceans. Puppies!

Clo. I would they had not come between us.

2. Lord. [Aside.] So would I; till you had measured how long a fool you were upon the ground.

¹ shift: change 10 passable: affording passage 13, 14 Cf. n.

Clo. And that she should love this fellow and 28 refuse me!

2. Lord. [Aside.] If it be a sin to make a true election, she is damned.

- 1. Lord. Sir, as I told you always, her 32 beauty and her brain go not together: she's a good sign, but I have seen small reflection of her wit.
- 2. Lord. [Aside.] She shines not upon fools, 36 lest the reflection should hurt her.

Clo. Come, I'll to my chamber. Would there had been some hurt done!

2. Lord. [Aside.] I wish not so; unless it 40 had been the fall of an ass, which is no great hurt.

Clo. You'll go with us?

1. Lord. I'll attend your lordship.

Clo. Nay, come, let's go together.

2. Lord. Well, my lord.

Exeunt.

44

Scene Three

[The Same]

Enter Imogen and Pisanio.

Imo. I would thou grew'st unto the shores of the haven,

And question'dst every sail: if he should write, And I not have it, 'twere a paper lost, As offer'd mercy is. What was the last

That he spake to thee?

Pis. It was his queen, his queen!

34 a good sign: fair to look at 4 As offer'd mercy is; cf. n 36, 37 Cf. n.

4

Imo. Then wav'd his handkerchief?

Pis.

And kiss'd it, madam.

Imo. Senseless linen, happier therein than I!

And that was all?

Pis. No, madam; for so long 8

As he could make me with this eye or ear

Distinguish him from others, he did keep

The deck, with glove, or hat, or handkerchief,

Still waving, as the fits and stirs of 's mind 12

Could best express how slow his soul sail'd on,

How swift his ship.

Imo. Thou shouldst have made him

As little as a crow, or less, ere left To after-eye him.

Pis. Madam, so I did. 16

Imo. I would have broke mine eye-strings, crack'd them, but

To look upon him, till the diminution
Of space had pointed him sharp as my needle,
Nay, follow'd him till he had melted from
The smallness of a gnat to air, and then
Have turn'd mine eye, and wept. But, good Pisanio,
When shall we hear from him?

Pis. Be assur'd, madam, With his next vantage. 24

With his next vantage.

Imo. I did not take my leave of him, but had

Most pretty things to say; ere I could tell him

How I would think on him at certain hours

Such thoughts and such, or I could make him swear 28

The shes of Italy should not betray

Mine interest and his honour, or have charg'd him,

At the sixth hour of morn, at moon, at midnight,

15 left: ceased
16 after-eye: gaze after
17 Cf. n. 18, 19 diminution . . . space: diminution due to space
24 vantage: opportunity

To encounter me with orisons, for then
I am in heaven for him; or ere I could
Give him that parting kiss which I had set
Betwixt two charming words, comes in my father,
And like the tyrannous breathing of the north
Shakes all our buds from growing.

Enter a Lady.

Lady. The queen, madam,
Desires your highness' company.

Imo. Those things I bid you do, get them dispatch'd.
I will attend the queen.

Pis. Madam, I shall. Exeunt.

Scene Four

[Rome. A Room in Philario's House]

Enter Philario, Iachimo, a Frenchman, a Dutchman, and a Spaniard.

Iach. Believe it, sir, I have seen him in Britain; he was then of a crescent note, expected to prove so worthy as since he hath been allowed the name of; but I could then have 4 looked on him without the help of admiration, though the catalogue of his endowments had been tabled by his side and I to peruse him by items.

Phi. You speak of him when he was less furnished than now he is with that which makes him both without and within.

32 encounter: meet orisons: prayers 34-37 Cf. n. 35 charming: having in them a charm to preserve him

² crescent note: growing reputation
5 admiration: wonder
7 tabled: set down in a list
10 furnished: equipped makes: establishes

French. I have seen him in France: we had 12 very many there could behold the sun with as firm eyes as he.

Iach. This matter of marrying his king's daughter,-wherein he must be weighed rather 16 by her value than his own, -words him, I doubt not, a great deal from the matter.

French. And then, his banishment.

Iach. Ay, and the approbation of those that 20 weep this lamentable divorce under her colours are wonderfully to extend him; be it but to fortify her judgment, which else an easy battery might lay flat, for taking a beggar without less 24 quality. But how comes it, he is to sojourn with you? How creeps acquaintance?

Phi. His father and I were soldiers together; to whom I have been often bound for no less 28 than my life. Here comes the Briton: let him be so entertained amongst you as suits, with gentlemen of your knowing, to a stranger of his quality. 32

Enter Posthumus.

I beseech you all, be better known to this gentleman, whom I commend to you, as a noble friend of mine; how worthy he is I will leave to appear hereafter, rather than story him in his own 36 hearing.

French. Sir, we have known together in Orleans.

Post. Since when I have been debtor to you 46

^{13, 14} Cf. n.

17, 18 words him . . . matter; cf. n.
20-22 the approbation . . . extend him; cf. n.
24, 25 without less quality: with so little rank
30 suits: accords
31 knowing: experience
36 story: tell the story of

³⁸ known together: known each other

for courtesies, which I will be ever to pay and vet pay still.

French. Sir, you o'er-rate my poor kindness. I was glad I did atone my countryman and you; 44 it had been pity vou should have been put together with so mortal a purpose as then each bore, upon importance of so slight and trivial a nature. 48

Post. By your pardon, sir, I was then a young traveller; rather shunned to go even with what I heard than in my every action to be guided by others' experiences; but, upon my mended judg- 52 ment,-if I offend not to say it is mended,-my quarrel was not altogether slight.

French. Faith, yes, to be put to the arbitrement of swords, and by such two that would by 58 all likelihood have confounded one the other, or have fallen both.

Iach. Can we, with manners, ask what was the difference? 60

French. Safely, I think. 'Twas a contention in public, which may, without contradiction, suffer the report. It was much like an argument that fell out last night, where each of us fell 64 in praise of our country mistresses; this gentleman at that time vouching-and upon warrant of bloody affirmation—his to be more fair, virtuous, wise, chaste, constant-qualified, and less 68 attemptable, than any the rarest of our ladies in France.

⁴¹ ever to pay: ever under obligation to pay obligation to pay 44 atone: reconcile 50-52 rather . . . experiences; cf. n. 62, 63 which . . . report; cf. n.

^{66, 67} upon . . . affirmation; cf. n.
68 constant-qualified: endowed with constancy 69 attemptable: liable to seduction

Iach. That lady is not now living, or this gentleman's opinion by this worn out.

Post. She holds her virtue still and I my

mind.

Iach. You must not so far prefer her 'fore ours of Italy.

Post. Being so far provoked as I was in France, I would abate her nothing, though I

profess myself her adorer, not her friend.

Iach. As fair and as good—a kind of hand-80 in-hand comparison—had been something too fair and too good for any lady in Britain. If she went before others I have seen, as that diamond of yours outlustres many I have beheld, I could 84 not but believe she excelled many; but I have not seen the most precious diamond that is, nor you the lady.

Post. I praised her as I rated her; so do I 88

my stone.

Iach. What do you esteem it at?

Post. More than the world enjoys.

Iach. Either your unparagoned mistress is 92

dead, or she's outprized by a trifle.

Post. You are mistaken; the one may be sold, or given; or if there were wealth enough for the purchase, or merit for the gift; the other 96 is not a thing for sale, and only the gift of the gods.

Iach. Which the gods have given you?

Post. Which, by their graces, I will keep. 100

Iach. You may wear her in title yours, but, you know, strange fowl light upon neighbouring

⁷⁸ abate: depreciate 88 rated her: estimated her value 95, 96 or . . . or: either . . . or

⁸⁰ hand-in-hand: equal 91 enjoys: possesses

ponds. Your ring may be stolen, too; so your brace of unprizeable estimations, the one is but 104 frail and the other casual; a cunning thief, or a that way accomplished courtier, would hazard the winning both of first and last.

Post. Your Italy contains none so accom- 108 plished a courtier to convince the honour of my mistress, if, in the holding or loss of that, you term her frail. I do nothing doubt you have store of thieves; notwithstanding I fear not my 112 ring.

Phi. Let us leave here, gentlemen.

Post. Sir, with all my heart. This worthy signior, I thank him, makes no stranger of me; 116 we are familiar at first.

Iach. With five times so much conversation I should get ground of your fair mistress, make her go back, even to the yielding, had I admit- 120 tance and opportunity to friend.

Post. No. no.

Iach. I dare thereupon pawn the moiety of my estate to your ring, which, in my opinion, 124 o'ervalues it something; but I make my wager rather against your confidence than her reputation; and, to bar your offence herein too, I durst attempt it against any lady in the world. 128

Post. You are a great deal abused in too bold a persuasion; and I doubt not you sustain what you're worthy of by your attempt.

Iach. What's that?

132

104 brace: bair 109 convince: conquer 105 casual: subject to chance 112 fear not: fear not for

109 Convince: tongues 114 leave here: stop at this point 117 familiar at first: friends from the beginning 123 moiety: half 129 abused: deceived 130 persuasion; belief

Post. A repulse; though your attempt, as you call it, deserves more,—a punishment too.

Phi. Gentlemen, enough of this; it came in too suddenly; let it die as it was born, and, I 136 pray you, be better acquainted.

Iach. Would I had put my estate and my neighbour's on the approbation of what I have spoke!

Post. What lady would you choose to assail? Iach. Yours; whom in constancy you think stands so safe. I will lay you ten thousand ducats to your ring, that, commend me to the 144 court where your lady is, with no more advantage than the opportunity of a second conference, and I will bring from thence that honour of hers which you imagine so reserved. 148

Post. I will wage, against your gold, gold to it: my ring I hold dear as my finger; 'tis part of it.

Iach. You are a friend, and therein the wiser. If you buy ladies' flesh at a million a dram, you 152 cannot preserve it from tainting. But I see you have some religion in you, that you fear.

Post. This is but a custom in your tongue; you bear a graver purpose, I hope.

Iach. I am the master of my speeches, and would undergo what's spoken, I swear.

Post. Will you? I shall but lend my diamond till your return. Let there be covenants drawn 160 between 's: my mistress exceeds in goodness the hugeness of your unworthy thinking; I dare you to this match. Here's my ring.

Phi. I will have it no lay.

164

¹³⁹ approbation: confirmation
149 wage: wager
151 a friend; cf. n.
155 custom . . . tongue: manner of speech
158 undergo: maintain
164 lay: wager

Iach. By the gods, it is one. If I bring you no sufficient testimony that I have enjoyed the dearest bodily part of your mistress, my ten thousand ducats are yours; so is your diamond 168 too: if I come off, and leave her in such honour as you have trust in, she your jewel, this your jewel, and my gold are yours; provided I have your commendation for my more free entertain-172 ment.

Post. I embrace these conditions; let us have articles betwixt us. Only, thus far you shall answer: if you make your voyage upon 176 her and give me directly to understand you have prevail'd, I am no further your enemy; she is not worth our debate: if she remain unseduced,—you not making it appear otherwise,—180 for your ill opinion, and the assault you have made to her chastity, you shall answer me with your sword.

Iach. Your hand; a covenant. We will have 184 these things set down by lawful counsel, and straight away for Britain, lest the bargain should catch cold and starve. I will fetch my gold and have our two wagers recorded.

Post. Agreed.

[Exeunt Posthumus and Iachimo.]

French. Will this hold, think you?

Phi. Signior Iachimo will not from it. Pray, let us follow 'em. Exeunt. 192

171-173 provided . . . entertainment; cf. n.
175 articles: written agreements
187 starve: die of cold

Scene Five

[Britain. Cymbeline's Palace]

Enter Queen, Ladies, and Cornelius.

Queen. Whiles yet the dew's on ground, gather those flowers:

Make haste; who has the note of them?

1. Lady. I, madam. Queen. Dispatch. Exeunt Ladies.

Now, Master doctor, have you brought those drugs? 4

Cor. Pleaseth your highness, ay; here they are,
madam:

[Presenting a small box.]

But I beseech your Grace, without offence,— My conscience bids me ask,—wherefore you have Commanded of me these most poisonous compounds, 8 Which are the movers of a languishing death, But though slow, deadly?

Queen. I wonder, doctor, Thou ask'st me such a question: have I not been Thy pupil long? Hast thou not learn'd me how 12 To make perfumes? distil? preserve? yea, so That our great king himself doth woo me oft For my confections? Having thus far proceeded,-Unless thou think'st me devilish,—is 't not meet That I did amplify my judgment in Other conclusions? I will try the forces Of these thy compounds on such creatures as We count not worth the hanging,-but none human,-To try the vigour of them and apply 21 Allayments to their act, and by them gather

Cor. Your highness

Their several virtues and effects.

Shall from this practice but make hard your heart; 24 Besides, the seeing these effects will be Both noisome and infectious.

Queen. O! content thee.

Enter Pisanio.

[Aside.] Here comes a flattering rascal; upon him
Will I first work: he's for his master,
And enemy to my son. How now, Pisanio!
Doctor, your service for this time is ended;
Take your own way.

Cor. [Aside.] I do suspect you, madam; But you shall do no harm.

Queen. [To Pisanio.] Hark thee, a word. 32 Cor. [Aside.] I do not like her. She doth think she

Strange lingering poisons; I do know her spirit,
And will not trust one of her malice with
A drug of such damn'd nature. Those she has
Will stupefy and dull the sense awhile;
Which first, perchance, she'll prove on cats and dogs,
Then afterward up higher; but there is
No danger in what show of death it makes,
More than the locking-up the spirits a time,
To be more fresh, reviving. She is fool'd
With a most false effect; and I the truer,

So to be false with her.

Queen. No further service, doctor, 44*

Cor. I humbly take my leave. Exit. Queen. Weeps she still, sayst thou? Dost thou think in time

26 content thee: do not worry 40 show: appearance

Until I send for thee.

38 prove: test
43 effect: outward manifestation

| She will not quench, and let instructions enter | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Where folly now possesses? Do thou work: 48 | | | | | | | | |
| When thou shalt bring me word she loves my son, | | | | | | | | |
| I'll tell thee on the instant thou art then | | | | | | | | |
| As great as is thy master; greater, for | | | | | | | | |
| His fortunes all lie speechless, and his name 52 | | | | | | | | |
| Is at last gasp; return he cannot, nor | | | | | | | | |
| Continue where he is; to shift his being | | | | | | | | |
| Is to exchange one misery with another, | | | | | | | | |
| And every day that comes comes to decay 56 | | | | | | | | |
| A day's work in him. What shalt thou expect, | | | | | | | | |
| To be depender on a thing that leans, | | | | | | | | |
| Who cannot be new built, nor has no friends, | | | | | | | | |
| So much as but to prop him? | | | | | | | | |
| [The Queen drops the box; Pisanio takes it up.] | | | | | | | | |
| Thou tak'st up 60 | | | | | | | | |
| Thou know'st not what; but take it for thy labour: | | | | | | | | |
| It is a thing I made, which hath the king | | | | | | | | |
| Five times redeem'd from death; I do not know | | | | | | | | |
| What is more cordial: nay, I prithee, take it; 64 | | | | | | | | |
| It is an earnest of a further good | | | | | | | | |
| That I mean to thee. Tell thy mistress how | | | | | | | | |
| The case stands with her; do 't as from thyself. | | | | | | | | |
| Think what a change thou chancest on, but think 68 | | | | | | | | |
| Thou hast thy mistress still, to boot, my son, | | | | | | | | |
| Who shall take notice of thee. I'll move the king | | | | | | | | |
| To any shape of thy preferment such | | | | | | | | |
| As thou'lt desire; and then myself, I chiefly, 72 | | | | | | | | |
| That set thee on to this desert, am bound | | | | | | | | |
| To load thy merit richly. Call my women; | | | | | | | | |
| Think on my words. Exit Pisanio. | | | | | | | | |
| A sly and constant knave, | | | | | | | | |
| 47 quench: cool down 54 shift being: change abode 56 decay: destroy 58 Cf. n. 64 cordial: reviving 65 earnest: first payment to bind a bargain 69 to boot: in addition | | | | | | | | |

Not to be shak'd; the agent for his master,
And the remembrancer of her to hold
The hand-fast to her lord. I have given him that
Which, if he take, shall quite unpeople her
Of liegers for her sweet, and which she after,
Except she bend her humour, shall be assur'd
To taste of too.

Enter Pisanio and Ladies.

So, so;—well done, well done.

The violets, cowslips, and the primroses

Bear to my closet. Fare thee well, Pisanio:

84

Think on my words.

Exeunt Queen and Ladies.

Pis. And shall do:
But when to my good lord I prove untrue,
I'll choke myself; there's all I'll do for you. Exit.

Scene Six

[The Same]

Enter Imogen alone.

Imo. A father cruel, and a step-dame false;
A foolish suitor to a wedded lady,
That hath her husband banish'd: O! that husband,
My supreme crown of grief! and those repeated
Vexations of it! Had I been thief-stol'n,
As my two brothers, happy! but most miserable
Is the desire that's glorious: bless'd be those,
How mean so'er, that have their honest wills,
Which seasons comfort. Who may this be? Fie!

⁷⁷ remembrancer: reminder 78 hand-fast: marriage contract 80 liegers: ambassadors sweet: lover

⁸¹ bend her humour: change her inclination 6-9 most miserable . . . comfort; cf. n.

20

28

Enter Pisanio and Iachimo.

Pis. Madam, a noble gentleman of Rome, Comes from my lord with letters.

Iach. Change you, madam? The worthy Leonatus is in safety, 12 And greets your highness dearly.

[Presents a letter.] Thanks, good sir. Imo.

You are kindly welcome.

Iach. [Aside.] All of her that is out of door most rich!

If she be furnish'd with a mind so rare, 16 She is alone the Arabian bird, and I Have lost the wager. Boldness be my friend!

Arm me, audacity, from head to foot! Or, like the Parthian, I shall flying fight;

Rather, directly fly.

Imo. reads: 'He is one of the noblest note, to whose kindnesses I am most infinitely tied. Reflect upon him accordingly, as you value your trust. LEONATUS.

So far I read aloud;

But even the very middle of my heart Is warm'd by the rest, and takes it thankfully.

You are as welcome, worthy sir, as I

Have words to bid you; and shall find it so In all that I can do.

Thanks, fairest lady. Iach. What! are men mad? Hath nature given them eyes 32 To see this vaulted arch, and the rich crop

20 Parthian; cf. n.

¹¹ Change you: do you change color? 15 out of door: outwardly visible 17 alone: without rival Arabian Arabian bird: phanix

Of sea and land, which can distinguish 'twixt The fiery orbs above and the twinn'd stones Upon the number'd beach? and can we not 36 Partition make with spectacles so precious 'Twixt fair and foul? What makes your admiration? Imo.Iach. It cannot be i' the eye, for apes and monkeys 'Twixt two such shes would chatter this way and Contemn with mows the other; nor i' the judgment, For idiots in this case of favour would Be wisely definite: nor i' the appetite,-Sluttery to such neat excellence oppos'd 44 Should make desire vomit emptiness, Not so allur'd to feed. Imo. What is the matter, trow? The cloyed will,-Iach. That satiate yet unsatisfied desire, that tub 48 Both fill'd and running,—ravening first the lamb, Longs after for the garbage.

Imo. What, dear sir,

Thus raps you? are you well?

Iach. Thanks, madam, well.
[To Pisanio.] Beseech you, sir,
Desire my man's abode where I did leave him;

He's strange and peevish.

I was going, sir,

To give him welcome.

**Imo. Continues well my lord? His health, beseech you?

56

Iach. Well, madam.

34-38 which . . . foul; cf. n.
41 mows: grimaces
42 favour: beauty
43 definite: free from hesitation
44-46 Cf. n.

54 strange: a stranger

Pis.

⁴⁷ trow: I wonder 49 ravening: ravenously devouring 50 after: afterwards 51 raps: transports

⁵³ Desire . . . abode: ask my man to remain

Imo. Is he dispos'd to mirth? I hope he is. Iach. Exceeding pleasant; none a stranger there So merry and so gamesome: he is called 60 The Briton reveller. Imo.When he was here He did incline to sadness, and oft-times Not knowing why. Iach. I never saw him sad. There is a Frenchman his companion, one, 64 An eminent monsieur, that, it seems, much loves A Gallian girl at home; he furnaces The thick sighs from him, whiles the jolly Briton-Your lord, I mean-laughs from's free lungs, cries, 01 Can my sides hold, to think that man, who knows By history, report, or his own proof, What woman is, yea, what she cannot choose But must be, will his free hours languish for 72 Assured bondage?' Will my lord say so? Imo.Iach. Ay, madam, with his eyes in flood with laughter: It is a recreation to be by And hear him mock the Frenchman; but, heavens know. 76 Some men are much to blame. Not he, I hope. Imo.Iach. Not he; but yet heaven's bounty towards him

might
Be us'd more thankfully. In himself, 'tis much;
In you,—which I account his beyond all talents,—
Whilst I am bound to wonder, I am bound

⁶² sadness: seriousness 66 furnaces: exhales as from a furnace 79 'tis much: i.e. heaven's bounty is great

⁶³ sad: serious 70 proof: experience 80 talents: treasures

| To pity too. | |
|---|-------|
| Imo. What do you pity, sir? | |
| Iach. Two creatures, heartily. | |
| Imo. Am I one, sir? | |
| You look on me: what wrack discern you in me | 84 |
| Deserves your pity? | |
| Iach. Lamentable! What! | |
| To hide me from the radiant sun and solace | |
| I' the dungeon by a snuff! | |
| Imo. I pray you, sir, | |
| Deliver with more openness your answers | 88 |
| To my demands. Why do you pity me? | |
| Iach. That others do, | |
| I was about to say, enjoy your—But | |
| It is an office of the gods to venge it, | 92 |
| Not mine to speak on 't. | |
| Imo. You do seem to know | |
| Something of me, or what concerns me; pray you,- | _ |
| Since doubting things go ill often hurts more | |
| Than to be sure they do; for certainties | 96 |
| Either are past remedies, or, timely knowing, | |
| The remedy then born,—discover to me | |
| What both you spur and stop. | |
| Iach. Had I this cheek | |
| To bathe my lips upon; this hand, whose touch, | 100 |
| Whose every touch, would force the feeler's soul | |
| To the oath of loyalty; this object, which | |
| Takes prisoner the wild motion of mine eye, | |
| Firing it only here; should I—damn'd then— | 104 |
| Slaver with lips as common as the stairs | |
| That mount the Capitol; join gripes with hands | |
| 84 wrack: ruin 86 to hide me: to hide or | |
| 87 snuff: candle 97, 98 timely knowing born; cf. n. 98 discover: r | eveal |
| 103, 104 Takes prisoner here; cf. n. 103 motion: pa | 5510% |

128

| Made hard with hourly falsehood, -falsehood, as | |
|---|-----|
| XX7*13 X 1 .7 1 | 108 |
| Base and illustrous as the smoky light | |
| That's fed with stinking tallow; it were fit | |
| That all the plagues of hell should at one time | |
| Encounter such revolt. | |
| Imo. My lord, I fear, | 112 |
| Has forgot Britain. | |
| Iach. And himself. Not I, | |
| Inclin'd to this intelligence, pronounce | |
| The beggary of his change; but 'tis your graces | |
| FFIL | 116 |
| Charms this report out. | |
| Imo. Let me hear no more. | |
| Iach. O dearest soul! your cause doth strike my hea | ırt |
| With pity, that doth make me sick. A lady | |
| So fair,—and fasten'd to an empery | 120 |
| Would make the great'st king double,-to be partner | 'd |
| With tom-boys hir'd with that self exhibition | |

Would make the great'st king double,—to be partner'd With tom-boys hir'd with that self exhibition Which your own coffers yield! with diseas'd ventures That play with all infirmities for gold

Which rottenness can lend nature! such boil'd stuff As well might poison poison! Be reveng'd;

Or she that bore you was no queen, and you

Recoil from your great stock.

Imo. Reveng'd!
How should I be reveng'd? If this be true,—
As I have such a heart, that both mine ears
Must not in haste abuse,—if it be true,

108 by-peeping: looking sidelong 109 illustrous: without lustre 112 Encounter such revolt: meet such apostasy

113-117 Not I . . . out; cf. n. 120 empery: empire
121 Would . . . double: which would double the greatest king's domain partner'd: associated

self: same exhibition:

122 tom-boys: wanton women self: same exhibition:
allowance
123 ventures: chance mistresses
125 boil'd stuff: women who have been in the sweating tubs for venereal disease
128 Recoil: fall aver-

| How should I be reveng'd? | |
|--|-------|
| Iach. Should he make me | 132 |
| Live like Diana's priest, betwixt cold sheets, | |
| Whiles he is vaulting variable ramps, | |
| In your despite, upon your purse? Revenge it. | |
| I dedicate myself to your sweet pleasure, | 136 |
| More noble than that runagate to your bed, | |
| And will continue fast to your affection, | |
| Still close as sure. | |
| Imo. What ho, Pisanio! | |
| Iach. Let me my service tender on your lips. | 140 |
| Imo. Away! I do condemn mine ears that have | |
| So long attended thee. If thou wert honourable, | |
| Thou wouldst have told this tale for virtue, not | |
| For such an end thou seek'st; as base as strange. | 144 |
| Thou wrong'st a gentleman, who is as far | |
| From thy report as thou from honour, and | |
| Solicit'st here a lady that disdains | |
| Thee and the devil alike. What ho, Pisanio! | 148 |
| The king my father shall be made acquainted | |
| Of thy assault; if he shall think it fit, | |
| A saucy stranger in his court to mart | |
| As in a Romish stew and to expound | 152 |
| His beastly mind to us, he hath a court | |
| He little cares for and a daughter who | |
| He not respects at all. What ho, Pisanio! | |
| Iach. O happy Leonatus! I may say. | 156 |
| The credit that thy lady hath of thee | |
| Deserves thy trust, and thy most perfect goodness | |
| Her assur'd credit. Blessed live you long! | |
| A lady to the worthiest sir that ever | 160 |
| 134 ramps: harlots 135 In your despite: in scorn o | f you |
| 137 runagate: renegade 139 Still sure: always as secretly as faithfully 142 attended: listended to 151 saucy: lascivious mart: 152 stew: brothel 157 credit of: confidence | |

Country call'd his; and you his mistress, only
For the most worthiest fit. Give me your pardon.
I have spoken this, to know if your affiance
Were deeply rooted, and shall make your lord
That which he is, new o'er; and he is one
The truest manner'd; such a holy witch
That he enchants societies into him;
Half all men's hearts are his.

Imo. You make amends. 168

Iach. He sits 'mongst men like a descended god:
He hath a kind of honour sets him off,
More than a mortal seeming. Be not angry,
Most mighty princess, that I have adventur'd
To try your taking of a false report; which hath
Honour'd with confirmation your great judgment
In the election of a sir so rare,
Which you know cannot err. The love I bear him
Made me to fan you thus; but the gods made you,
Unlike all others, chaffless. Pray, your pardon.

Imo. All's well, sir. Take my power i' the court for

yours.

Iach. My humble thanks. I had almost forgot

To entreat your Grace but in a small request,
And yet of moment too, for it concerns

Your lord, myself, and other noble friends,
Are partners in the business.

Imo. Pray, what is 't? 184

Iach. Some dozen Romans of us and your lord,
The best feather of our wing, have mingled sums
To buy a present for the emperor;
Which I, the factor for the rest, have done
188
In France; 'tis plate of rare device, and jewels

¹⁶³ affiance: confidence 166 truest manner'd: of the soundest morals 167 into: unto 184 Are: who are

Of rich and exquisite form; their values great; And I am something curious, being strange, To have them in safe stowage. May it please you 192 To take them in protection?

Imo. Willingly;
And pawn mine honour for their safety: since
My lord hath interest in them, I will keep them

In my bedchamber.

Iach. They are in a trunk,
Attended by my men; I will make bold
To send them to you, only for this night;
I must aboard to-morrow.

Imo. O! no, no.

Iach. Yes, I beseech, or I shall short my word
By lengthening my return. From Gallia
I cross'd the seas on purpose and on promise
To see your Grace.

Imo. I thank you for your pains;

But not away to-morrow!

Iach. O! I must, madam: 204

Therefore I shall beseech you, if you please To greet your lord with writing, do't to-night: I have outstood my time, which is material To the tender of our present.

Ima

Imo. I will write. 208
Send your trunk to me; it shall safe be kept,
And truly yielded you. You're very welcome.

Exeunt.

196

191 curious: anxious 207 outstood: outstayed 208 tender: presentation

material: important

ACT SECOND

Scene One

[Britain. Cymbeline's Palace]

Enter Cloten and two Lords.

Clo. Was there ever man had such luck! when I kissed the jack, upon an up-cast to be hit away! I had a hundred pound on 't; and then a whoreson jackanapes must take me up 4 for swearing, as if I borrowed mine oaths of him and might not spend them at my pleasure.

1. Lord. What got he by that? You have broke his pate with your bowl.

2. Lord. [Aside.] If his wit had been like him that broke it, it would have run all out.

Clo. When a gentleman is disposed to swear, it is not for any standers-by to curtail his 12 oaths, ha?

2. Lord. No, my lord; [Aside.] nor crop the ears of them.

Clo. Whoreson dog! I give him satisfaction! 18 Would he had been one of my rank!

2. Lord. [Aside.] To have smelt like a fool.

Clo. I am not vexed more at anything in the 20 earth. A pox on 't! I had rather not be so noble as I am. They dare not fight with me because of the queen my mother. Every Jack-slave hath his bellyful of fighting, and I must go 24 up and down like a cock that nobody can match.

^{2, 3} when . . . away; cf. n.
4 whoreson jackanapes: rascally coxcomb
12, 14 curtail, crop; cf. n.

2. Lord. [Aside.] You are cock and capon too; and you crow, cock, with your comb on.

Clo. Sayest thou?

28

2. Lord. It is not fit your lordship should undertake every companion that you give offence to.

Clo. No, I know that; but it is fit I should 32 commit offence to my inferiors.

2. Lord. Ay, it is fit for your lordship only.

Clo. Why, so I say.

36

1. Lord. Did you hear of a stranger that's come to court to-night?

Clo. A stranger, and I not know on 't!

- 2. Lord. [Aside.] He's a strange fellow him-40 self, and knows it not.
- 1. Lord. There's an Italian come; and 'tis thought, one of Leonatus' friends.

Clo. Leonatus! a banished rascal; and he's 44 another, whatsoever he be. Who told you of this stranger?

1. Lord. One of your lordship's pages.

Clo. Is it fit I went to look upon him? Is 48 there no derogation in 't?

1. Lord. You cannot derogate, my lord.

Clo. Not easily, I think.

2. Lord. [Aside.] You are a fool, granted; 52 therefore your issues, being foolish, do not derogate.

Clo. Come, I'll go see this Italian. What

^{26, 27} capon . . . comb on; cf. n. 30 undertake: give satisfaction to

³⁰ undertake: give satisfaction to companion: rascal 49 derogation: disparagement

^{50, 54} derogate: do anything derogatory to rank or position, and (quibblingly) degenerate
53 issues: acts, (quibblingly) offspring

I have lost to-day at bowls I'll win to-night of 50 him. Come, go.

2. Lord. I'll attend your lordship.

Exit [Cloten].

That such a crafty devil as is his mother Should yield the world this ass! a woman that 60 Bears all down with her brain, and this her son Cannot take two from twenty for his heart And leave eighteen. Alas! poor princess, Thou divine Imogen, what thou endur'st 64 Betwixt a father by thy step-dame govern'd, A mother hourly coining plots, a wooer More hateful than the foul expulsion is Of thy dear husband, than that horrid act 68 Of the divorce he'd make. The heavens hold firm The walls of thy dear honour; keep unshak'd That temple, thy fair mind; that thou mayst stand, To enjoy thy banish'd lord and this great land! Exeunt [Lords].

Scene Two

[A Bedchamber; in one part of it a Trunk]

Imogen [reading] in her bed; a Lady [attending].

Imo. Who's there? my woman Helen?

Lady. Please you, madam.

Imo. What hour is it?

Lady. Almost midnight, madam.

Imo. I have read three hours then; mine eyes are weak:

Fold down the leaf where I have left; to bed:

Take not away the taper, leave it burning,

⁶² for his heart: to save his life 69 he: i.e. Cloten

And if thou canst awake by four o' the clock, I prithee, call me. Sleep has seized me wholly. [Exit Lady.] To your protection I commend me, gods! 8 From fairies and the tempters of the night Guard me, beseech ye! Sleeps. Iachimo [comes] from the trunk. Iach. The crickets sing, and man's o'er-labour'd sense Repairs itself by rest. Our Tarquin thus 12 Did softly press the rushes ere he waken'd The chastity he wounded. Cytherea! How bravely thou becom'st thy bed, fresh lily, And whiter than the sheets! That I might touch! 16 But kiss: one kiss! Rubies unparagon'd, How dearly they do 't! 'Tis her breathing that Perfumes the chamber thus; the flame of the taper Bows toward her, and would under-peep her lids, 20 To see the enclosed lights, now canopied Under these windows, white and azure lac'd With blue of heaven's own tinct. But my design, To note the chamber: I will write all down: 24 Such and such pictures; there the window; such Th' adornment of her bed; the arras, figures, Why, such and such; and the contents o' the story. Ah! but some natural notes about her body, 28 Above ten thousand meaner moveables Would testify, to enrich mine inventory. O sleep! thou ape of death, lie dull upon her; And be her sense but as a monument 32

¹² Our Tarquin; cf. n.
14 Cytherea: Venus
17, 18 But kiss . . . do't; cf. n.
22 windows: eyelids
23 tinct: color
26 arras: wall-tapestry
27 contents o' the story; cf. n.

³² sense: perception monument: effigy

Thus in a chapel lying. Come off, come off;—

[Taking off her bracelet.]

As slippery as the Gordian knot was hard!
'Tis mine; and this will witness outwardly,
As strongly as the conscience does within,
To the madding of her lord. On her left breast
A mole cinque-spotted, like the crimson drops
I' the bottom of a cowslip: here's a voucher;
Stronger than ever law could make: this secret
40
Will force him think I have pick'd the lock and ta'en
The treasure of her honour. No more. To what end?
Why should I write this down, that's riveted,
Screw'd to my memory? She hath been reading

late
The tale of Tereus; here the leaf's turn'd down
Where Philomel gave up. I have enough:
To the trunk again, and shut the spring of it.
Swift, swift, you dragons of the night, that dawning 48
May bare the raven's eye! I lodge in fear;
Though this a heavenly angel, hell is here.

Clock strikes.

One, two, three: time, time!

Exit [into trunk].

Scene Three

[An Ante-chamber adjoining Imogen's Apartments]

Enter Cloten and Lords.

1. Lord. Your lordship is the most patient man in loss, the most coldest that ever turned up ace.

³⁴ Gordian knot; cf. n. 38 cinque-spotted: having five spots 45 The tale of Tereus; cf. n. 48, 49 that . . . eye; cf. n. 50 this i.e. this's 51 time; cf. n. 2, 3 turned up ace; cf. n.

Clo. It would make any man cold to lose.

1. Lord. But not every man patient after the noble temper of your lordship. You are most hot and furious when you win.

Clo. Winning will put any man into courage. 8 If I could get this foolish Imogen, I should have gold enough. It's almost morning, is 't not?

1. Lord. Day, my lord.

Clo. I would this music would come. I am 12 advised to give her music o' mornings; they say it will penetrate.

Enter Musicians.

Come on; tune. If you can penetrate her with your fingering, so; we'll try with tongue too: 18 if none will do, let her remain; but I'll never give o'er. First, a very excellent good-conceited thing; after, a wonderful sweet air, with admirable rich words to it: and then let her 20 consider.

SONG.

'Hark! hark! the lark at heaven's gate sings,
And Phœbus 'gins arise,
His steeds to water at those springs
On chalic'd flowers that lies;
And winking Mary-buds begin
To ope their golden eyes:
With everything that pretty is,
My lady sweet, arise:

14 penetrate: touch the heart 23 Phœbus: the sun 25 chalic'd: having cup-like blossoms

Mary-buds: buds of marigolds

Arise, arise!'

26 winking: with eyes shut

So, get you gone. If this penetrate, I will consider your music the better; if it do not, it is 32 a vice in her ears, which horse-hairs and calves'-guts, nor the voice of unpaved eunuch to boot, can never amend.

[Exeunt Musicians.]

2. Lord. Here comes the king.

Clo. I am glad I was up so late, for that's the reason I was up so early; he cannot choose but take this service I have done fatherly.

Enter Cymbeline and Queen.

Good morrow to your majesty and to my 40 gracious mother.

Cym. Attend you here the door of our stern daughter?

Will she not forth?

Clo. I have assail'd her with musics, but she 44 vouchsafes no notice.

Cym. The exile of her minion is too new,
She hath not yet forgot him; some more time
Must wear the print of his remembrance out,
And then she's yours.

Queen. You are most bound to the king,
Who lets go by no vantages that may
Prefer you to his daughter. Frame yourself
To orderly soliciting, and be friended
With aptness of the season; make denials
Increase your services; so seem as if
You were inspir'd to do those duties which
You tender to her; that you in all obey her

Save when command to your dismission tends,

^{31, 32} consider: requite
33 horse-hairs: fiddle-bows calves'-guts: fiddle-strings

³⁴ unpaved: unstoned, castrated
46 minion: favorite
49 bound: under obligation
51 Prefer: recommend
Frame: prepare

And therein you are senseless. Clo.

Senseless! not so.

Knacks.

[Enter a Messenger.]

Mess. So like you, sir, ambassadors from Rome; The one is Caius Lucius.

Cym.A worthy fellow, 60 Albeit he comes on angry purpose now; But that's no fault of his: we must receive him According to the honour of his sender; And towards himself, his goodness forespent on us, 64 We must extend our notice. Our dear son, When you have given good morning to your mistress, Attend the queen and us; we shall have need To employ you towards this Roman. Come, our queen.

Exeunt [all but Cloten]. Clo. If she be up, I'll speak with her; if not, Let her lie still, and dream. By your leave, ho! [Knocks.]

I know her women are about her. What If I do line one of their hands? 'Tis gold 72 Which buys admittance; oft it doth; yea, and makes Diana's rangers false themselves, yield up Their deer to the stand o' the stealer: and 'tis gold Which makes the true man kill'd and saves the thief; 76 Nav, sometime hangs both thief and true man. What Can it not do and undo? I will make One of her women lawyer to me, for I yet not understand the case myself. 80

By your leave.

⁵⁸ senseless: incapable of understanding
59 So like you: if it please you
64 his goodness forespent: because of his former goodness

⁷² line: put money into 74 Diana's rangers: forest-rangers of Diana, nymphs 75 stand: station of huntsman waiting for game false: betrav 76 true: honest

Enter a Lady

Lady. Who's there, that knocks?

Clo. A gentleman.

Lady. No more?

Clo. Yes, and a gentlewoman's son.

Lady. [Aside.] That a more

Than some whose tailors are as dear as yours

Can justly boast of. What's your lordship's pleasure?

Clo. Your lady's person: is she ready?

Lady. Ay,

To keep her chamber.

Clo. There's gold for you; sell me your good report.

Lady. How! my good name? or to report of you What I shall think is good?—The princess!

Enter Imogen.

Clo. Good morrow, fairest; sister, your sweet hand.

[Exit Lady.]

Imo. Good morrow, sir. You lay out too much pains 92

For purchasing but trouble; the thanks I give

Is telling you that I am poor of thanks

And scarce can spare them.

Clo. Still, I swear I love you.

Imo. If you but said so, 'twere as deep with me: 96 If you swear still, your recompense is still

That I regard it not.

Clo. This is no answer.

Imo. But that you shall not say I yield being silentI would not speak. I pray you, spare me: faith, 100I shall unfold equal discourtesy

82 No more?: nothing else?
96 'twere as deep: it would make as deep an impression

To your best kindness. One of your great knowing Should learn, being taught, forbearance.

Clo. To leave you in your madness, 'twere my sin:

I will not.

Imo. Fools cure not mad folks.

Clo. Do you call me fool?

Imo. As I am mad, I do:

If you'll be patient, I'll no more be mad;
That cures us both. I am much sorry, sir,
You put me to forget a lady's manners.

By being so verbal; and learn now, for all,

That I, which know my heart, do here pronounce 112

By the very truth of it, I care not for you;

And am so near the lack of charity,-

To accuse myself,—I hate you; which I had rather You felt than make 't my boast.

Clo. You sin against 116
Obedience, which you owe your father. For
The contract you pretend with that base wretch,
One bred of alms and foster'd with cold dishes,
With scraps o' the court, it is no contract, none; 120

And though it be allow'd in meaner parties—

Yet who than he more mean?—to knit their souls—On whom there is no more dependancy

124

128

But brats and beggary—in self-figur'd knot;

Yet you are curb'd from that enlargement by The consequence o' the crown, and must not foil

The precious note of it with a base slave, A hilding for a livery, a squire's cloth,

111 verbal: explicit 123 dependancy: consequence (of marriage)

124 self-figur'd: formed by themselves 125 curb'd: restrained enlargement: liberty

126 consequence: succession foil: pollute
128 hilding: rascal for: fit only for squire's cloth: lackey's
dress

A pantler, not so eminent.

Imo.Profane fellow! Wert thou the son of Jupiter, and no more But what thou art besides, thou wert too base To be his groom; thou wert dignified enough, 132 Even to the point of envy, if 'twere made Comparative for your virtues, to be styl'd The under-hangman of his kingdom, and hated For being preferr'd so well.

The south-fog rot him! 136 Clo.

Imo. He never can meet more mischance than come To be but nam'd of thee. His meanest garment That ever hath but clipp'd his body, is dearer In my respect than all the hairs above thee, 140 Were they all made such men. How now, Písanio!

Enter Pisanio.

Clo. 'His garment!' Now, the devil-Imo. To Dorothy my woman hie thee presently,-Clo. 'His garment!'

I am sprighted with a fool, 144 Imo.Frighted, and anger'd worse. Go, bid my woman Search for a jewel that too casually Hath left mine arm; it was thy master's, 'shrew me If I would lose it for a revenue 148 Of any king's in Europe. I do think I saw 't this morning; confident I am Last night 'twas on mine arm, I kiss'd it; I hope it be not gone to tell my lord 152 That I kiss aught but he.

'Twill not be lost. Pis.

¹²⁹ pantler: pantry servant
132 dignified: given dignits
133, 134 made Comparative for: compared with

¹³⁶ preferr'd: advanced south-fog; cf. n.
139 clipp'd: embraced 144 sp 144 sprighted with: haunted by

Imo. I hope so; go, and search.

[Exit Pisanio.]

You have abus'd me: Clo.

'His meanest garment!'

Ay, I said so, sir: Imo.

If you will make 't an action, call witness to 't. 156

Clo. I will inform your father.

Your mother, too: Ima.

She's my good lady, and will conceive, I hope, But the worst of me. So I leave you, sir,

To the worst of discontent.

Clo. I'll be reveng'd. 160 Exit.

'His meanest garment!'

Scene Fourth

[Rome, Philario's House]

Enter Posthumus and Philario.

Post. Fear it not, sir: I would I were so sure To win the king as I am bold her honour Will remain hers.

Phi. What means do you make to him? Post. Not any, but abide the change of time,

Quake in the present winter's state and wish That warmer days would come; in these fear'd hopes.

I barely gratify your love; they failing, I must die much your debtor.

Phi. Your very goodness and your company O'erpays all I can do. By this, your king Hath heard of great Augustus; Caius Lucius Will do's commission throughly, and I think

156 action: law-suit 3 means: intercession 6-8 in these . . . debtor; cf. n.

2 bold: confident 4 abide: await 12 throughly: thoroughly

8

12

He'll grant the tribute, send the arrearages. Or look upon our Romans, whose remembrance Is yet fresh in their grief.

Post. I do believe-

Statist though I am none, nor like to be-16 That this will prove a war; and you shall hear The legions now in Gallia sooner landed In our not-fearing Britain, than have tidings Of any penny tribute paid. Our countrymen 20 Are men more order'd than when Julius Cæsar Smil'd at their lack of skill, but found their courage Worthy his frowning at: their discipline, Now mingled with their courage, will make known 24 To their approvers they are people such That mend upon the world.

Phi. See! Iachimo!

Enter Iachimo

Post. The swiftest harts have posted you by land, And winds of all the corners kiss'd your sails, 28 To make your vessel nimble.

Welcome, sir. Phi.

Post. I hope the briefness of your answer made The speediness of your return.

Iach. Your lady

Is one of the fairest that I have look'd upon. 82 Post. And therewithal the best; or let her beauty Look through a casement to allure false hearts And he false with them.

Tach.

Here are letters for you.

15 grief: suffering 16 Statist: statesman 15 grief: Suyerny
17 prove: turn out to be
24 mingled . . courage; cf. n.
25 approvers; those who make trial
26 mend . . world: improve with experience
27 posted: conveyed swiftly 21 order'd: disciplined

28 corners: quarters from which the wind blows 30 made: caused

Post. Their tenour good, I trust. Tach. 'Tis very like. Phi. Was Caius Lucius in the Britain court When you were there? Iach.He was expected then, But not approach'd. All is well yet. Post. Sparkles this stone as it was wont? or is 't not 40 Too dull for your good wearing? Iach. If I have lost it. I should have lost the worth of it in gold. I'll make a journey twice as far to enjoy A second night of such sweet shortness which 44 Was mine in Britain; for the ring is won. Post. The stone's too hard to come by. Tach. Not a whit. Your lady being so easy. Make not, sir. Post. Your loss your sport: I hope you know that we 48 Must not continue friends. Iach. Good sir, we must, If you keep covenant. Had I not brought The knowledge of your mistress home, I grant We were to question further, but I now 52 Profess myself the winner of her honour, Together with your ring; and not the wronger Of her or you, having proceeded but By both your wills. If you can make 't apparent 56 Post. That you have tasted her in bed, my hand And ring is yours; if not, the foul opinion You had of her pure honour gains or loses Your sword or mine or masterless leaves both 36 like: probable 47 easy: compliant

52 question: debate

To who shall find them. Iach. Sir, my circumstances, Being so near the truth as I will make them, Must first induce you to believe: whose strength I will confirm with oath; which, I doubt not, 64 You'll give me leave to spare, when you shall find You need it not. Post. Proceed. Iach. First, her bedchamber,— Where I confess I slept not, but profess Had that was well worth watching,-it was hang'd 68 With tapestry of silk and silver; the story Proud Cleopatra, when she met her Roman, And Cydnus swell'd above the banks, or for The press of boats or pride; a piece of work 72 So bravely done, so rich, that it did strive In workmanship and value; which I wonder'd Could be so rarely and exactly wrought, Since the true life on 't was-Post. This is true: 76 And this you might have heard of here, by me, Or by some other. Iach. More particulars Must justify my knowledge. Post. So they must, Or do your honour injury. The chimney Iach. 80 Is south the chamber, and the chimney-piece Chaste Dian bathing; never saw I figures So likely to report themselves; the cutter Was as another nature, dumb; outwent her, 84

61 my circumstances: details of my story 68 watching: wakefulness 73 bravely: excellently 73,74 strive . . . value; cf. m. 83 likely . . . themselves; cf. n. 83-85 the cutter . . . out; cf. n.

Motion and breath left out.

Post. This is a thing Which you might from relation likewise reap,

I had forgot them—were two winking Cupids Of silver, each on one foot standing, nicely

Depending on their brands.

Post. This is her honour!

Let it be granted you have seen all this,—and praise 92 Be given to your remembrance,—the description Of what is in her chamber nothing saves

The wager you have laid.

Iach. Then, if you can,

Be pale: I beg but leave to air this jewel; see! 96
[Showing the bracelet.]

And now 'tis up again; it must be married To that your diamond; I'll keep them.

Post. Jove!

Once more let me behold it. Is it that Which I left with her?

Iach. Sir,—I thank her,—that: 100

She stripp'd it from her arm; I see her yet;
Her pretty action did outsell her gift,

And yet enriched it too. She gave it me, and said She priz'd it once.

Post. May be she pluck'd it off 104
To send it me.

Iach. She writes so to you, doth she?

Post. O! no, no, ro, 'tis true. Here, take this too;

Gives the ring.]

⁸⁸ fretted: embossed 91 Depending: leaning 97 up: put up

⁸⁹ winking: blind

brands: torches

¹⁰² outsell: exceed in value

It is a basilisk unto mine eye, Kills me to look on 't. Let there be no honour 108 Where there is beauty; truth where semblance; love Where there's another man; the vows of women Of no more bondage be to where they are made Than they are to their virtues, which is nothing. 112 O! above measure false. Phi. Have patience, sir, And take your ring again; 'tis not yet won: It may be probable she lost it; or Who knows if one of her women, being corrupted, 116 Hath stol'n it from her? Post. Very true; And so I hope he came by 't. Back my ring. Render to me some corporal sign about her, More evident than this; for this was stolen. 120 Iach. By Jupiter, I had it from her arm. Post. Hark you, he swears; by Jupiter he swears. 'Tis true; nay, keep the ring; 'tis true: I am sure She would not lose it; her attendants are 124 All sworn and honourable; they induc'd to steal it! And by a stranger! No, he hath enjoy'd her; The cognizance of her incontinency Is this; she hath bought the name of whore thus dearly. 128 There, take thy hire; and all the fiends of hell Divide themselves between you! Phi. Sir, be patient: This is not strong enough to be believ'd Of one persuaded well of-Never talk on 't; Post. 132

¹⁰⁷ basilisk: fabulous serpent, said to kill with its look 111 bondage: binding force 115 p

¹¹⁵ probable: provable 127 cognizance: visible sign 119 Render: describe 131 strong: convincing

She hath been colted by him. Iach. If you seek For further satisfying, under her breast, Worthy the pressing, lies a mole, right proud Of that most delicate lodging: by my life, 126 I kiss'd it, and it gave me present hunger To feed again, though full. You do remember This stain upon her? Post. Ay, and it doth confirm Another stain, as big as hell can hold, 140 Were there no more but it. Will you hear more? Tach. Post. Spare your arithmetic; never count the turns; Once, and a miliion! I'll be sworn,-Tach. No swearing. Post. If you will swear you have not done 't, you lie; 144 And I will kill thee if thou dost deny Thou 'st made me cuckold. Iach. I'll deny nothing. Post. O, that I had her here, to tear her limb-meal! I will go there and do 't, i' the court, before 148 Her father. I'll do something-Exit. Phi. Quite beside The government of patience! You have won: Let's follow him, and pervert the present wrath

He hath against himself.

Iach. With all my heart. 152

T present: immediate 147 limb-meal: limb from limb

137 present: immediate 151 pervert: divert

Scene Five

[The Same. Another Room]

Enter Posthumus.

Post. Is there no way for men to be, but women Must be half-workers? We are all bastards; And that most venerable man which I Did call my father was I know not where 4 When I was stamp'd; some coiner with his tools Made me a counterfeit; yet my mother seem'd The Dian of that time; so doth my wife The nonpareil of this. O! vengeance, vengeance; 8 Me of my lawful pleasure she restrain'd And pray'd me oft forbearance; did it with A pudency so rosy the sweet view on 't Might well have warm'd old Saturn; that I thought her As chaste as unsunn'd snow. O! all the devils! This yellow Iachimo, in an hour,-was 't not? Or less—at first?—perchance he spoke not, but Like a full-acorn'd boar, a German one, Cried 'O!' and mounted; found no opposition But what he look'd for should oppose and she Should from encounter guard. Could I find out The woman's part in me! For there's no motion 20 That tends to vice in man but I affirm It is the woman's part; be it lying, note it, The woman's; flattering, hers; deceiving, hers; Lust and rank thoughts, hers, hers; revenges, hers; 24 Ambitions, covetings, change of prides, disdain, Nice longing, slanders, mutability, All faults that may be named, nay, that hell knows,

⁸ nonpareil: one that has no equal 20 motion: impulse 25 change: variety

¹¹ pudency: modesty 26 Nice: lascivious

Why, hers, in part, or all; but rather, all;
For even to vice
They are not constant, but are changing still
One vice but of a minute old for one
Not half so old as that. I'll write against them,
Detest them, curse them. Yet 'tis greater skill
In a true hate to pray they have their will:
The very devils cannot plague them better.

Exit.

ACT THIRD

Scene One

[Britain. Cymbeline's Palace]

Enter in state, Cymbeline, Queen, Cloten, and Lords, at one door; and at another, Caius Lucius and Attendants.

Cym. Now say what would Augustus Cæsar with us?

Luc. When Julius Cæsar—whose remembrance yet
Lives in men's eyes, and will to ears and tongues
Be theme and hearing ever—was in this Britain,
And conquer'd it, Cassibelan, thine uncle,—
Famous in Cæsar's praises, no whit less
Than in his feats deserving it,—for him
And his succession, granted Rome a tribute,
Yearly three thousand pounds, which by thee lately
Is left untender'd.

12

Queen. And, to kill the marvel, Shall be so ever.

Clo. There be many Cæsars Ere such another Julius. Britain is

4 hearing: tidings

A world by itself, and we will nothing pay For wearing our own noses.

Queen. That opportunity. Which then they had to take from 's, to resume We have again. Remember, sir, my liege, 16 The kings your ancestors, together with The natural bravery of your isle, which stands As Neptune's park, ribbed and paled in With oaks unscaleable and roaring waters, 20 With sands, that will not bear your enemies' boats. But suck them up to the topmast. A kind of conquest Cæsar made here, but made not here his brag Of 'came, and saw, and overcame': with shame-The first that ever touch'd him-he was carried From off our coast, twice beaten; and his shipping-Poor ignorant baubles !-- on our terrible seas, Like egg-shells mov'd upon their surges, crack'd 28 As easily 'gainst our rocks: for joy whereof The fam'd Cassibelan, who was once at point-O giglot fortune !--to master Cæsar's sword, Made Lud's town with rejoicing-fires bright, 32 And Britons strut with courage.

Clo. Come, there's no more tribute to be paid. Our kingdom is stronger than it was at that time; and, as I said, there is no moe such Cæsars; 36 other of them may have crooked noses, but to owe such straight arms, none.

Cym. Son, let your mother end.

Clo. We have yet many among us can gripe as 40 hard as Cassibelan; I do not say I am one, but I have a hand. Why tribute? why should we pay

38 owe: 020%

¹⁸ bravery: defiant spirit 20 oaks; cf. n. 30 at point: about

³⁰ at point: about 32 Lud's town: London

¹⁹ paled: fenced 27 baubles: toys 31 giglot: harlot

³⁶ moe: more

tribute? If Cæsar can hide the sun from us with a blanket, or put the moon in his pocket, we will 44 pay him tribute for light; else, sir, no more tribute, pray you now.

Cym. You must know,

Till the injurious Romans did extort 48 This tribute from us, we were free; Cæsar's ambition-Which swell'd so much that it did almost stretch The sides o' the world-against all colour here Did put the yoke upon 's; which to shake off 52 Becomes a warlike people, whom we reckon Ourselves to be. We do say then to Cæsar, Our ancestor was that Mulmutius which Ordain'd our laws, whose use the sword of Cæsar 56 Hath too much mangled; whose repair and franchise Shall, by the power we hold, be our good deed, Though Rome be therefore angry. Mulmutius made our laws,

Who was the first of Britain which did put His brows within a golden crown, and call'd Himself a king.

Luc. I am sorry, Cymbeline,
That I am to pronounce Augustus Cæsar—
Cæsar, that hath more kings his servants than
Thyself domestic officers—thine enemy.
Receive it from me, then: war and confusion
In Cæsar's name pronounce I 'gainst thee: look
For fury not to be resisted. Thus defied,
I thank thee for myself.

60

Cym. Thou art welcome, Caius. Thy Cæsar knighted me; my youth I spent Much under him; of him I gather'd honour;

48 injurious: insolent

⁵¹ against all colour: with no pretence of right
56 whose use: the operation of which
57 franchise: free exercise

Which he to seek of me again, perforce,
Behoves me keep at utterance. I am perfect
That the Pannonians and Dalmatians for
Their liberties are now in arms; a precedent
Which not to read would show the Britons cold:
So Cæsar shall not find them.

Luc. Let proof speak.

Clo. His majesty bids you welcome. Make pastime with us a day or two, or longer; if you seek us afterwards in other terms, you shall find 80 us in our salt-water girdle; if you beat us out of it, it is yours; if you fall in the adventure, our crows shall fare the better for you; and there's an end.

Luc. So, sir.

Cym. I know your master's pleasure and he mine:
All the remain is 'Welcome!'

Execunt.

Scene Two

[The Same]

Enter Pisanio, reading of a letter.

Pis. How! of adultery! Wherefore write you not
What monster's her accuser? Leonatus!
O master! what a strange infection
Is fall'n into thy ear! What false Italian—
As poisonous-tongued as handed—hath prevail'd
On thy too ready hearing? Disloyal! No:
She's punish'd for her truth, and undergoes,
More goddess-like than wife-like, such assaults

8

perfect: well-assured

87 remain: rest

⁷² he to seek: his seeking 73 keep at utterance: vindicate 77 proof speak: trial show

As would take in some virtue. O my master!

Thy mind to her is now as low as were

Thy fortunes. How! that I should murder her?

Upon the love and truth and vows which I 12

Have made to thy command? I, her? her blood?

If it be so to do good service, never

Let me be counted serviceable. How look I,

That I should seem to lack humanity 16

So much as this fact comes to? [Reads.] 'Do't: the letter

That I have sent her by her own command
Shall give thee opportunity':—O damn'd paper!
Black as the ink that's on thee. Senseless bauble,
Art thou a feedary for this act, and look'st
So virgin-like without? Lo! here she comes.
I am ignorant in what I am commanded.

Enter Imogen.

Imo. How now, Pisanio!

Pis. Madam, here is a letter from my lord.

Imo. Who? thy lord? that is my lord, Leonatus.

O! learn'd indeed were that astronomer

That knew the stars as I his characters;

He'd lay the future open. You good gods,

Let what is here contain'd relish of love,

Of my lord's health, of his content, yet not

That we two are asunder; let that grieve him,—

Some griefs are med'cinable; that is one of them,

For it doth physic love,—of his content,

All but in that! Good wax, thy leave. Bless'd be

⁹ take in: subdue 10 to: in comparison with 1 fact: crime 21 feodary: accomplice 23 I am ignorant: i.e, I shall appear to be ignorant

²³ astronomer: astrologer 28 characters: handwriting 30 relish: have a taste 34 For . . . love; cf. n.

You bees that make these locks of counsel! Lovers 36 And men in dangerous bonds pray not alike; Though forfeiters you cast in prison, yet You clasp young Cupid's tables. Good news, gods! [Reads.] 'Justice, and your father's wrath, should 40 he take me in his dominion, could not be so cruel to me, as you, O the dearest of creatures, would even renew me with your eyes. Take notice that I am in Cambria, at Milford-Haven; what 44 your own love will out of this advise you, follow. So, he wishes you all happiness, that remains loyal to his vow, and your, increasing in LEONATUS POSTHUMUS.' 48 love. O! for a horse with wings! Hearest thou, Pisanio? He is at Milford-Haven; read, and tell me How far 'tis thither. If one of mean affairs May plod it in a week, why may not I 52 Glide thither in a day? Then, true Pisanio,-Who long'st, like me, to see thy lord; who long'st,-O! let me 'bate,-but not like me; yet long'st, But in a fainter kind:—O! not like me, 56 For mine's beyond beyond; say, and speak thick,-Love's counsellor should fill the bores of hearing, To the smothering of the sense,-how far it is To this same blessed Milford; and, by the way, 60 Tell me how Wales was made so happy as T' inherit such a haven; but, first of all, How we may steal from hence, and, for the gap That we shall make in time, from our hence-going 64 And our return, to excuse; but first, how get hence. Why should excuse be born or ere begot?

^{36, 37} Lovers . . . alike; cf. n.
39 Cupid's tables: love-letters
51 of mean affairs: on ordinary business
55 'bate: abate, qualify.
62 inherit: possess
66 Cf. n.
66 Cf. n.

Pis

We'll talk of that hereafter. Prithee, speak, How many score of miles may we well ride 'Twixt hour and hour?

One score 'twixt sun and sun,

68

Madam, 's enough for you, and too much too.

Imo. Why, one that rode to 's execution, man,
Could never go so slow: I have heard of riding
wagers,
72

Where horses have been nimbler than the sands
That run i' the clock's behalf. But this is foolery;
Go bid my woman feign a sickness; say
She'll home to her father; and provide me presently 76
A riding-suit, no costlier than would fit
A franklin's housewife.

Pis. Madam, you're best consider.

Imo. I see before me, man; nor here, nor here,
Nor what ensues, but have a fog in them, 80
That I cannot look through. Away, I prithee;
Do as I bid thee. There's no more to say;
Accessible is none but Milford way. Exeunt.

Scene Three

[Wales. A mountainous Country with a Cave]

Enter [from the Cave] Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.

Bel. A goodly day not to keep house, with such Whose roof's as low as ours! Stoop, boys; this gate Instructs you how to adore the heavens, and bows you To a morning's holy office; the gates of monarchs 4

^{73, 74} sands . . . behalf; cf. n.
78 franklin's: freeholder's
79-81 I see . . . through; cf. n.
1 keep house: stay in the house

Are arch'd so high that giants may jet through And keep their impious turbans on, without Good morrow to the sun. Hail, thou fair heaven! We house i' the rock, yet use thee not so hardly 8 As prouder livers do. Hail, heaven! Gui. Arv. Hail, heaven! Bel. Now for our mountain sport. Up to yond hill; Your legs are young; I'll tread these flats. Consider, When you above perceive me like a crow. 12 That it is place which lessens and sets off; And you may then revolve what tales I have told you Of courts, of princes, of the tricks in war; This service is not service, so being done; 16 But being so, allow'd: to apprehend thus Draws us a profit from all things we see, And often, to our comfort, shall we find The sharded beetle in a safer hold 20 Than is the full-wing'd eagle. O! this life Is nobler than attending for a check, Richer than doing nothing for a bribe. Prouder than rustling in unpaid-for silk; 24 Such gain the cap of him that makes 'em fine, Yet keeps his book uncross'd; no life to ours. Gui. Out of your proof you speak; we, poor unfledg'd, Have never wing'd from view o' the nest, nor know not 28 What air 's from home. Haply this life is best,

If quiet life be best; sweeter to you
That have a sharper known, well corresponding

5 jet: strut
17 apprehend: understand

16, 17 This service . . . allow'd; cf. n.

²⁰ sharded: with imperfect wings hold: place 22 attending: doing service check: rebuke

^{25, 26} Cf. n. 29 Haply: perhaps

| With your stiff age; but unto us it is | 32 |
|--|-------|
| A cell of ignorance, travelling a-bed, | |
| A prison for a debtor that not dares | |
| To stride a limit. | |
| Arv. What should we speak of | |
| When we are old as you? when we shall hear | 36 |
| The rain and wind beat dark December, how | |
| In this our pinching cave shall we discourse | |
| The freezing hours away? We have seen nothing; | |
| We are beastly, subtle as the fox for prey, | 40 |
| Like warlike as the wolf for what we eat; | |
| Our valour is to chase what flies; our cage | |
| We make a choir, as doth the prison'd bird, | |
| And sing our bondage freely. | |
| Bel. How you speak! | 44 |
| Did you but know the city's usuries | |
| And felt them knowingly; the art o' the court, | |
| As hard to leave as keep, whose top to climb | |
| Is certain falling, or so slippery that | 48 |
| The fear's as bad as falling; the toil of the war, | |
| A pain that only seems to seek out danger | |
| I' the name of fame and honour; which dies i' search, | the |
| And hath as oft a slanderous epitaph | 52 |
| As record of fair act; nay, many times, | |
| Doth ill deserve by doing well; what's worse, | |
| Must curtsy at the censure: O boys! this story | |
| The world may read in me; my body's mark'd | 5€ |
| With Roman swords, and my report was once | |
| First with the best of note; Cymbeline lov'd me, | |
| And when a soldier was the theme, my name | |
| 35 stride a limit: pass a bound 38 pinching: | |
| 40 beastly: like mere beasts 51 which search; cf. n. 57 report: repute | ition |
| 58 with note; among those of highest tame | |

A storm or robbery, call it what you will.

Whose boughs did bend with fruit, but, in one night,

Was not far off; then was I as a tree

60

Shook down my mellow hangings, nay, my leaves, And left me bare to weather. Gui. Uncertain favour! 64 Bel. My fault being nothing,—as I have told you oft.-But that two villains, whose false oaths prevail'd Before my perfect honour, swore to Cymbeline I was confederate with the Romans; so 68 Follow'd my banishment, and this twenty years This rock and these demesnes have been my world. Where I have liv'd at honest freedom, paid More pious debts to heaven than in all 72 The fore-end of my time. But, up to the mountains! This is not hunter's language. He that strikes The venison first shall be the lord o' the feast: To him the other two shall minister: 76 And we will fear no poison which attends In place of greater state. I'll meet you in the valleys. Exeunt [Guiderius and Arviragus]. How hard it is to hide the sparks of nature! These boys know little they are sons to the king; 86 Nor Cymbeline dreams that they are alive. They think they are mine; and, though train'd up thus meanly I' the cave wherein they bow, their thoughts do hit The roofs of palaces, and nature prompts them 84 In simple and low things to prince it much Beyond the trick of others. This Polydore, The heir of Cymbeline and Britain, who The king his father call'd Guiderius,-Jove! 88 63 hangings: fruits 64 weather: storms

73 fore-end: early part

When on my three-foot stool I sit and tell The warlike feats I have done, his spirits fly out Into my story: say, 'Thus mine enemy fell, And thus I set my foot on 's neck;' even then 92 The princely blood flows in his cheek, he sweats, Strains his young nerves, and puts himself in posture That acts my words. The younger brother, Cadwal,-Once Arviragus,-in as like a figure, 96 Strikes life into my speech and shows much more His own conceiving. Hark! the game is rous'd. O Cymbeline! heaven and my conscience knows Thou didst unjustly banish me; whereon, 100 At three and two years old, I stole these babes, Thinking to bar thee of succession, as Thou reft'st me of my lands. Euriphile, Thou wast their nurse; they took thee for their mother. 104

And every day do honour to her grave: Myself, Belarius, that am Morgan call'd, They take for natural father. The game is up.

Exit.

Scene Four

[Near Milford-Haven]

Enter Pisanio and Imogen.

Imo. Thou told'st me, when we came from horse, the place

Was near at hand: ne'er long'd my mother so
To see me first, as I have now. Pisanio! man!
Where is Posthumus? What is in thy mind,
That makes thee stare thus? Wherefore breaks that
sigh

96-98 in as like . . . conceiving; cf. n.

From the inward of thee? One, but painted thus, Would be interpreted a thing perplex'd Beyond self-explication; put thyself 8 Into a haviour of less fear, ere wildness Vanquish my staider senses. What's the matter? Why tender'st thou that paper to me with A look untender? If 't be summer news. 12 Smile to 't before; if winterly, thou need'st But keep that count'nance still. My husband's hand! That drug-damn'd Italy hath out-craftied him, And he's at some hard point. Speak, man; thy tongue 16 May take off some extremity, which to read

Would be even mortal to me.

Please you, read; Pis. And you shall find me, wretched man, a thing The most disdain'd of fortune. 20

Imo. [Reads.] 'Thy mistress, Pisanio, hath played the strumpet in my bed; the testimonies whereof lie bleeding in me. I speak not out of weak surmises, but from proof as strong as my 24 grief and as certain as I expect my revenge. That part thou, Pisanio, must act for me, if thy faith be not tainted with the breach of hers. Let thine own hands take away her life; I shall 28 give thee opportunity at Milford-Haven; she hath my letter for the purpose; where, if thou fear to strike, and to make me certain it is done, thou art the pandar to her dishonour and 32 equally to me disloyal.'

out-craftied: outwitted

⁹ haviour: bearing

⁹ haviour: bearing wildness: madness 12 summer: i.e. pleasant 15 drug-damn'd: detestable for its drugs

by craft
16 point: predicament 17 extremity: extreme rigor

Pis. What shall I need to draw my sword? the paper Hath cut her throat already. No, 'tis slander, Whose edge is sharper than the sword, whose tongue 36 Outvenoms all the worms of Nile, whose breath Rides on the posting winds and doth belie All corners of the world; kings, queens, and states, Maids, matrons, nay, the secrets of the grave This viperous slander enters. What cheer, madam? Imo. False to his bed! What is it to be false?

To lie in watch there and to think on him? To weep 'twixt clock and clock? if sleep charge nature. 44

To break it with a fearful dream of him,

And cry myself awake? that's false to 's bed, is it? Pis. Alas! good lady.

Imo. I false! Thy conscience witness! Iachimo, 48 Thou didst accuse him of incontinency; Thou then look'dst like a villain; now methinks Thy favour's good enough. Some jay of Italy, Whose mother was her painting, hath betray'd him: 52 Poor I am stale, a garment out of fashion, And, for I am richer than to hang by the walls, I must be ripp'd; to pieces with me! O! Men's vows are women's traitors! All good seeming, 56

By thy revolt, O husband! shall be thought Put on for villainy; not born where 't grows, But worn a bait for ladies.

Pis.

Good madam, hear me.

³⁴ What: why 37 worms: serpents 38 posting: speeding 43 in watch: awake 41 What cheer: how do you feel? 44 charge: seize jay: showy, light woman 51 favour: appearance

⁵² Whose mother . . . painting; cf. n. 54 by the walls: in clothes presses 56 seeming: appearance

Imo. True honest men, being heard like false Æneas. 60 Were in his time thought false, and Sinon's weeping Did scandal many a holy tear, took pity From most true wretchedness; so thou, Posthumus, Wilt lay the leaven on all proper men; 64 Goodly and gallant shall be false and perjur'd From thy great fail. Come, fellow, be thou honest; Do thou thy master's bidding. When thou seest him, A little witness my obedience; look! 68 I draw the sword myself; take it, and hit The innocent mansion of my love, my heart. Fear not, 'tis empty of all things but grief; Thy master is not there, who was indeed 72 The riches of it: do his bidding; strike. Thou mayst be valiant in a better cause, But now thou seem'st a coward. Pis. Hence, vile instrument! Thou shalt not damn my hand. Why, I must die; 76 Imo.And if I do not by thy hand, thou art No servant of thy master's. Against self-slaughter There is a prohibition so divine That cravens my weak hand. Come, here's my heart 80 (Something's afore 't; soft, soft! we'll no defence) [Taking out letters.] Obedient as the scabbard. What is here? The scriptures of the loyal Leonatus All turn'd to heresy! Away, away! 84 Corrupters of my faith; you shall no more Be stomachers to my heart. Thus may poor fools

64 proper: honest

60, 61 Æneas, Sinon; cf. n.
68 witness: bear witness to
80 That cravens: that it makes cowardly

82 Obedient: receptive to the sword

83 scriptures; cf. n.

86 stomachers; cf. n.

Believe false teachers; though those that are betrayed Do feel the treason sharply, yet the traitor Stands in worse case of woe. And thou, Posthumus, thou that didst set up My disobedience 'gainst the king my father, And make me put into contempt the suits 92 Of princely fellows, shalt hereafter find It is no act of common passage, but A strain of rareness: and I grieve myself To think, when thou shalt be disedg'd by her 98 That now thou tir'st on, how thy memory Will then be pang'd by me. Prithee, dispatch; The lamb entreats the butcher; where's thy knife? Thou art too slow to do thy master's bidding, 100 When I desire it too. Pis. O. gracious lady!

Since I receiv'd command to do this business I have not slept one wink.

Do't, and to bed then. Imo.

Pis. I'll wake mine eyeballs first.

Imo.Wherefore then 104

Didst undertake it? Why hast thou abus'd So many miles with a pretence? this place? Mine action and thine own? our horses' labour? The time inviting thee? the perturb'd court, 103 For my being absent?—whereunto I never Purpose return.—Why hast thou gone so far, To be unbent when thou hast ta'en thy stand,

But to win time Pis. 112

89 case: condition

111 unbent: unprepared, bow unbent

The elected deer before thee?

90 set up: instigate 94 passage: occurrence 96 disedg'd: satiated dispatch: make haste

112 elected: chosen

⁹³ fellows: equals 95 strain of rareness: rare impulse

⁹⁷ tir'st: feedest 98 pang'd: pained 104 wake: torture by watching or waking

| To lose so bad emp | oloyment, in the whi | ch | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|
| | f a course. Good la | | |
| Hear me with patie | ence. | | |
| Imo. | Talk thy tongu | e weary; s | peak: |
| I have heard I am | a strumpet, and min | ie ear, | 116 |
| Therein false struc | k, can take no great | er wound, | |
| Nor tent to bottom | that. But speak. | | |
| Pis. | | Then, ma | dam, |
| I thought you would | ld not back again. | | |
| Imo. | | Most like | , |
| Bringing me here | to kill me. | | |
| Pis. | Not so, | neither; | 120 |
| But if I were as w | ise as honest, then | | |
| My purpose would | prove well. It can | not be | |
| But that my master | r is abus'd; some vi | lain, | |
| Some villain, ay, ar | nd singular in his ar | , | 124 |
| Hath done you bot | th this cursed injury | | |
| Imo. Some Roma | in courtezan. | | |
| Pis. | No, | on my life. | |
| | you are dead and se | | |
| | of it; for 'tis comma | | 128 |
| | shall be miss'd at co | urt, | |
| And that will well | confirm it. | | |
| Imo. | Why, g | good fellow | , |
| What shall I do the | e while? where bide? | how live? | |
| Or in my life what | comfort, when I am | | 132 |
| Dead to my husban | d? | | |
| Pis. | If you'll back to | the court, | ,— |
| Imo. No court, n | o father; nor no mo | re ado | |
| With that harsh, no | oble, simple nothing | ! | |
| That Cloten, whose | love-suit hath been | to me | 136 |
| As fearful as a sieg | ge. | | |
| Pis. | If not at court |) | |
| 118 tent: probe | 124 singular: unmatched | 135 | Cf. na |

Then not in Britain must you bide.

Where then? Imo.Hath Britain all the sun that shines? Day, night, Are they not but in Britain? I' the world's volume 140 Our Britain seems as of it, but not in 't: In a great pool a swan's nest: prithee, think There's livers out of Britain

Pis. I am most glad You think of other place. The ambassador. 144 Lucius the Roman, comes to Milford-Haven To-morrow: now, if you could wear a mind Dark as your fortune is, and but disguise That which, t'appear itself, must not yet be 148 But by self-danger, you should tread a course Pretty, and full of view; yea, haply, near The residence of Posthumus; so nigh at least That though his actions were not visible, vet 152 Report should render him hourly to your ear As truly as he moves.

Imo. O! for such means: Though peril to my modesty, not death on 't, I would adventure.

Well, then, here's the point: 156 Pis. You must forget to be a woman; change Command into obedience: fear and niceness-The handmaids of all women, or more truly Woman it pretty self—into a waggish courage; 160 Ready in gibes, quick-answer'd, saucy, and As quarrelous as the weasel; nay, you must

view: promise

^{140, 141} I' the . . . in 't; cf. n. 143 livers: people living 146, 147 wear . . . fortune: make your mind as impenetrable as your fortune is dark 148, 149 That . . . self-danger: your identity which cannot yet be revealed without danger to yourself

¹⁵⁰ Pretty: fair 158 Command: princely manner of authority niceness: fastidious-160 it: its ness waggish: pert

Forget that rarest treasure of your cheek, Exposing it—but, O! the harder heart, 164 Alack! no remedy-to the greedy touch Of common-kissing Titan, and forget Your laboursome and dainty trims, wherein You made great Juno angry. Imo.Nay, be brief: 168 I see into thy end, and am almost A man already. First, make yourself but like one. Pis. Forethinking this, I have already fit-'Tis in my cloak-bag—doublet, hat, hose, all 172 That answer to them; would you in their serving, And with what imitation you can borrow From youth of such a season, 'fore noble Lucius Present yourself, desire his service, tell him 176 Wherein you are happy, -which will make him know. If that his head have ear in music,—doubtless With joy he will embrace you, for he's honourable, And, doubling that, most holy. Your means abroad, 180 You have me, rich; and I will never fail Beginning nor supplyment. Thou art all the comfort Imo.The gods will diet me with. Prithee, away; There's more to be consider'd, but we'll even 184 All that good time will give us; this attempt I'm soldier to, and will abide it with A prince's courage. Away, I prithee. 164 harder: too hard 166 common-kissing Titan: the sun, who kisses everyone
167 laboursome: elaborate trims: apparel
171 Forethinking: anticipating fit: prepared
173 in their serving: with their help
177 happy: skillful 177, 178 which . . 177, 178 which . . . music; cf. n. Your means abroad: as for the ex-180 doubling: in addition to penses of your journey
184 even: act up to, keep pace with
186 soldier to: enlisted to abi 183 diet: feed

abide: encounter

Pis. Well, madam, we must take a short farewell, 188
Lest, being miss'd, I be suspected of
Your carriage from the court. My noble mistress,
Here is a box, I had it from the queen,
What's in't is precious; if you are sick at sea,
Or stomach-qualm'd at land, a dram of this
Will drive away distemper. To some shade,
And fit you to your manhood. May the gods
Direct you to the best!

Imo. Amen. I thank thee. Exeunt.

Scene Five

[Cymbeline's Palace]

Enter Cymbeline, Queen, Cloten, Lucius, Lords [and Attendants].

Cym. Thus far; and so farewell.

Luc. Thanks, royal sir.

My emperor hath wrote, I must from hence;

And am right sorry that I must report ye

My master's enemy.

Cym. Our subjects, sir,
Will not endure his yoke; and for ourself
To show less sovereignty than they, must needs
Appear unkinglike.

Appear unkingfike.

Luc.
So, sir: I desire of you
A conduct over land to Milford-Haven.

Madam, all joy befall your Grace, and you.

Cym. My lords, you are appointed for that office; The due of honour in no point omit. So, farewell, noble Lucius.

8

¹⁹⁰ carriage: abduction 194 distemper: illness place

| Luc. Your hand, my lord. 12 |
|---|
| Clo. Receive it friendly; but from this time forth |
| I wear it as your enemy. |
| Luc. Sir, the event |
| Is yet to name the winner. Fare you well. |
| Cym. Leave not the worthy Lucius, good my |
| lords, |
| Till he have crossed the Severn. Happiness! |
| Exit Lucius, &c. |
| Queen. He goes hence frowning; but it honours us |
| That we have given him cause. |
| Clo. 'Tis all the better; |
| Your valiant Britons have their wishes in it. 20 |
| Cym. Lucius hath wrote already to the emperor |
| How it goes here. It fits us therefore ripely |
| Our chariots and horsemen be in readiness; |
| The powers that he already hath in Gallia 24 |
| Will soon be drawn to head, from whence he moves |
| His war for Britain. |
| Queen. 'Tis not sleepy business; |
| But must be look'd to speedily and strongly. |
| Cym. Our expectation that it would be thus 28 |
| Hath made us forward. But, my gentle queen, |
| Where is our daughter? She hath not appear'd |
| Before the Roman, nor to us hath tender'd |
| The duty of the day; she looks us like 32 |
| A thing more made of malice than of duty: |
| We have noted it. Call her before us, for |
| We have been too slight in sufferance. |
| [Exit an Attendant.] |
| Queen. Royal sir. |
| Since the exile of Posthumus, most retir'd 36 |
| 14 event: outcome 22 fits: behooves 25 drawn to head: gathered into a military force 35 slight in sufferance: careless in forbearance |

Hath her life been; the cure whereof, my lord, 'Tis time must do. Beseech your majesty, Forbear sharp speeches to her; she's a lady So tender of rebukes that words are strokes, And strokes death to her.

Enter a Messenger.

Cym. Where is she, sir? How

Can her contempt be answer'd?

Mes. Please you, sir, Her chambers are all lock'd, and there's no answer

Her chambers are all lock'd, and there's no answer That will be given to the loudest of noise we make.

Queen. My lord, when last I went to visit her,
She pray'd me to excuse her keeping close,
Whereto constrain'd by her infirmity,
She should that duty leave unpaid to you,
Which daily she was bound to proffer; this
She wish'd me to make known, but our great court
Made me to blame in memory.

Cym. Her doors lock'd!

Not seen of late! Grant, heavens, that which I fear 52

Prove false!

Exit.

Queen. Son, I say, follow the king.
Clo. That man of hers, Pisarjo, her old servant,
I have not seen these two days.

Queen.

Go, look after.

Exit [Cloten].

40

48

Pisanio, thou that stand'st so for Posthumus!

He hath a drug of mine; I pray his absence
Proceed by swallowing that, for he believes
It is a thing most precious. But for her,
Where is she gone? Haply, despair hath seiz'd her, 66
Or, wing'd with fervour of her love, she's flown
To her desir'd Posthumus. Gone she is

To death or to dishonour, and my end
Can make good use of either; she being down,
I have the placing of the British crown.

Enter Cloten.

How now, my son!

'Tis certain she is fled.

Go in and cheer the king; he rages, none Dare come about him.

Dare come about him. Queen.

[Aside.] All the better; may 68

This night forestall him of the coming day!

Exit Qu[een].

Clo. I love and hate her; for she's fair and royal,
And that she hath all courtly parts more exquisite
Than lady, ladies, woman; from every one
The best she hath, and she, of all compounded,
Outsells them all. I love her therefore; but
Disdaining me and throwing favours on
The low Posthumus slanders so her judgment
That what's else rare is chok'd, and in that point
I will conclude to hate her, nay, indeed,
To be reveng'd upon her. For, when fools
Shall—

Enter Pisanio.

Who is here? What! are you packing, sirrah? 80 Come hither. Ah! you precicus pandar. Villain, Where is thy lady? In a word; or else Thou art straightway with the fiends.

Pis. O! good my lord.

Clo. Where is thy lady? or, by Jupiter
I will not ask again. Close villain,
I'll have this secret from thy heart, or rip
Thy heart to find it. Is she with Posthumus?

69 forestall him of: prevent his living to see 80 packing: departing

85 Close: secretive

84

From whose so many weights of baseness cannot 88 A dram of worth be drawn. Pis Alas! my lord, How can she be with him? When was she miss'd? He is in Rome. Clo. Where is she, sir? Come nearer, No further halting; satisfy me home 92 What is become of her? Pis. O! my all-worthy lord. All-worthy villain! Clo. Discover where thy mistress is at once, At the next word; no more of 'worthy lord!' 96 Speak, or thy silence on the instant is Thy condemnation and thy death. Pis. Then, sir, This paper is the history of my knowledge Touching her flight. [Presenting a letter.] Let's see 't. I will pursue her 100 Clo. Even to Augustus' throne. [Aside.] Or this, or perish. Pis. She's far enough; and what he learns by this May prove his travel, not her danger.

Hum! Clo.

Pis. [Aside.] I'll write to my lord she's dead. O Imogen! 104

Safe mayst thou wander, safe return again! Clo. Sirrah, is this letter true?

Pis. Sir, as I think.

Clo. It is Posthumus' hand; I know't. Sir-108 rah, if thou wouldst not be a villain, but do me true service, undergo those employments wherein I should have cause to use thee with a serious

⁹² home: thoroughly 101 Or . . . perish: I must give him this or I shall die 110 undergo: perform

industry, that is, what villainy soe'er I bid thee 112 do, to perform it directly and truly, I would think thee an honest man; thou shouldst neither want my means for thy relief nor my voice for thy preferment.

Pis. Well, my good lord.

Clo. Wilt thou serve me? For since patiently and constantly thou hast stuck to the bare fortune of that beggar Posthumus, thou canst not, 120 in the course of gratitude, but be a diligent follower of mine. Wilt thou serve me?

Pis. Sir, I will.

Clo. Give me thy hand; here's my purse. 124 Hast any of thy late master's garments in thy possession?

Pis. I have, my lord, at my lodging the same suit he wore when he took leave of my lady and 128 mistress.

Clo. The first service thou dost me, fetch that suit hither: let it be thy first service; go.

Pis. I shall, my lord. Exit. 132

Clo. Meet thee at Milford-Haven!—I forgot to ask him one thing; I'll remember 't anon—even there, thou villain Posthumus, will I kill thee. I would these garments were come. She 136 said upon a time,—the bitterness of it I now belch from my heart,—that she held the very garment of Posthumus in more respect than my noble and natural person, together with the 140 adornment of my qualities. With that suit upon my back will I ravish her: first kill him, and in her eyes; there shall she see my valour, which will then be a torment to her contempt. He on 144 the ground, my speech of insultment ended on

152

his dead body, and when my lust hath dined,
—which, as I say, to vex her, I will execute in
the clothes that she so praised,—to the court I'll 148
knock her back, foot her home again. She hath
despised me rejoicingly, and I'll be merry in my
revenge.

Enter Pisanio [with the clothes].

Be those the garments?

Pis. Ay, my noble lord.

Clo. How long is 't since she went to Milford-

Pis. She can scarce be there yet.

Clo. Bring this apparel to my chamber; that 156 is the second thing that I have commanded thee; the third is, that thou wilt be a voluntary mute to my design. Be but duteous, and true preferment shall tender itself to thee. My revenge is 160 now at Milford; would I had wings to follow it. Come, and be true.

Exit.

Pis. Thou bidd'st me to my loss; for true to thee
Were to prove false, which I will never be,
To him that is most true. To Milford go,
And find not her whom thou pursu'st. Flow, flow,
You heavenly blessings, on her! This fool's speed
Be cross'd with slowness; labour be his meed! Exit.

¹⁵⁸ a voluntary mute to: voluntarily silent respecting 168 labour be his meed: his pains be his reward

Scene Six

Before the Cave of Belarius]

Enter Imogen [in boy's clothes].

Imo. I see a man's life is a tedious one: I have tir'd myself, and for two nights together Have made the ground my bed; I should be sick But that my resolution helps me. Milford, When from the mountain-top Pisanio show'd thee, Thou wast within a ken. O Jove! I think Foundations fly the wretched; such, I mean, Where they should be reliev'd. Two beggars told me 8 I could not miss my way; will poor folks lie, That have afflictions on them, knowing 'tis A punishment or trial? Yes; no wonder, When rich ones scarce tell true. To lapse in fulness 12 Is sorer than to lie for need, and falsehood Is worse in kings than beggars. My dear lord! Thou art one o' the false ones. Now I think on thee, My hunger's gone, but even before I was 16 At point to sink for food. But what is this? Here is a path to 't; 'tis some savage hold; I were best not call. I dare not call, yet famine, Ere clean it o'erthrow nature, makes it valiant. 20 Plenty and peace breeds cowards, hardness ever Of hardiness is mother. Ho! Who's here? If anything that's civil, speak; if savage, Take or lend. Ho! No answer? Then I'll enter. Best draw my sword; and if mine enemy

6 within a ken: in sight 12 lapse: fall into sin 13 sorer: more grievous

fulness: prosperity

⁷ Foundations; cf. n. 16 even: just

²⁰ clean: entirely 22 hardiness: courage 24 Take or lend; cf. n.

²¹ hardness: difficulty 23 civil: civilized

But fear the sword like me, he'll scarcely look on 't. Such a foe, good heavens! Exit [to the cave].

Enter Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.

Bel. You, Polydore, have prov'd best woodman, and 28

Are master of the feast: Cadwal and I Will play the cook and servant, 'tis our match; The sweat of industry would dry and die But for the end it works to. Come; our stomachs 32 Will make what's homely savoury; weariness Can snore upon the flint when resty sloth Finds the down pillow hard. Now, peace be here,

Poor house, that keep'st thyself!

Gui. I am throughly weary. 36 Arv. I am weak with toil, yet strong in appetite. Gui. There is cold meat i' the cave; we'll browse on that.

Whilst what we have kill'd be cook'd.

Bel. [Looking into the cave.] Stay; come not in; But that it eats our victuals, I should think 40 Here were a fairy.

What's the matter, sir? Gui. Bel. By Jupiter, an angel! or, if not, An earthly paragon! Behold divineness No elder than a boy!

Enter Imogen.

44

Imo. Good masters, harm me not: Before I enter'd here, I call'd; and thought To have begg'd or bought what I have took. Good troth.

27 Such a foe; cf. n.
30 match: compact
34 snore upon the flint: sleep on a bed of stones 28 woodman: huntsman

resty: sluggish

| I have stol'n nought, nor found | would not, though I had |
|--|---|
| | Trans's manage for my mosts |
| | Here's money for my meat; |
| I would have left it on the | |
| As I had made my meal, ar | |
| With prayers for the provide | |
| Gui. | Money, youth? 52 |
| Arv. All gold and silver | |
| As 'tis no better reckon'd b | ut of those |
| Who worship dirty gods. | |
| Imo. | I see you're angry. |
| Know, if you kill me for my | |
| Have died had I not made | |
| Bel. | Whither bound? |
| Imo. To Milford-Haven. | |
| Bel. What's your name? | |
| Imo. Fidele, sir. I have | a kinsman who |
| Is bound for Italy; he emb | ark'd at Milford: |
| To whom being going, alm | ost spent with hunger, |
| I am fall'n in this offence. | |
| Bel. | Prithee, fair youth, |
| Think us no churls, nor me | |
| By this rude place we live | |
| 'Tis almost night; you sha | |
| Ere you depart, and thanks | |
| Boys, bid him welcome. | |
| | Vere you a woman, youth, 68 |
| I should woo hard but be y | |
| I bid for you, as I do buy. | our groom. In noncoup |
| Arv. | I'll make 't my comfort |
| He is a man; I'll love him | |
| And such a welcome as I'd | |
| | |
| 51 parted: departed 66 cheer: entertainment | 64 churls: boors 69, 70 In honesty buy; cf. n. |

After long absence, such is yours: most welcome! Be sprightly, for you fall 'mongst friends.

'Mongst friends. Imo.If brothers. [Aside.] Would it had been so, that they Had been my father's sons; then had my prize 76 Been less, and so more equal ballasting

To thee, Posthumus. He wrings at some distress. Rel

Gui. Would I could free 't!

Or I. whate'er it be.

What pain it cost, what danger. Gods!

Rel. Hark, boys. 80 [Whispering.]

Imo. [Aside.] Great men, That had a court no bigger than this cave, That did attend themselves and had the virtue Which their own conscience seal'd them,—laying by 84 That nothing-gift of differing multitudes,-Could not out-peer these twain. Pardon me, gods!

I'd change my sex to be companion with them. Since Leonatus' false.

It shall be so. Bel.Boys, we'll go dress our hunt. Fair youth, come in: Discourse is heavy, fasting; when we have supp'd, We'll mannerly demand thee of thy story, So far as thou wilt speak it.

Pray, draw near. Gui. Arv. The night to the owl and morn to the lark less welcome.

88

89 hunt: game

Imo. Thanks, sir.

I pray, draw near. Arv. Exeunt.

74 sprightly: cheerful 76 77 ballasting: weight 84, 85 laying by . . . multitudes; cf. n. 76 prize: value, hence importance 78 wrings: urithes 86 out-neer: surpass

Scene Seven

[Rome. A Public Place]

Enter two Senators and Tribunes.

1. Sen. This is the tenour of the emperor's writ: That since the common men are now in action 'Gainst the Pannonians and Dalmatians, And that the legions now in Gallia are 4 Full weak to undertake our wars against The fall'n-off Britons, that we do incite The gentry to this business. He creates Lucius pro-consul; and to you the tribunes, 8 For this immediate levy, he commends His absolute commission. Long live Cæsar! 1. Tri. Is Lucius general of the forces? 2. Sen. Ay.

1. Tri. Remaining now in Gallia?

With those legions 12 1. Sen.

Which I have spoke of, whereunto your levy Must be supplyant; the words of your commission Will tie you to the numbers and the time

Of their dispatch.

We will discharge our duty. 1. Tri. Exeunt.

6 fall'n-off. revolted 14 supplyant: supplementary 9 commends: delivers

ACT FOURTH

Scene One

[Wales. The Forest, near the Cave of Belarius]

Enter Cloten

Clo. I am near to the place where they should meet, if Pisanio have mapped it truly. How fit his garments serve me! Why should his mistress, who was made by him that made the tailor, 4 not be fit too? the rather,—saving reverence of the word,-for 'tis said a woman's fitness comes by fits. Therein I must play the workman. I dare speak it to myself,-for it is not vain-glory 8 for a man and his glass to confer in his own chamber,-I mean, the lines of my body are as well drawn as his; no less young, more strong, not beneath him in fortunes, beyond him in the 12 advantage of the time, above him in birth, alike conversant in general services, and more remarkable in single oppositions; yet this imperceiverant thing loves him in my despite. What 16 mortality is! Posthumus, thy head, which now is growing upon thy shoulders, shall within this hour be off, thy mistress enforced, thy garments cut to pieces before thy face; and all this done, 20 spurn her home to her father, who may happily be a little angry for my so rough usage, but my mother, having power of his testiness, shall turn

² fit: fittingly 5 saving reverence: begging bardon 6 fitness: inclination (used in an objectionable sense)

¹³ time: present circumstances
15 oppositions: combats
19 enforced: ravished 14 general services: public affairs imperceiverant: undiscerning

²³ power of: control over

²¹ spurn: kick happily: perchance

8

12

all into my commendations. My horse is tied 24 up safe; out, sword, and to a sore purpose! Fortune, put them into my hand! This is the very description of their meeting place; and the fellow dares not deceive me.

Exit.

Scene Two

[Before the Cave of Belarius]

Enter [from the Cave] Belarius, Guiderius, Arviragus, and Imogen.

Bel. [To Imogen.] You are not well; remain here in the cave;

We'll come to you after hunting.

Arv. [To Imogen.] Brother, stay here;

Are we not brothers?

Imo. So man and man should be, But clay and clay differs in dignity,

Whose dust is both alike. I am very sick.

Gui. Go you to hunting; I'll abide with him.

Imo. So sick I am not, yet I am not well;

But not so citizen a wanton as

To seem to die ere sick. So please you, leave me;

Stick to your journal course; the breach of custom

Is breach of all. I am ill; but your being by me Cannot amend me; society is no comfort

To one not sociable. I am not very sick,

Since I can reason of it; pray you, trust me here, I'll rob none but myself, and let me die,

Stealing so poorly.

Gui. I love thee; I have spoke it;

8 citizen . . . wanton: city-bred spoilt child, "tenderfoot" 10 journal: daily 14 reason: talk How much the quantity, the weight as much, As I do love my father. What! how! how! Rel. Arv. If it be sin to say so, sir, I yoke me In my good brother's fault: I know not why 20 I love this youth; and I have heard you say, Love's reason's without reason: the bier at door, And a demand who is 't shall die, I'd say 'My father, not this youth.' Bel. [Aside.] O noble strain! 24 O worthiness of nature! breed of greatness! Cowards father cowards, and base things sire base: Nature hath meal and bran, contempt and grace. I'm not their father; yet who this should be 28 Doth miracle itself, lov'd before me. 'Tis the ninth hour o' the morn. Arv. Brother, farewell. Imo. I wish ye sport. You health. So please you, sir. Imo. [Aside.] These are kind creatures. Gods, what lies I have heard! 32 Our courtiers say all's savage but at court: Experience, O, thou disprov'st report! The imperious seas breed monsters, for the dish Poor tributary rivers as sweet fish. 36 I am sick still, heart-sick. Pisanio. I'll now taste of thy drug. [Swallows some.] Gui. I could not stir him: He said he was gentle, but unfortunate; Dishonestly afflicted, but yet honest. 40 Arv. Thus did he answer me; yet said hereafter I might know more.

¹⁷ How much: however much
29 miracle; cf. n.
38 stir him: move him to tell his story

³⁹ gentle: of gentle birth

58 spurs: roots

Bel. To the field, to the field! [To Imogen.] We'll leave you for this time; go in and rest. Arv. We'll not be long away. Bel.Pray, be not sick, 44 For you must be our housewife. Well or ill. I am bound to you. Exit. And shalt be ever. Bei. This youth, howe'er distress'd, appears he hath had Good ancestors. Arv.How angel-like he sings! 48 Gui. But his neat cookery! he cut our roots In characters. And sauc'd our broths as Juno had been sick And he her dieter. Arv. Nobly he vokes A smiling with a sigh, as if the sigh 52 Was that it was, for not being such a smile; The smile mocking the sigh, that it would fly From so divine a temple, to commix With winds that sailors rail at. Gui. I do note 56 That grief and patience, rooted in him both, Mingle their spurs together. Grow, patience! Arv. And let the stinking-elder, grief, untwine His perishing root with the increasing vine! 60 Bel. It is great morning. Come, away!-Who's there? Enter Cloten.

⁵⁰ characters: letters

⁵⁹ stinking-elder; cf. n.
60 with . . . vine: i.e. as the vine, patience, grows 61 great morning: broad day

Clo. I cannot find those runagates; that villain

Bel. 'Those runagates?'

Means he not us? I partly know him; 'tis Cloten, the son o' the queen. I fear some ambush.

I saw him not these many years, and yet

I know 'tis he. We are held as outlaws: hence!

Gui. He is but one. You and my brother search 68 What companies are near; pray you, away;

Let me alone with him.

Clo.

[Exeunt Belarius and Arviragus.]
Soft! What are you

64

That fly me thus? some villain mountainers?

I have heard of such. What slave art thou?

Gui. A thing 72

More slavish did I ne'er than answering A 'slave' without a knock.

Clo. Thou art a robber,

A law-breaker, a villain. Yield thee, thief.

Gui. To who? to thee? What art thou? Have not I 76

An arm as big as thine? a heart as big?
Thy words, I grant, are bigger, for I wear not
My dagger in my mouth. Say what thou art,
Why I should yield to thee?

Clo. Thou villain base, 80

Know'st me not by my clothes?

Gui. No, nor thy tailor, rascal,

Who is thy grandfather: he made those clothes, Which, as it seems, make thee.

nich, as it seems, make thee

Clo. Thou precious varlet,

My tailor made them not.

Gui. Hence then, and thank 84

⁷⁴ A 'slave': i.e. the epithet 'slave'
83 precious: arrant varlet: knave

⁸¹ my clothes; cf. n.

The man that gave them thee. Thou art some fool; I am loath to beat thee.

Clo. Thou injurious thief,

Hear but my name, and tremble.

Gui. What's thy name?

Clo. Cloten, thou villain.

Gui. Cloten, thou double villain, be thy name,

I cannot tremble at it; were it Toad, or Adder, Spider, 'Twould move me sooner.

Clo. To thy further fear,

Nay, to thy mere confusion, thou shalt know I am son to the queen.

Gui. I'm sorry for 't, not seeming

So worthy as thy birth.

Clo. Art not afeard?

Gui. Those that I reverence those I fear, the wise;

At fools I laugh, not fear them.

Clo. Die the death: 96

When I have slain thee with my proper hand,

I'll follow those that even now fled hence,

And on the gates of Lud's town set your heads:

Yield, rustic mountaineer. Fight and exeunt. 100

Enter Belarius and Arviragus.

Bel. No companies abroad?

Arv. None in the world. You did mistake him, sure.

Bel. I cannot tell; long is it since I saw him,

But time hath nothing blurr'd those lines of favour 104 Which then he wore; the snatches in his voice,

And burst of speaking, were as his. I am absolute

'Twas very Cloten.

Arv.

In this place we left them:

92 mere: sheer 105 snatches: sudden checks 107 very Cloten: Cloten himself 97 proper: own 106 absolute: certain

112

I wish my brother make good time with him,
You say he is so fell.

Bel. Being scarce made up,
I mean, to man, he had not apprehension
Of roaring terrors; for defect of judgment
Is oft the cause of fear. But see, thy brother.

Enter Guiderius [with Cloten's head].

Gui. This Cloten was a fool, an empty purse,
There was no money in 't. Not Hercules
Could have knock'd out his brains, for he had none;
Yet I not doing this, the fool had borne

116
My head as I do his.

My head as I do his.

Bel. What hast thou done?

Gui. I am perfect what: cut off one Cloten's head,

Son to the queen after his own report,

Who call'd me traitor, mountaineer, and swore,

120

With his own single hand he'd take us in,

Displace our heads where—thank the gods!—they grow,

And set them on Lud's town.

Bel. We are all undone.
Gui. Why, worthy father, what have we to lose, 124
But that he swore to take, our lives? The law
Protects not us; then why should we be tender
To let an arrogant piece of flesh threat us,
Play judge and executioner all himself, 128

For we do fear the law? What company
Discover you abroad?

Bel. No single soul

Can we set eye on; but in all safe reason

131

He must have some attendants. Though his humour

109 fell: fierce 109-112 Being scarce . . . fear; cf. n. 129 For: because 131 safe: sound

Was nothing but mutation, ay, and that From one bad thing to werse; not frenzy, not Absolute madness could so far have rav'd To bring him here alone. Although, perhaps, It may be heard at court that such as we Cave here, hunt here, are outlaws, and in time May make some stronger head; the which he hearing,-As it is like him, -might break out, and swear 140 He'd fetch us in; yet is 't not probable To come alone, either he so undertaking, Or they so suffering; then, on good ground we fear, If we do fear this body hath a tail 144 More perilous than the head. Arv. Let ordinance Come as the gods foresay it; howsoe'er, My brother hath done well. Bel. I had no mind To hunt this day; the boy Fidele's sickness 148 Did make my way long forth. With his own sword, Gui. Which he did wave against my throat, I have ta'en His head from him; I'll throw 't into the creek Behind our rock, and let it to the sea, 152 And tell the fishes he's the queen's son, Cloten: That's all I reck. Exit. I fear 'twill be reveng'd. Bel. Would, Polydore, thou hadst not done 't! though valour Becomes thee well enough.

Becomes thee well enough.

Arv. Would I had done 't, 156
So the revenge alone pursu'd me! Polydore,
I love thee brotherly, but envy much

¹³³ nothing but mutation: for constant change 141 fetch us in: capture us 145 ordinance: divine decree 149 way long forth: walking forth seem long 154 reck: care

| Thou hast robb'd me of this deed; I would reveng | es, |
|--|-------|
| That possible strength might meet, would see | k us |
| through | 160 |
| And put us to our answer. | |
| Bel. Well, 'tis done.— | |
| We'll hunt no more to-day, nor seek for danger | |
| Where there's no profit. I prithee, to our rock; | |
| You and Fidele play the cooks; I'll stay | 164 |
| Till hasty Polydore return, and bring him | |
| To dinner presently. | |
| Arv. Poor sick Fidele! | |
| I'll willingly to him; to gain his colour | |
| I'd let a parish of such Clotens blood, | 168 |
| And praise myself for charity. | Exit. |
| Bel. O thou goddess | ! |
| Thou, divine Nature thou, thyself thou blazon'st | |
| In these two princely boys. They are as gentle | |
| As zephyrs, blowing below the violet, | 172 |
| Not wagging his sweet head; and yet as rough, | |
| Their royal blood enchaf'd, as the rud'st wind, | |
| That by the top doth take the mountain pine, | |
| And make him stoop to the vale. 'Tis wonder | 176 |
| That an invisible instinct should frame them | |
| To royalty unlearn'd, honour untaught, | |
| Civility not seen from other, valour | |
| That wildly grows in them, but yields a crop | 180 |
| As if it had been sow'd! Yet still it's strange | |
| What Cloten's being here to us portends, | |
| Or what his death will bring us. | |
| | |

Enter Guiderius.

Gui.

Where's my brother?

159-161 I would . . . answer; cf. n. 167 gain: restore
174 enchaf'd: excited 179 seen from other: observed in others
180 wildly: without cultivation

I have sent Cloten's clotpoll down the stream, 184 In embassy to his mother; his body's hostage For his return. Solemn music. Bel.My ingenious instrument! Hark! Polydore, it sounds; but what occasion Hath Cadwal now to give it motion? Hark! 188 Gui. Is he at home? Bel. He went hence even now. Gui. What does he mean? since death of my dear'st mother It did not speak before. All solemn things Should answer solemn accidents. The matter? 192 Triumphs for nothing and lamenting toys Is jollity for apes and grief for boys. Is Cadwal mad? Enter Arviragus, with Imogen, [as] dead, bearing her in his arms. Bel. Look! here he comes, And brings the dire occasion in his arms 196 Of what we blame him for. The bird is dead Arn. That we have made so much on. I had rather Have skipp'd from sixteen years of age to sixty, To have turn'd my leaping-time into a crutch, Than have seen this. O, sweetest, fairest lily! Gui. My brother wears thee not the one half so well As when thou grew'st thyself. Rel. O melancholy! Who ever yet could sound thy bottom? find 204 The ooze, to show what coast thy sluggish crare

184 clotpoll: thick head

accidents: occurrences

¹⁹² answer: correspond to accident: 193 lamenting toys: lamentation for trifles 200 leaping-time: youth 194 apes: fools 205 crare: small vessel

Might easiliest harbour in? Thou blessed thing! Jove knows what man thou mightst have made; but ay! Thou diedst, a most rare boy, of melancholy. 208 How found you him?

Stark, as you see: Arn. Thus smiling, as some fly had tickled slumber, Not as death's dart, being laugh'd at; his right cheek Reposing on a cushion.

Where? Gui.

O' the floor. Arr. 212 His arms thus leagu'd: I thought he slept, and put My clouted brogues from off my feet, whose rudeness Answer'd my steps too loud.

Why, he but sleeps: Gui. If he be gone, he'll make his grave a bed; 216 With female fairies will his tomb be haunted, And worms will not come to thee.

With fairest flowers. Arro. While summer lasts and I live here, Fidele, I'll sweeten thy sad grave; thou shalt not lack 220 The flower that's like thy face, pale primrose, nor The azur'd hare-bell, like thy veins, no, nor The leaf of eglantine, whom not to slander, Out-sweeten'd not thy breath: the ruddock would 224 With charitable bill,—O bill sore-shaming Those rich-left heirs, that let their fathers lie Without a monument,—bring thee all this; Yea, and furr'd moss besides, when flowers are none. 228

To winter-ground thy corse.

Gui. Prithee, have done. And do not play in wench-like words with that

²⁰⁷ ay: alas 214 224 ruddock: robin 214 clouted brogues: heavy shoes strdded with hobnails 229 winter-ground: cover for the winter 230 wench-like: womanish

Which is so serious. Let us bury him,

And not protract with admiration what

Is now due debt. To the grave!

Arv. Say, where shall's lay him?

Gui. By good Euriphile, our mother.

Arv. Be't so:

And let us, Polydore, though now our voices

Have got the mannish crack, sing him to the ground,
As once to our mother; use like note and words,
Save that Euriphile must be Fidele.

Gui. Cadwal,

I cannot sing; I'll weep, and word it with thee; 240
For notes of sorrow out of tune are worse
Than priests and fanes that lie.

Arv. We'll speak it then.

Bel. Great griefs, I see, medicine the less, for Cloten Is quite forgot. He was a queen's son, boys,

244
And though he came our enemy, remember

He was paid for that; though mean and mighty, rotting

Together, have one dust, yet reverence-

That angel of the world—doth make distinction 248 Of place 'tween high and low. Our foe was princely,

And though you took his life, as being our foe,

Yet bury him as a prince.

Gui. Pray you, fetch him hither. Thersites' body is as good as Ajax' 252

When neither are alive.

Arv. If you'll go fetch him,

We'll say our song the whilst. Brother, begin.

[Exit Belarius.]

233 shall's: shall we

²³⁷ to our mother: i.e. as once we sang our mother like: the same

²⁴² fanes: temple oracles 243 medicine: cure 246 paid: bunished 252 Thersites'... Ajax'; cf. n.

| | ay, Cadwal, we must lay his head to the | east; |
|----------|---|-------|
| My fathe | er hath a reason for 't. | |
| Arv. | 'Tis true. | 256 |
| Gui. C | ome on then, and remove him. | |
| Arv. | So, begi | n. |
| Gui. | 'Fear no more the heat o' the sun, | |
| | Nor the furious winter's rages; | |
| | Thou thy worldly task hast done, | 260 |
| | Home art gone, and ta'en thy wages; | |
| | Golden lads and girls all must, | |
| | As chimney-sweepers, come to dust. | |
| Arv. | 'Fear no more the frown o' the great, | 264 |
| | Thou art past the tyrant's stroke: | |
| | Care no more to clothe and eat; | |
| | To thee the reed is as the oak: | |
| | The sceptre, learning, physic, must | 268 |
| | All follow this, and come to dust. | |
| Gui. | 'Fear no more the lightning-flash, | |
| Arv. | 'Nor the all-dreaded thunder-stone; | |
| Gui. | 'Fear not slander, censure rash; | 272 |
| Arv. | 'Thou hast finished joy and moan: | |
| Both. | 'All lovers young, all lovers must | |
| | Consign to thee, and come to dust. | |
| Gui. | 'No exorciser harm thee! | 276 |
| Arv. | 'Nor no witchcraft charm thee! | |
| Gui. | 'Ghost unlaid forbear thee! | |
| Arv. | 'Nothing ill come near thee! | |
| Both. | 'Quiet consummation have; | 280 |
| | And renowned be thy grave!' | |
| E | nter Belarius, with the body of Cloten. | |
| | V- 1 1 : | 7 . |

Gui. We have done our obsequies. Come, lay him down.

²⁷¹ thunder-stone: thunderbolt 275 Consign: subscribe 276 exorciser: conjurer

Bel. Here's a few flowers, but 'bout midnight, more; The herbs that have on them cold dew o' the night Are strewings fitt'st for graves. Upon their faces. You were as flowers, now wither'd; even so These herblets shall, which we upon you strew. Come on, away; apart upon our knees. 288 The ground that gave them first has them again; Their pleasures here are past, so is their pain. Exeunt [Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus]. Imogen awakes. Imo. Yes, sir, to Milford-Haven; which is the way? I thank you. By yond bush? Pray, how far thither? 'Ods pittikins! can it be six mile yet? I have gone all night: Faith, I'll lie down and sleep. [Seeing the body of Cloten.] But, soft! no bedfellow! O gods and goddesses! These flowers are like the pleasures of the world; 296 This bloody man, the care on 't. I hope I dream; For so I thought I was a cave-keeper, And cook to honest creatures; but 'tis not so, 'Twas but a bolt of nothing, shot at nothing, 300 Which the brain makes of fumes. Our very eyes Are sometimes like our judgments, blind. Good faith, I tremble still with fear: but if there be Yet left in heaven as small a drop of pity 304 As a wren's eye, fear'd gods, a part of it! The dream's here still; even when I wake, it is Without me, as within me; not imagin'd, felt. A headless man! The garments of Posthumus! 308 I know the shape of 's leg, this is his hand, His foot Mercurial, his Martial thigh, The brawns of Hercules, but his Jovial face-

285 Upon . . . faces; cf. n.
293 'Ods: God's pittikins: diminutive form of pity
301 fumes: vapors 310, 311 Cf. n.

Murder in heaven? How! 'Tis gone. Pisanio, 312
All curses madded Hecuba gave the Greeks,
And mine to boot, be darted on thee! Thou,
Conspir'd with that irregulous devil, Cloten,
Hast here cut off my lord. To write and read
Be henceforth treacherous! Damn'd Pisanio
Hath with his forged letters, damn'd Pisanio,
From this most bravest vessel of the world
Struck the main-top! O Posthumus! alas! 320
Where is thy head? where's that? Ay, me! where's that?

Pisanio might have kill'd thee at the heart,
And left this head on. How should this be? Pisanio?
'Tis he and Cloten; malice and lucre in them 324
Have laid this woe here. O! 'tis pregnant, pregnant!
The drug he gave me, which he said was precious
And cordial to me, have I not found it
Murderous to the senses? That confirms it home; 328
This is Pisanio's deed, and Cloten's: O!
Give colour to my pale cheek with thy blood,
That we the horrider may seem to those
Which chance to find us. O! my lord, my lord. 332
[Falls on the body.]

Enter Lucius, Captains, [other Officers,] and a Soothsayer.

Cap. To them the legions garrison'd in Gallia, After your will, have cross'd the sea, attending You here at Milford-Haven with your ships: They are in readiness.

Luc. But what from Rome? 336 Cap. The senate hath stirr'd up the confiners

Cap. The senate nath stirr d up the connners

³¹³ Hecuba; cf. n. 325 pregnant: obvious 337 confiners: inhabitants

³¹⁵ irregulous: lawless
333 To them: in addition to them

And gentlemen of Italy, most willing spirits,
That promise noble service; and they come
Under the conduct of bold Iachimo,
Sienna's brother.

340

364

Luc. When expect you them? Cap. With the next benefit o' the wind.

Luc. This forwardness Makes our hopes fair. Command our present numbers Be muster'd; bid the captains look to 't. Now, sir, 344 What have you dream'd of late of this war's purpose?

Sooth. Last night the very gods show'd me a vision,—
I fast and pray'd for their intelligence,—thus:
I saw Jove's bird, the Roman eagle, wing'd
From the spongy south to this part of the west,
There vanish'd in the sunbeams; which portends,

Unless my sins abuse my divination, Success to the Roman host.

iccess to the Roman host

Luc. Dream often so, 352
And never false. Soft, ho! what trunk is here
Without his top? The ruin speaks that sometime
It was a worthy building. How! a page!
Or dead or sleeping on him? But dead rather, 356
For nature doth abhor to make his bed
With the defunct, or sleep upon the dead.
Let's see the boy's face.

Cap. He's alive, my lord. Luc. He'll, then, instruct us of this body. Young

one, 380

Inform us of thy fortunes, for it seems
They crave to be demanded. Who is this

Thou mak'st thy bloody pillow? Or who was he That, otherwise than noble nature did,

Hath alter'd that good picture? What's thy interest

349 spongy: wet
362 demanded: inquired
364, 365 otherwise . . . picture; cf. n.

In this sad wrack? How came it? Who is it? What art thou? I am nothing; or if not, Imo.Nothing to be were better. This was my master, 368 A very valiant Briton and a good, That here by mountaineers lies slain. Alas! There are no more such masters; I may wander From east to occident, cry out for service, 372 Try many, all good, serve truly, never Find such another master. 'Lack, good youth! Luc. Thou mov'st no less with thy complaining than Thy master in bleeding. Say his name, good friend. Imo, Richard du Champ.—[Aside.] If I do lie and do 377 No harm by it, though the gods hear, I hope They'll pardon it .- Say you, sir? Thy name? Luc. Fidele. sir. Im oLuc. Thou dost approve thyself the very same; 380 Thy name well fits thy faith, thy faith thy name. Wilt take thy chance with me? I will not say Thou shalt be so well master'd, but be sure No less belov'd. The Roman emperor's letters. 384 Sent by a consul to me, should not sooner Than thine own worth prefer thee. Go with me. Imo. I'll follow, sir. But first, an 't please the gods, I'll hide my master from the flies, as deep 388 As these poor pickaxes can dig; and when With wild wood-leaves and weeds I ha' strew'd his grave,

And on it said a century of prayers,

³⁷⁵ complaining: mourning 387 an 't: if it 391 century: hundred

³⁸⁰ approve: prove 389 poor pickaxes: i.e. her fingers

Exeunt.

Such as I can, twice o'er, I'll weep and sigh; 392 And, leaving so his service, follow you, So please you entertain me. Luc. Ay, good youth, And rather father thee than master thee. My friends, 396 The boy hath taught us manly duties; let us Find out the prettiest daisied plot we can, And make him with our pikes and partisans A grave; come, arm him. Boy, he is preferr'd 400 By thee to us, and he shall be interr'd As soldiers can. Be cheerful; wipe thine eyes: Some falls are means the happier to arise.

Scene Three

[Cymbeline's Palace]

Enter Cymbeline, Lords, Pisanio [and Attendants]. Cym. Again; and bring me word how 'tis with her. [Exit an Attendant.] A fever with the absence of her son, A madness, of which her life's in danger. Heavens! How deeply you at once do touch me. Imogen, The great part of my comfort, gone; my queen Upon a desperate bed, and in a time When fearful wars point at me; her son gone, So needful for this present: it strikes me, past 8 The hope of comfort. But for thee, fellow, Who needs must know of her departure and Dost seem so ignorant, we'll enforce it from thee

394 entertain: take into service 399 partisans: combined spear and battle axe 400 arm him: carry him (i.e. the body of Cloten) in your arms 8 present: emergency 4 touch: wound

By a sharp torture. Pis. Sir, my life is yours, 12 I humbly set it at your will; but, for my mistress, I nothing know where she remains, why gone, Nor when she purposes return. Beseech your highness. Hold me your loyal servant. 1. Lord. Good my liege, 16 The day that she was missing he was here; I dare be bound he's true and shall perform All parts of his subjection loyally. For Cloten, There wants no diligence in seeking him, 20 And will, no doubt, be found. The time is troublesome. Cym.[To Pisanio.] We'll slip you for a season; but our jealousy Does yet depend. So please your majesty, 1. Lord. The Roman legions, all from Gallia drawn, 24 Are landed on your coast, with a supply Of Roman gentlemen, by the senate sent. Cym Now for the counsel of my son and queen! I am amaz'd with matter. 1. Lord. Good my liege. 28 Your preparation can affront no less Than what you hear of; come more, for more you're readv:

The want is but to put those powers in motion That long to move.

Cym. I thank you. Let's withdraw; 32 And meet the time as it seeks us. We fear not

¹⁶ Hold: consider 19 subjection: service as a subject 20 vants: lacks 22 slip you: let you go jealousy: suspicion 3 depend: remain in suspense

²⁸ amaz'd: confused matter: affairs of importance 29 Cf. n.

| What can from Italy annoy us, but |
|--|
| We grieve at chances here. Away! |
| Exeunt [all but Pisanio] |
| Pis. I heard no letter from my master since |
| I wrote him Imogen was slain; 'tis strange; |
| Nor hear I from my mistress, who did promise |
| To yield me often tidings; neither know I |
| What is betid to Cloten; but remain 40 |
| Perplex'd in all: the heavens still must work. |
| Wherein I am false I am honest; not true to be true: |
| These present wars shall find I love my country, |
| Even to the note o' the king, or I'll fall in them. 44 |
| All other doubts, by time let them be clear'd; |
| Fortune brings in some boats that are not steer'd. |
| Exit |

Scene Four

[Wales. Before the Cave of Belarius]

Enter Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.

Gui. The noise is round about us.

Bel. Let us from it.

Arv. What pleasure, sir, find we in life, to lock it From action and adventure?

Gui. Nay, what hope

Have we in hiding us? this way, the Romans Must or for Britons slay us, or receive us

For barbarous and unnatural revolts

During their use, and slay us after.

Bel. Sons,

We'll higher to the mountains; there secure us. To the king's party there's no going; newness

40 betid: befallen 6 revolts: rebels

⁴³ find: reveal 44 note: notice 7 During their use: while they can use us

Of Cloten's death,—we being not known, not muster'd Among the bands, -may drive us to a render Where we have liv'd, and so extort from 's that 12 Which we have done, whose answer would be death Drawn on with torture. This is, sir, a doubt Gui. In such a time nothing becoming you, Nor satisfying us. It is not likely Arn 16 That when they hear the Roman horses neigh, Behold their quarter'd fires, have both their eyes And ears so clov'd importantly as now, That they will waste their time upon our note, 20 To know from whence we are. O! I am known Bel. Of many in the army; many years, Though Cloten then but young, you see, not wore him From my remembrance. And, besides, the king 24 Hath not deserv'd my service nor your loves Who find in my exile the want of breeding, The certainty of this hard life; ave hopeless To have the courtesy your cradle promis'd, 28 But to be still hot summer's tanlings and The shrinking slaves of winter. Gui. Than be so Better to cease to be. Pray, sir, to the army: I and my brother are not known; yourself, 32 So out of thought, and thereto so o'ergrown, Cannot be question'd. Arv. By this sun that shines,

11 render: account 18 quarter'd fires; camp fires

¹¹ render: account 18 quarter d fires: camp fires 19 cloy'd importantly: crammed with matters of importance 20 upon our note; in noticing us 27 aye: forever

²⁹ tanlings: creatures tanned by the sun
33 thereto so o'ergrown: also so overgrown with hair

| I'll thither: what thing is it that I never |
|---|
| Did see man die! scarce ever look'd on blood 36 |
| But that of coward hares, hot goats, and venison! |
| Never bestrid a horse, save one that had |
| A rider like myself, who ne'er wore rowel |
| Nor iron on his heel! I am asham'd 40 |
| To look upon the holy sun, to have |
| The benefit of his bless'd beams, remaining |
| So long a poor unknown. |
| Gui. By heavens! I'll go: |
| If you will bless me, sir, and give me leave, 44 |
| I'll take the better care; but if you will not, |
| The hazard therefore due fall on me by |
| The hands of Romans. |
| Arv. So say I; amen. |
| Bel. No reason I, since of your lives you set 48 |
| So slight a valuation, should reserve |
| My crack'd one to more care. Have with you, boys! |
| If in your country wars you chance to die, |
| That is my bed too, lads, and there I'll lie: 52 |
| Lead, lead.—[Aside.] The time seems long; their |
| blood thinks scorn, |
| Till it fly out and show them princes born Exeunt |

³⁵ what thing is it: what a thing it is 45 take . . . care: have . . . protection 53 thinks scorn: despises everything

5 wrying: swerving 9 put on: instigate

23 weeds: garments

ACT FIFTH

Scene One

[Britain. The Roman Camp]

Enter Posthumus [with a bloody handkerchief].

Post. Yea, bloody cloth, I'll keep thee, for I wish'd Thou shouldst be colour'd thus. You married ones, If each of you should take this course, how many Must murder wives much better than themselves For wrving but a little! O Pisanio! Every good servant does not all commands; No bond but to do just ones. Gods! if you Should have ta'en vengeance on my faults, I never 8 Had liv'd to put on this; so had you sav'd The noble Imogen to repent, and struck Me, wretch more worth your vengeance. But, alack! You snatch some hence for little faults; that's love, 12 To have them fall no more; you some permit To second ills with ills, each elder worse, And make them dread it, to the doers' thrift. But Imogen is your own; do your best wills, 16 And make me bless'd to obey. I am brought hither Among the Italian gentry, and to fight Against my lady's kingdom; 'tis enough That, Britain, I have kill'd thy mistress; peace! 20 I'll give no wound to thee. Therefore good heavens, Hear patiently my purpose: I'll disrobe me Of these Italian weeds, and suit myself As does a Briton peasant; so I'll fight 24 Against the part I come with, so I'll die

7 No bond: there is no obligation

15 Cf. n.

25 part: party

14 elder: of later date

suit: dress

For thee, O Imogen! even for whom my life Is, every breath, a death: and thus, unknown, Pitied nor hated, to the face of peril 28 Myself I'll dedicate. Let me make men know More valour in me than my habits show. Gods! put the strength o' the Leonati in me. To shame the guise o' the world, I will begin 32 The fashion, less without and more within. Exit.

Scene Two

[Field of Battle between the British and Roman Camps]

Enter Lucius, Iachimo, and the Roman Army at one door and the Britain army at another; Leonatus Posthumus following like a poor soldier. They march over and go out. Then enter again in skirmish, Iachimo and Posthumus; he vanquisheth and disarmeth Iachimo, and then leaves him.

Iach. The heaviness and guilt within my bosom Takes off my manhood: I have belied a lady, The princess of this country, and the air on 't Revengingly enfeebles me; or could this carl, A very drudge of nature's, have subdu'd me In my profession? Knighthoods and honours, borne As I wear mine, are titles but of scorn. If that thy gentry, Britain, go before 8 This lout as he exceeds our lords, the odds Is that we scarce are men and you are gods.

Exit.

³⁰ habits: clothes 1 heaviness and guilt: i.e. the weight of guilt

³² guise: custom 4 carl: peasant

The battle continues; the Britons fly; Cymbeline is taken. Then enter, to his rescue, Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.

Bel. Stand, stand! We have the advantage of the ground.

The lane is guarded; nothing routs us but

The villainy of our fears.

Gui.

Stand, stand, and fight!

Enter Posthumus, and seconds the Britons. They rescue Cymbeline, and exeunt. Then enter Lucius, Iachimo, and Imogen.

Luc. Away, boy, from the troops, and save thyself; For friends kill friends, and the disorder's such As war were hoodwink'd.

Iach. 'Tis their fresh supplies. 16
Luc. It is a day turn'd strangely: or betimes

Let's reinforce, or fly. Exeunt.

Scene Three

[Another Part of the Field]

Enter Posthumus and a Britain Lord.

Lord. Cam'st thou from where they made the stand? Post. I did:

Though you, it seems, come from the fliers.

Lord. I did.

Post. No blame be to you, sir; for all was lost, But that the heavens fought. The king himself Of his wings destitute, the army broken, And but the backs of Britons seen, all flying

¹⁶ hookwink'd: blindfolded

Through a strait lane; the enemy full-hearted,
Lolling the tongue with slaughtering, having work 8
More plentiful than tools to do't, struck down
Some mortally, some slightly touch'd, some falling
Merely through fear; that the strait pass was damm'd
With dead men hurt behind, and cowards living 12
To die with lengthen'd shame.

Lord. Where was this lane?

Post. Close by the battle, ditch'd, and wall'd with
turf:

Which gave advantage to an ancient soldier, An honest one, I warrant; who deserv'd 16 So long a breeding as his white beard came to, In doing this for his country; athwart the lane, He, with two striplings,-lads more like to run The country base than to commit such slaughter, - 20 With faces fit for masks, or rather fairer Than those for preservation cas'd, or shame, Made good the passage; cried to those that fled, 'Our Britain's harts die flying, not our men: To darkness fleet souls that fly backwards. Stand! Or we are Romans, and will give you that Like beasts which you shun beastly, and may save, But to look back in frown: stand, stand!' These three. 28

Three thousand confident, in act as many,—
For three performers are the file when all
The rest do nothing,—with this word, 'Stand, stand!'
Accommodated by the place, more charming
32
With their own nobleness,—which could have turn'd
A distaff to a lance,—gilded pale looks,

⁷ strait: narrow 20 country base: country game of prisoners' base 21 fit for: i.e. beautiful enough to be protected by 25 fleet: vanish 25-28 Stand . . . frown; cf n. 29 confident: in confidence 30 file: body of troops 32 more charming: charming others

Part shame, part spirit renew'd; that some, turn'd coward But by example,—O! a sin of war, 36 Damn'd in the first beginners,-'gan to look The way that they did, and to grin like lions Upon the pikes o' the hunters. Then began A stop i' the chaser, a retire, anon 40 A rout, confusion thick; forthwith they fly Chickens the way which they stoop'd eagles; slaves, The strides they victors made. And now our cowards-Like fragments in hard vovages-became The life o' the need; having found the back door open Of the unguarded hearts, Heavens! how they wound; Some slain before; some dving; some their friends O'er-borne i' the former wave; ten, chas'd by one, 48 Are now each one the slaughter-man of twenty; Those that would die or ere resist are grown The mortal bugs o' the field! Lord. This was strange chance: A narrow lane, an old man, and two boys! 52 Post. Nay, do not wonder at it; you are made Rather to wonder at the things you hear Than to work any. Will you rime upon 't, And vent it for a mockery? Here is one: 56 'Two boys, an old man twice a boy, a lane, Preserv'd the Britons, was the Romans' bane.' Lord. Nay, be not angry, sir. 'Lack! to what end? Post. Who dares not stand his foe, I'll be his friend; 60 For if he'll do, as he is made to do, I know he'll quickly fly my friendship too. You have put me into rime.

⁴² stoop'd: plunged
42, 43 slaves . . made; cf. n.
45 life o' the need: what sustained life in time of need
50 or ere: sooner than
51 bugs: terrors

Farewell; you're angry. Exit. Lord. Post. Still going?—This is a lord! O noble misery! To be i' the field, and ask, 'what news?' of me! 65 To-day how many would have given their honours To have sav'd their carcasses! took heel to do 't, And yet died too! I, in mine own woe charm'd, 68 Could not find death where I did hear him groan, Nor feel him where he struck: being an ugly monster, 'Tis strange he hides him in fresh cups, soft beds, Sweet words; or hath more ministers than we That draw his knives i' the war. Well, I will find him; For being now a favourer to the Briton, No more a Briton, I have resum'd again The part I came in; fight I will no more, 76 But yield me to the veriest hind that shall Once touch my shoulder. Great the slaughter is Here made by the Roman; great the answer be Britons must take. For me, my ransom's death; 80 On either side I come to spend my breath, Which neither here I'll keep nor bear again, But end it by some means for Imogen.

Enter two [British] Captains, and Soldiers.

1. Cap. Great Jupiter be praised! Lucius is taken. 'Tis thought the old man and his sons were angels. 85

2. Cap. There was a fourth man, in a silly habit,

That gave th' affront with them.

So 'tis reported; 1. Cap.

But none of 'em can be found. Stand! who is there? 88 Post. A Roman,

Who had not now been drooping here, if seconds Had answer'd him.

⁶⁴ noble misery: miserable nobility 74 now: but now 86 silly: simple 90 seconds: followers

⁷² more: other 77 hind: menial 87 affront: attack 91 answer'd: supported

2. Cap. Lay hands on him; a dog!
A leg of Rome shall not return to tell 92
What crows have peck'd them here. He brags his service

As if he were of note: bring him to the king.

Enter Cymbeline, Belarius, Guiderius, Arviragus, Pisanio, and Roman Captives. The Captains present Posthumus to Cymbeline, who delivers him over to a Gaoler [then exeunt omnes].

Scene Four

[Britain. A Prison]

Enter Posthumus and [two] Gaoler[s].

 Gaol. You shall not now be stol'n, you have locks upon you;

So graze as you find pasture.

2. Gaol.

Ay, or a stomach.

12

[Exeunt Gaolers.]

Post. Most welcome, bondage! for thou art a way,
I think, to liberty. Yet am I better

Than one that's sick o' the gout, since he had rather
Groan so in perpetuity than be cur'd
By the sure physician death, who is the key
To unbar these locks. My conscience, thou art fetter'd
More than my shanks and wrists: you good gods, give

me

The penitent instrument to pick that bolt; Then, free for ever! Is 't enough I am sorry? So children temporal fathers do appease;

Gods are more full of mercy. Must I repent?

1 Cf. n. 2 stòmach: appetite
10 penitent instrument: instrument of penance 11-17 Cf. n.

I cannot do it better than in gyves, Desir'd more than constrain'd: to satisfy. If of my freedom 'tis the main part, take 16 No stricter render of me than my all. I know you are more clement than vile men, Who of their broken debtors take a third, A sixth, a tenth, letting them thrive again 20 On their abatement: that's not my desire; For Imogen's dear life take mine; and though 'Tis not so dear, yet 'tis a life; you coin'd it; 'Tween man and man they weigh not every stamp; 24 Though light, take pieces for the figure's sake: You rather mine, being yours; and so great powers, If you will take this audit, take this life, And cancel these cold bonds. O Imogen! 28 I'll speak to thee in silence. [Sleeps.]

Solemn music. Enter, as in an apparition, Sicilius Leonatus, father to Posthumus, an old man, attired like a warrior; leading in his hand an ancient matron, his wife, and mother to Posthumus, with music before them. Then, after other music, follow the two young Leonati, brothers to Posthumus, with wounds, as they died in the wars. They circle Posthumus round, as he lies sleeping.

No more, thou thunder-master, show Sici. Thy spite on mortal flies: With Mars fall out, with Juno chide, 32 That thy adulteries Rates and revenges. Hath my poor boy done aught but well, Whose face I never saw? 36

¹⁴ gyves: fetters 24 stamp: coin

³⁰ thunder-master: Jupiter

²¹ abatement: diminished capital 26 You rather . . . yours; cf. n. 34 Rates: chides

| | I died whilst in the womb he stay'd | |
|----------|--|-----|
| | Attending nature's law: | |
| | Whose father then—as men report, | |
| | Thou orphans' father art— | 40 |
| | Thou shouldst have been, and shielded him | |
| | From this earth-vexing smart. | |
| Moth. | Lucina lent not me her aid, | |
| | But took me in my throes; | 44 |
| | That from me was Posthumus ript, | |
| | Came crying 'mongst his foes, | |
| | A thing of pity! | |
| Sici. | Great nature, like his ancestry, | 48 |
| | Moulded the stuff so fair, | |
| | That he deserv'd the praise o' the world, | |
| | As great Sicilius' heir. | |
| 1. Bro. | When once he was mature for man, | 52 |
| | In Britain where was he | |
| | That could stand up his parallel, | |
| | Or fruitful object be | |
| | In eye of Imogen, that best | 56 |
| | Could deem his dignity? | |
| Moth. | With marriage wherefore was he mock'd, | |
| | To be exil'd, and thrown | |
| | From Leonati seat, and cast | 60 |
| | From her his dearest one, | |
| | Sweet Imogen? | |
| Sici. | Why did you suffer Iachimo, | |
| | Slight thing of Italy, | 64 |
| | To taint his nobler heart and brain | |
| | With needless jealousy; | |
| | And to become the geck and scorn | |
| | O' the other's villainy? | 6 |
| 38 Atter | nding: awaiting na: goddess who assists in childbirth | |
| 57 deem | : judge 67 geck: | foo |

67 geck: fool

| 2. Bro. For this from stiller seats we came, | |
|--|-------|
| Our parents and us twain, | |
| That striking in our country's cause | |
| Fell bravely and were slain; | 72 |
| Our fealty and Tenantius' right | |
| With honour to maintain. | |
| 1. Bro. Like hardiment Posthumus hath | |
| To Cymbeline perform'd: | 76 |
| Then Jupiter, thou king of gods, | |
| Why hast thou thus adjourn'd | |
| The graces for his merits due, | |
| Being all to dolours turn'd? | 80 |
| Sici. Thy crystal window ope; look out; | |
| No longer exercise | |
| Upon a valiant race thy harsh | |
| And potent injuries. | 84 |
| Moth. Since, Jupiter, our son is good, | |
| Take off his miseries. | |
| Sici. Peep through thy marble mansion; help! | |
| Or we poor ghosts will cry | 88 |
| To the shining synod of the rest | |
| Against thy deity. | |
| Both Bro. Help, Jupiter! or we appeal, | |
| And from thy justice fly. | 92 |
| * * | |
| Jupiter descends in thunder and lightning, sitting | |
| an eagle: he throws a thunderbolt. The Ghost | s jau |
| on their knees. | |
| Jup. No more, you petty spirits of region low, | |
| Offend our hearing; hush! How dare you gho | sts |
| Accuse the thunderer, whose bolt, you know, | |
| Sky-planted, batters all rebelling coasts? | 96 |

Poor shadows of Elysium, hence; and rest

⁷⁵ hardiment: deeds of valor 80 dolours: sorrews

⁷⁸ adjourn'd: delayed 89 synod: assembly of gods

| Upon your never-withering banks of flowers: | |
|---|------|
| Be not with mortal accidents opprest; | |
| No care of yours it is; you know 'tis ours. | 100 |
| Whom best I love I cross, to make my gift, | 100 |
| The more delay'd, delighted. Be content; | |
| Your low-laid son our godhead will uplift: | |
| His comforts thrive, his trials well are spent. | 104 |
| Our Jovial star reign'd at his birth, and in | |
| Our temple was he married. Rise, and fade! | |
| He shall be lord of Lady Imogen, | |
| And happier much by his affliction made. | 108 |
| This tablet lay upon his breast, wherein | |
| Our pleasure his full fortune doth confine; | |
| And so, away: no further with your din | |
| Express impatience, lest you stir up mine. | 112 |
| Mount, eagle, to my palace crystalline. Ascer | nds |
| Sici. He came in thunder; his celestial breath | |
| Was sulphurous to smell; the holy eagle | |
| Stoop'd, as to foot us; his ascension is | 116 |
| More sweet than our bless'd fields; his royal bird | |
| Prunes the immortal wing and cloys his beak, | |
| As when his god is pleas'd. | |
| All. Thanks, Jupiter! | |
| Sici. The marble pavement closes; he is enter'd | 120 |
| His radiant roof. Away! and, to be blest, | |
| Let us with care perform his great behest. | |
| [The Ghosts] van | |
| Post. [Awaking.] Sleep, thou hast been a grands and begot | sire |
| A father to me; and thou hast created | 124 |
| A mother and two brothers. But—O scorn!— | |

102 delighted: delightful
116 as to foot us: as if to seize us in his talons
118 Prunes: preens cloys: claws 120 marble pavement: sky

Gone! they went hence so soon as they were born:

And so I am awake. Poor wretches, that depend On greatness' favour dream as I have done; 128 Wake, and find nothing. But, alas! I swerve: Many dream not to find, neither deserve, And vet are steep'd in favours; so am I, That have this golden chance and know not why. What fairies haunt this ground? A book? O rare one!

Be not, as is our fangled world, a garment Nobler than that it covers: let thy effects So follow, to be most unlike our courtiers, As good as promise.

Reads.

136

'Whenas a lion's whelp shall, to himself unknown, without seeking find, and be embraced by a piece of tender air; and when from a 140 stately cedar shall be lopped branches, which, being dead many years, shall after revive, be jointed to the old stock, and freshly grow, then shall Posthumus end his miseries, Britain be 144 fortunate, and flourish in peace and plenty.'

'Tis still a dream, or else such stuff as madmen Tongue and brain not; either both or nothing; Or senseless speaking, or a speaking such 148 As sense cannot untie. Be what it is, The action of my life is like it, which I'll keep, if but for sympathy.

Enter Gaoler.

Come, sir, are you ready for 152 Gaol. death?

Post. Over-roasted rather; ready long ago.

¹³³ book: writing 138 Whenas: when

¹²⁹ swerve: err 134 fangled: fond of finery 147 Tongue: speak brain: understand

Gaol. Hanging is the word, sir: if you be ready for that, you are well cooked.

Post. So, if I prove a good repast to the spectators, the dish pays the shot.

Gaol. A heavy reckoning for you, sir; but the comfort is, you shall be called to no 160 more payments, fear no more tavern-bills, which are often the sadness of parting, as the procuring of mirth. You come in faint for want of meat, depart reeling with too much drink, sorry 164 that you have paid too much; and sorry that you are paid too much; purse and brain both empty: the brain the heavier for being too light, the purse too light, being drawn of heaviness: 168 of this contradiction you shall now be quit. O! the charity of a penny cord; it sums up thousands in a trice: you have no true debitor and creditor but it; of what's past, is, and to come, 172 the discharge. Your neck, sir, is pen, book and counters; so the acquittance follows.

Post. I am merrier to die than thou art to live.

Gaol. Indeed, sir, he that sleeps feels 176 not the toothache; but a man that were to sleep your sleep, and a hangman to help him to bed, I think he would change places with his officer; for look you, sir, you know not which way you 180 shall go.

Post. Yes, indeed do I, fellow.

Gaol. Your death has eyes in 's head, then; I have not seen him so pictur'd: you 184 must either be directed by some that take upon them to know, or take upon yourself that which

¹⁵⁶ well cooked; cf. n 183 death: i.e. a death's head or skull

I am sure you do not know, or jump the after inquiry on your own peril: and how you shall 188 speed in your journey's end, I think you'll never return to tell one.

Post. I tell thee, fellow, there are none want eyes to direct them the way I am going but such 192 as wink and will not use them.

Gaol. What an infinite mock is this, that a man should have the best use of eyes to see the way of blindness! I am sure hanging's 196 the way of winking.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Knock off his manacles; bring your prisoner to the king.

Post. Thou bring'st good news; I am called 200 to be made free.

Gaol. I'll be hang'd, then.

Post. Thou shalt be then freer than a gaoler; no bolts for the dead.

Exeunt [all but Gaoler].

Gaol. Unless a man would marry a gallows and beget young gibbets, I never saw one so prone. Yet, on my conscience, there are verier knaves desire to live, for all he be a 208 Roman; and there be some of them too that die against their wills; so should I, if I were one. I would we were all of one mind, and one mind good; O! there were desolation of 212 gaolers and gallowses. I speak against my present profit, but my wish hath a preferment in 't.

Exit.

¹⁸⁷ jump: risk 193 wink: shut their eyes 214 hath a preferment; cf. n.

Scene Five

[Cymbeline's Tent]

Enter Cymbeline, Belarius, Guiderius, Arviragus, Pisanio, Lords [Officers, and Attendants].

Cym. Stand by my side, you whom the gods have made

Preservers of my throne. Woe is my heart That the poor soldier that so richly fought, Whose rags sham'd gilded arms, whose naked breast 4 Stepp'd before targes of proof, cannot be found: He shall be happy that can find him, if Our grace can make him so.

Bel.I never saw Such noble fury in so poor a thing; Such precious deeds in one that promis'd nought

But beggary and poor looks.

No tidings of him? Pis. He hath been search'd among the dead and

But no trace of him.

living,

Cym.

To my grief, I am Cym.The heir of his reward; which I will add

[To Belarius, Guiderius, and Arviragus.]

To you, the liver, heart, and brain of Britain, By whom, I grant, she lives. 'Tis now the time To ask of whence you are; report it.

Rel. Sir. 16

In Cambria are we born, and gentlemen: Further to boast were neither true nor modest, Unless I add, we are honest.

Cym.Bow your knees.

5 targes: shields 17 Cambria: Wales 11 search'd: sought

8

12

24

| Arise, my knights o' the battle: I create you Companions to our person, and will fit you | 20 |
|---|----|
| With dignities becoming your estates. | |
| Enter Cornelius and Ladies. | |
| | |

There's business in these faces. Why so sadly Greet you our victory? you look like Romans, And not o' the court of Britain.

Hail, great king!

To sour your happiness, I must report The queen is dead.

Cor.

Cym. Whom worse than a physician Would this report become? But I consider, 28 By medicine life may be prolong'd, yet death Will seize the doctor too. How ended she?

Cor. With horror, madly dying, like her life;
Which, being cruel to the world, concluded
Most cruel to herself. What she confess'd
I will report, so please you: these her women
Can trip me if I err, who with wet cheeks
Were present when she finish'd.

Cym. Prithee, say. 36
Cor. First, she confess'd she never lov'd you, only
Affected greatness got by you, not you;
Married your royalty, was wife to your place;
Abhorr'd your person.

Cym. She alone knew this; 40 And, but she spoke it dying, I would not Believe her lips in opening it. Proceed.

Cor. Your daughter, whom she bore in hand to love With such integrity, she did confess

44
Was as a scorpion to her sight; whose life,

²⁸ consider: remember 42 opening: revealing

But that her flight prevented it, she had Ta'en off by poison.

O most delicate fiend! Cym.Who is 't can read a woman? Is there more? 48 Cor. More, sir, and worse. She did confess she had For you a mortal mineral; which, being took, Should by the minute feed on life, and ling'ring, By inches waste you; in which time she purpos'd, 52 By watching, weeping, tendance, kissing, to O'ercome you with her show; yea, and in time-When she had fitted you with her craft-to work Her son into the adoption of the crown; But failing of her end by his strange absence, Grew shameless-desperate; open'd, in despite Of heaven and men, her purposes; repented The evils she hatch'd were not effected: so, 60

Heard you all this, her women? Cym.1. Lady. We did, so please your highness. Cym.Mine eyes

Were not in fault, for she was beautiful; Mine ears, that heard her flattery; nor my heart, That thought her like her seeming: it had been vicious To have mistrusted her: yet, O my daughter! That it was folly in me, thou mayst say, And prove it in thy feeling. Heaven mend all! 68

Enter Lucius, Iachimo, the Soothsayer, and other Roman Prisoners: Posthumus behind, and Imogen.

Thou com'st not, Caius, now for tribute; that The Britons have raz'd out, though with the loss Of many a bold one; whose kinsmen have made suit 71

Despairing died.

⁴⁶ prevented: anticipated

⁴⁷ delicate: artful 55 fitted: prepared 70 raz'd: blotted 50 mortal mineral: deadly poison 65 vicious: wrong

80

84

92

100

That their good souls may be appeas'd with slaughter Of you their captives, which ourself have granted: So, think of your estate.

Luc. Consider, sir, the chance of war: the day
Was yours by accident; had it gone with us,
We should not, when the blood was cool, have
threaten'd

Our prisoners with the sword. But since the gods Will have it thus, that nothing but our lives May be call'd ransom, let it come; sufficeth, A Roman with a Roman's heart can suffer; Augustus lives to think on 't; and so much For my peculiar care. This one thing only I will entreat; my boy, a Briton born, Let him be ransom'd; never master had A page so kind, so duteous, diligent,

So tender over his occasions, true,

So feat, so nurse-like. Let his virtue join 88 With my request, which I'll make bold your highness Cannot deny; he hath done no Briton harm, Though he have serv'd a Roman. Save him, sir,

And spare no blood beside.

Cym. I have surely seen him;

His favour is familiar to me. Boy, Thou hast look'd thyself into my grace,

And art mine own. I know not why nor wherefore 96 To say, 'live, boy': ne'er thank thy master; live:

And ask of Cymbeline what boon thou wilt,

Fitting my bounty and thy state, I'll give it;

Yea, though thou do demand a prisoner, The noblest ta'en.

74 estate: situation

80 sufficeth: it suffices

⁸³ peculiar: personal
87 So tender . . . occasions: so considerate in attending to his duties
88 feat: destrous virtue: merit

Imo.I humbly thank your highness. Luc. I do not bid thee beg my life, good lad; And yet I know thou wilt. No, no; alack! Imo. There's other work in hand. I see a thing 104 Bitter to me as death; your life, good master, Must shuffle for itself. The boy disdains me, Luc. He leaves me, scorns me; briefly die their joys That place them on the truth of girls and boys. 108 Why stands he so perplex'd? What wouldst thou, boy? Cym.I love thee more and more; think more and more What's best to ask. Know'st him thou look'st on? speak: Wilt have him live? Is he thy kin? thy friend? 112 Imo. He is a Roman; no more kin to me Than I to your highness; who, being born your vassal, Am something nearer. Wherefore ey'st him so? Cym.Imo. I'll tell you, sir, in private, if you please 116 To give me hearing. Ay, with all my heart, Cym.And lend my best attention. What's thy name? Imo. Fidele, sir. Cym.Thou'rt my good youth, my page; I'll be thy master: walk with me; speak freely. [Cymbeline and Imogen converse apart.] Bel. Is not this boy reviv'd from death? Arv. One sand another Not more resembles;—that sweet rosy lad Who died, and was Fidele. What think you? Gui. The same dead thing alive. 124 Bel. Peace, peace! see further; he eyes us not; forbear;

Creatures may be alike; were 't he, I am sure He would have spoke to us.

Gui. But we saw him dead.

Bel. Be silent; let's see further.

Pis. [Aside.] It is my mistress: 128

Since she is living, let the time run on

To good, or bad.

[Cymbeline and Imogen come forward.]

Cym. [To Imogen.] Come, stand thou by our side:

Make thy demand aloud.—[To Iachimo.] Sir, step you forth;

Give answer to this boy, and do it freely,

132

144

Or, by our greatness and the grace of it,

Which is our honour, bitter torture shall

Winnow the truth from falsehood.—[To Imogen.] On, speak to him.

Imo. My boon is, that this gentleman may render 136 Of whom he had this ring.

Post. [Aside.] What's that to him?

Cym. That diamond upon your finger, say

How came it yours?

Iach. Thou'lt torture me to leave unspoken that 140 Which, to be spoke, would torture thee.

Cym. How! me? Iach. I am glad to be constrain'd to utter that

Which torments me to conceal. By villainy

I got this ring; 'twas Leonatus' jewel,

Whom thou didst banish, and—which more may grieve thee.

As it doth me-a nobler sir ne'er liv'd

140 to leave: for leaving

'Twixt sky and ground. Wilt thou hear more, my lord?

Cum. All that belongs to this.

That paragon, thy daughter, - 148 For whom my heart drops blood, and my false spirits Quail to remember, -Give me leave; I faint.

Cym. My daughter! what of her? Renew thy . strength:

I had rather thou shouldst live while nature will Than die ere I hear more. Strive, man, and speak.

Iach. Upon a time,—unhappy was the clock That struck the hour !-- it was in Rome, -- accurs'd The mansion where !—'twas at a feast—O, would 156 Our viands had been poison'd, or at least

Those which I heav'd to head!-the good Posthumus,---

What should I say? he was too good to be Where ill men were; and was the best of all 160 Amongst the rar'st of good ones; -sitting sadly Hearing us praise our loves of Italy For beauty that made barren the swell'd boast Of him that best could speak; for feature laming 164

The shrine of Venus, or straight-pight Minerva, Postures beyond brief nature; for condition, A shop of all the qualities that man Loves woman for; besides that hook of wiving,

Fairness which strikes the eye.

168

I stand on fire.

Come to the matter.

Cym.

Iach. All too soon I shall,

161 sadly: soberly 164 feature: proportion of parts laming: making seem deformed 165 shrine: statue straight-pight: erect

166 Postures . . . nature; cf. n. 167 shop: storehouse condition: character

168 hook of wiving; cf. n.

Unless thou wouldst grieve quickly. This Posthumus---Most like a noble lord in love, and one 172 That had a royal lover—took his hint: And, not dispraising whom we prais'd, -therein He was as calm as virtue,—he began His mistress' picture; which by his tongue being made. 176 And then a mind put in 't, either our brags Were crack'd of kitchen trulls, or his description Prov'd us unspeaking sots. Nay, nay, to the purpose. Cym.Iach. Your daughter's chastity, there it begins. 180 He spake of her as Dian had hot dreams, And she alone were cold; whereat I, wretch, Made scruple of his praise, and wager'd with him Pieces of gold 'gainst this, which then he wore 184 Upon his honour'd finger, to attain In suit the place of his bed, and win this ring By hers and mine adultery. He, true knight, No lesser of her honour confident 188 Than I did truly find her, stakes this ring; And would so, had it been a carbuncle Of Phœbus' wheel; and might so safely, had it Been all the worth of 's car. Away to Britain 192 Post I in this design. Well may you, sir, Remember me at court, where I was taught Of your chaste daughter the wide difference 'Twixt amorous and villainous. Being thus quench'd Of hope, not longing, mine Italian brain 197

¹⁷⁸ crack'd: uttered boastfully trulls: sluts 179 unspeaking sots: fools incapable of speech

¹⁸¹ as: as if, in comparison
183 Made scruple: expressed doubt
186 In suit: by suing

¹⁹¹ Of Phœbus' wheel: from the wheel of the chariot of the sun 192 car: chariot

| 'Gan in your duller Britain operate | |
|---|-----|
| Most vilely; for my vantage, excellent; | |
| And, to be brief, my practice so prevail'd, | 200 |
| That I return'd with simular proof enough | |
| To make the noble Leonatus mad, | |
| By wounding his belief in her renown | |
| With tokens thus, and thus; averring notes | 204 |
| Of chamber-hanging, pictures, this her bracelet;- | - |
| Oh cunning! how I got it!—nay, some marks | |
| Of secret on her person, that he could not | |
| But think her bond of chastity quite crack'd, | 208 |
| I having ta'en the forfeit. Whereupon,— | |
| Methinks I see him now,— | |
| Post. [Coming forward.] Ay, so thou dost, | |
| Italian fiend!—Ay me, most credulous fool, | |
| Egregious murderer, thief, anything | 212 |
| That's due to all the villains past, in being, | |
| To come. O! give me cord, or knife, or poison, | |
| Some upright justicer. Thou king, send out | |
| For torturers ingenious; it is I | 216 |
| That all the abhorred things o' the earth amend | |
| By being worse than they. I am Posthumus, | |
| That kill'd thy daughter; villain-like, I lie; | |
| That caus'd a lesser villain than myself, | 220 |
| A sacrilegious thief, to do 't; the temple | |
| Of virtue was she; yea, and she herself. | |
| Spit, and throw stones, east mire upon me, set | |
| The dogs o' the street to bay me; every villain | 224 |
| Be call'd Posthumus Leonatus; and | |
| Be villainy less than 'twas! O Imogen! | |
| My queen, my life, my wife! O Imogen, | |
| Imogen, Imogen! | |

200 practice: stratagem
201 simular: specious
203 renown: good name
204 averring: avouching
217 amend: make seem less vile
222 she herself: i.e. virtue hers if

Imo. Peace, my lord! hear, hear! 228

Post. Shall's have a play of this? Thou scornful page,

There lie thy part. [Striking her: she falls.]

Pis. O, gentlemen, help!

Mine, and your mistress! O! my Lord Posthumus, You ne'er kill'd Imogen till now. Help, help! 232 Mine honour'd lady!

Cym. Does the world go round?

Post. How come these staggers on me?

Pis. Wake, my mistress!

Cym. If this be so, the gods do mean to strike me To death with mortal joy.

Pis. How fares my mistress? 236

Imo. O! get thee from my sight:

Thou gav'st me poison: dangerous fellow, hence! Breathe not where princes are.

Cym. The tune of Imogen!
Pis. Lady, 240

The gods throw stones of sulphur on me, if That box I gave you was not thought by me A precious thing: I had it from the queen.

Cym. New matter still?

Imo. It poison'd me.

Cor. O gods! 244

I left out one thing which the queen confess'd,
Which must approve thee honest: 'If Pisanio
Have,' said she, 'given his mistress that confection
Which I gave him for cordial, she is serv'd
As I would serve a rat.'

Cym. What's this, Cornelius? Cor. The queen, sir, very oft importun'd me

234 staggers: dizziness 241 stones of sulphur: thunderbolts To temper poisons for her, still pretending
The satisfaction of her knowledge only
In killing creatures vile, as cats and dogs,
Of no esteem; I, dreading that her purpose
Was of more danger, did compound for her
A certain stuff, which, being ta'en, would cease
The present power of life, but in short time
All offices of nature should again
Do their due functions. Have you ta'en of it?

Imo. Most like I did, for I was dead.

Bel. My boys, 260

There was our error.

Gui. This is, sure, Fidele.

Imo. Why did you throw your wedded lady from you?

Think that you are upon a rock; and now

Throw me again. [Embracing him.]

Post. Hang there like fruit, my soul, 264

Till the tree die!

Cym. How now, my flesh, my child!

What, mak'st thou me a dullard in this act?

Wilt thou not speak to me?

Imo. [Kneeling.] Your blessing, sir.

Bel. [To Guiderius and Arviragus.] Though you did love this youth, I blame ye not; 268

You had a motive for 't.

Cym. My tears that fall

Prove holy water on thee! Imogen, Thy mother's dead.

Imo. I am sorry for 't, my lord.

Cym. O, she was naught; and long of her it was 272 That we meet here so strangely; but her son

²⁵¹ temper: compound
268 blame ye not: i.e. am not surprised
269 motive: reason
272 vaught: worthless long of: because of

288 forfend: forbid

| Is gone, we know not how, nor where. | |
|--|-----|
| Pis. My lord, | |
| Now fear is from me, I'll speak troth. Lord Cloten | , |
| Upon my lady's missing, came to me | 276 |
| With his sword drawn, foam'd at the mouth, and sw | ore |
| If I discover'd not which way she was gone, | |
| It was my instant death. By accident, | |
| I had a feigned letter of my master's | 280 |
| Then in my pocket, which directed him | |
| To seek her on the mountains near to Milford; | |
| Where, in a frenzy, in my master's garments, | |
| Which he enforc'd from me, away he posts | 284 |
| With unchaste purpose and with oath to violate | |
| My lady's honour; what became of him | |
| I further know not. | |
| Gui. Let me end the story: | |
| I slew him there. | |
| Cym. Marry, the gods forfend! | 288 |
| I would not thy good deeds should from my lips | |
| Pluck a hard sentence: prithee, valiant youth, | |
| Deny't again. | |
| Gui. I have spoke it, and I did it. | |
| Cym. He was a prince. | 292 |
| Gui. A most incivil one. The wrongs he did me | |
| Were nothing princelike; for he did provoke me | |
| With language that would make me spurn the sea | |
| If it could so roar to me. I cut off 's head; | 296 |
| And am right glad he is not standing here | |
| To tell this tale of mine. | |
| Cym. I am sorry for thee: | |
| By thine own tongue thou art condemn'd, and mus | t |
| Endure our law. Thou'rt dead. | |
| Imo. That headless man | 300 |
| | |

275 troth: truth

I thought had been my lord. Cym. Bind the offender. And take him from our presence. Rel Stav, sir king: This man is better than the man he slew, As well descended as thyself; and hath 304 More of thee merited than a band of Clotens Had ever scar for. [To the Guard.] Let his arms alone; They were not born for bondage. Why, old soldier, Cym.Wilt thou undo the worth thou art unpaid for 308 By tasting of our wrath? How of descent As good as we? In that he spake too far. Arv. Cym. And thou shalt die for 't. We will die all three: Bel.But I will prove that two on 's are as good 312 As I have given out him. My sons, I must For mine own part unfold a dangerous speech, Though, haply, well for you. Your danger's ours. Arv. Gui. And our good his. Have at it, then, by leave. 316 Bel.Thou hadst, great king, a subject who was call'd Belarius. What of him? he is Cym.A banish'd traitor. Bel. He it is that hath Assum'd this age: indeed, a banish'd man; 320 I know not how a traitor. Cym.Take him hence:

Bel. Not too hot:

The whole world shall not save him.

First pay me for the nursing of thy sons;

And let it be confiscate all so soon 324 As I have receiv'd it. Cym.Nursing of my sons! Bel. I am too blunt and saucy; here's my knee: Ere I arise I will prefer my sons; Then spare not the old father. Mighty sir, 328 These two young gentlemen, that call me father, And think they are my sons, are none of mine; They are the issue of your loins, my liege,

And blood of your begetting.

Cym.How! my issue! Bel. So sure as you your father's. I, old Morgan, Am that Belarius whom you sometime banish'd: Your pleasure was my mere offence, my punishment Itself, and all my treason; that I suffer'd 336 Was all the harm I did. These gentle princes-For such and so they are—these twenty years Have I train'd up; those arts they have as I Could put into them; my breeding was, sir, as 340 Your highness knows. Their nurse, Euriphile, Whom for the theft I wedded, stole these children Upon my banishment: I mov'd her to 't, Having receiv'd the punishment before, 344 For that which I did then; beaten for loyalty Excited me to treason. Their dear loss, The more of you 'twas felt the more it shap'd Unto my end of stealing them. But, gracious sir, Here are your sons again; and I must lose Two of the sweet'st companions in the world. The benediction of these covering heavens Fall on their heads like dew! for they are worthy

³³⁵ pleasure: caprice mere: sole 345 beaten: i.e. my being beaten 347, 348 shap'd . . . end: fitted my purpose

363 probation: proof

To inlay heaven with stars. Thou weep'st, and speak'st. Cym. The service that you three have done is more Unlike than this thou tell'st. I lost my children: If these be they, I know not how to wish 356 A pair of worthier sons. Be pleas'd awhile. Bel. This gentleman, whom I call Polydore, Most worthy prince, as yours, is true Guiderius; This gentleman, my Cadwal, Arviragus, 360 Your younger princely son; he, sir, was lapp'd In a most curious mantle, wrought by the hand Of his queen mother, which, for more probation, I can with ease produce. Guiderius had Cym.364 Upon his neck a mole, a sanguine star; It was a mark of wonder. Rel. This is he, Who hath upon him still that natural stamp. It was wise nature's end in the donation, 368 To be his evidence now. O! what, am I Cym. A mother to the birth of three? Ne'er mother Rejoic'd deliverance more. Blest pray you be, That, after this strange starting from your orbs, 372 You may reign in them now. O Imogen! Thou hast lost by this a kingdom. Imo.No, my lord; I have got two worlds by 't. O my gentle brothers! Have we thus met? O, never say hereafter 376 But I am truest speaker: you call'd me brother, When I was but your sister; I you brothers 354, 355 The service . . . tell'st; cf. n. 361 lapp'd: wrapped

371 Rejoic'd: joyed in

When ye were so indeed.

Cym.Did you e'er meet?

Arv. Ay, my good lord.

Gui. And at first meeting lov'd; 380

Continued so, until we thought he died.

Cor. By the queen's dram she swallow'd.

Cym.O rare instinct!

When shall I hear all through? This fierce abridgment

Hath to it circumstantial branches, which

Distinction should be rich in. Where? how liv'd you?

And when came you to serve our Roman captive?

How parted with your brothers? how first met them? Why fled you from the court, and whither? These, 388

And your three motives to the battle, with

I know not how much more, should be demanded,

And all the other by-dependances,

From chance to chance, but nor the time nor place 392

Will serve our long interrogatories. See,

Posthumus anchors upon Imogen,

And she, like harmless lightning, throws her eye

On him, her brothers, me, her master, hitting 396

Each object with a joy: the counterchange

Is severally in all. Let's quit this ground,

And smoke the temple with our sacrifices.

[To Belarius.] Thou art my brother; so we'll hold thee ever. 400

Imo. You are my father too; and did relieve me, To see this gracious season.

All o'erjoy'd Cym.

Save these in bonds; let them be joyful too, For they shall taste our comfort.

³⁸³ fierce abridgment: rapid narration
385 Distinction . . . rich in; cf. n.
391 by-dependances: side-issues
397, 398 the counterchange . . . all; cf. n. 389 your three: of you three 396 her master: i.e. Lucius

Happy be you!

My good master, 404

Imo.

I will yet do you service.

The thankings of a king. Post. I am. sir. 408 The soldier that did company these three In poor beseeming; 'twas a fitment for The purpose I then follow'd. That I was he, Speak, Iachimo; I had you down and might 412 Have made you finish. [Kneeling.] I am down again; But now my heavy conscience sinks my knee, As then your force did. Take that life, beseech you, Which I so often owe, but your ring first, 416 And here the bracelet of the truest princess That ever swore her faith. Post. Kneel not to me: The power that I have on you is to spare you; The malice towards you to forgive you. Live, 420 And deal with others better. Cym.Nobly doom'd: We'll learn our freeness of a son-in-law: Pardon's the word to all. Arn. You holp us, sir. As you did mean indeed to be our brother; 424 Joy'd are we that you are. Post. Your servant, princes. Good my lord of Rome, Call forth your soothsayer. As I slept, methought Great Jupiter, upon his eagle back'd. 428 Appear'd to me, with other spritely shows 410 beseeming: appearance fitment: preparation 413 finish: die 421 doom'd: judged 422 freeness: generosity 429 spritely shows: ghostly apparitions

Cym. The forlorn soldier, that so nobly fought, He would have well becom'd this place and grac'd

Of mine own kindred: when I wak'd, I found This label on my bosom; whose containing Is so from sense in hardness that I can 432 Make no collection of it; let him show His skill in the construction. Luc. Philarmonus! Sooth. Here, my good lord. Read, and declare the meaning. Luc.Sooth. [Reads.] 'Whenas a lion's whelp shall, 436 to himself unknown, without seeking find, and be embraced by a piece of tender air; and when from a stately cedar shall be lopped branches, which, being dead many years, shall after revive, be 440 jointed to the old stock, and freshly grow: then shall Posthumus end his miseries, Britain be fortunate, and flourish in peace and plenty.' Thou, Leonatus, art the lion's whelp; 444 The fit and apt construction of thy name, Being Leo-natus, doth import so much. [To Cymbeline.] The piece of tender air, thy virtuous daughter, Which we call mollis aer; and mollis aer 448 We term it mulier; which mulier, I divine, Is this most constant wife; who, even now, Answering the letter of the oracle, Unknown to you, [To Posthumus.] unsought, were clipp'd about 452

With this most tender air.

Cym. This hath some seeming-Sooth. The lofty cedar, royal Cymbeline, Personates thee, and thy lopp'd branches point 'Thy two sons forth; who, by Belarius stolen,

431 containing: contents 433 collection: deduction 452 clipp'd: clasped 432 from sense: incomprehensible 448 mollis aer: tender air

| For many years thought dead, are now reviv'd, | |
|--|------|
| To the majestic cedar join'd, whose issue | |
| Promises Britain peace and plenty. | |
| Cym. Well; | |
| My peace we will begin. And, Caius Lucius, | 460 |
| Although the victor, we submit to Cæsar, | |
| And to the Roman empire; promising | |
| To pay our wonted tribute, from the which | |
| We were dissuaded by our wicked queen; | 464 |
| Whom heavens—in justice both on her and hers— | |
| Have laid most heavy hand. | |
| Sooth. The fingers of the powers above do tune | |
| The harmony of this peace. The vision, | 468 |
| Which I made known to Lucius ere the stroke | |
| Of this yet scarce-cold battle, at this instant | |
| Is full accomplish'd; for the Roman eagle, | |
| From south to west on wing soaring aloft, | 472 |
| Lessen'd herself, and in the beams o' the sun | |
| So vanish'd: which foreshow'd our princely eagle, | |
| The imperial Cæsar, should again unite | |
| His favour with the radiant Cymbeline, | 476 |
| Which shines here in the west. | |
| Cym. Laud we the gods; | |
| And let our crooked smokes climb to their nostrils | |
| From our bless'd altars. Publish we this peace | |
| To all our subjects. Set we forward: let | 480 |
| A Roman and a British ensign wave | |
| Friendly together; so through Lud's town march: | |
| And in the temple of great Jupiter | |
| Our peace we'll ratify; seal it with feasts. | 484 |
| Set on there. Never was a war did cease, | |
| Ere bloody hands were wash'd, with such a peace. | |
| Exe | unt. |

NOTES

I. i. 1-3. our bloods No more obey the heavens than our courtiers Still seem as does the king. Our dispositions are no more surely governed by the heavens, i.e. the stars, than are the looks of courtiers governed by the expression of the king.

I. i. 25. extend him within himself. 'My praise however extensive is within his merit.' (Johnson.)

I. i. 30, 31. According to Shakespeare, Cassibelan was Cymbeline's uncle, Tenantius Cymbeline's father.

Holinshed gives a different genealogy.

I. i. 69. S. d. In the Folio this stage direction is the first in *Scena secunda*. Most modern editors make no change of scene, as there is no change of place or lapse of time.

I. i. 87. Always reserv'd my holy duty. Never forgetting my sacred filial duty of respect; the modern equivalent would be 'with all due respect to my dear father.'

I. i. 101. Though ink be made of gall. 'Though the accent falls metrically on made I prefer to place it on

be.' (Furness.)

I. i. 104-106. I never do him wrong But he does buy my injuries, to be friends Pays dear for my offences. Whenever I do him wrong I make it appear that he has wronged me and force him to buy off my wrath; in order to be friends he is willing to assume the blame and pay dear for my offences.

I. i. 116, 117. cere up my embracements from a next With bands of death. Folio reads sear up, and many former editors have explained the phrase as meaning to dry up, cause to wither etc. Furness points out that the New English Dictionary gives sear as a sixteenth and seventeenth century form of cere

(i.e. to wrap in a shroud of waxed cloth), and feels that the reference to the bands of death 'leaves no doubt that the word here alludes to the cerements of death.'

I. i. 146, 147. overbuys me Almost the sum he pays. 'That is, he gives himself, worth any woman, and gets in return only my almost worthless self.' (Rolfe.)

I. ii. 13, 14. 'In order to spare him, Posthumus's steel sneaked roundabout Cloten's body, like a debtor trying to avoid his creditors.' (Delius.) Possibly, however, the reference is to Cloten's sword and his awkwardness in fighting.

I. ii. 36, 37. The second lord plays on the word sign, interpreting it as constellation, and reflection as

planetary influence.

I. iii. 4. As offer'd mercy is. The clause which ends with this phrase is a good example of Shakespeare's elliptical style in Cymbeline. Imogen's meaning is obvious, viz. the loss of a letter from Posthumus would be as hard to bear as the loss of a reprieve to a criminal (or possibly as the loss of God's mercy to a sinner).

I. iii. 17. I would have broke mine eye-strings, crack'd them. The eye-strings, or tendons of the eye,

were supposed to crack at the loss of sight.

I. iii. 34-37. Utterly worthless are the guesses of editors as to what Imogen's two charming words would have been. As the north wind shakes the buds on the trees and so prevents their growing, so Cymbeline's anger prevents this bud of love from ripening further.

I. iv. 13, 14. Dowden quotes 3 Henry VI II. i. 91,92: 'Nay, if thou be that princely eagle's bird, Show thy descent by gazing 'gainst the sun.'

I. iv. 17, 18. words him . . . a great deal from the matter. 'Makes the description of him very distant

from the truth.' (Johnson.)

I. iv. 20-22. the approbation of those that weep this lamentable divorce under her colours are wonderfully to extend him. The praise of Posthumus by those friends and followers of Imogen who bewail their separation (those that under her colors weep this lamentable divorce) tends greatly to increase his reputation. The obscurity of this sentence rises from the incorrect position of the phrase 'under her colours,' and from the plural verb 'are' where a singular is required.

I. iv. 50-52. rather shunned to go even with what I heard than in my every action to be guided by others' experiences. Posthumus means apparently that as a young man he preferred to avoid agreeing exactly with all that he neard to being guided in every action by

the experience of others.

I. iv. 62, 63. which may, without contradiction, suffer the report. 'Which may, undoubtedly, be publicly told.' (Johnson.)
I. iv. 66, 67. upon warrant of bloody affirmation.

'Pledging himself to seal the truth of it with his blood.'

(Rolfe.)

I. iv. 151. a friend. This is the First Folio reading and is intelligible: Iachimo says jocularly 'You are her friend and thus know her too well to risk much on her chastity.' Theobald altered a friend to afraid and in this reading has been followed by many editors.

I. iv. 171-173. provided I have your commendation for my more free entertainment. Provided that you

will commend me to her generous hospitality.

I. v. 58. To be depender on a thing that leans. 'To be dependent on one who is himself dependent on others.' (Furness.) In the light of the two following lines Furness's interpretation seems less satisfactory than Johnson's, 'To be dependent on something that inclines towards its fall.'

I. vi. 6-9. most miserable . . . comfort. Those who have the most exalted desires are the most miserable of men (because their desires are likely to be unattainable); but happy are they, however humble, who attain their simple desires, for the fact of attainment gives a relish to (seasons) comfort.

I. vi. 20. Parthian, 'The ancient Parthian manner of fighting was to shoot at an adversary while flying or pretending to fly.' (Century Dictionary.)

I. vi. 34-38. which can distinguish . . . foul. Eves which can distinguish between one star and another and between two stones of identical appearance as they lie on the beach which is covered by numbers of them. And with such precious spectacles (as our eyes) can we not distinguish between fair and foul?

I. vi. 44-46. 'Desire when it approached sluttery, and considered it in comparison with such neat excellence, would not only be not so allured to feed, but seized with a fit of loathing would vomit emptiness, would feel the convulsions of disgust, though, being unfed, it had nothing to eject.' (Johnson.)

I. vi. 97, 98. timely knowing, The remedy then born. 'Upon timely knowledge the remedy is

straightway born.' (Dowden.)
I. vi. 103, 104. Takes prisoner . . . here. 'From her alone does the passion of my eye catch fire.' (Dowden.) Many editors have followed the reading of the later Folios which changed 'Fiering' of the First Folio to 'Fixing.'

I. vi. 113-117. Not I . . . out. 'It is not I who divulge the utter depths of his change, inclined though I be to impart the news, but 'tis your leveliness that has conjured up this report from the innermost silence of my consciousness.' (Furness.) Probably 'inclined' should rather be taken in the sense of 'because inclined'

II. i. 2, 3. when I kissed the jack, upon an up-cast to be hit away. The reference is to the game of bowls. The jack is the small bowl at which the others are aimed. The player 'kisses the jack' when his bowl

touches it without moving it. Cloten's bowl was knocked away from this advantageous position by

another bowler who rolled straight up.

II. i. 12, 14. curtail, crop. The verb to curtail is from the obsolete word 'curtal,' meaning a horse with a docked tail; hence the second lord's feeble pun about cropping ears.

II. i. 26, 27. capon . . . comb on. Both these

words refer probably to the fool's cap or coxcomb.

II. ii. 12. Our Tarquin. 'Our' because Iachimo is an Italian. The story of Tarquin is told by Shakespeare in The Rape of Lucrece.

II. ii. 13. press the rushes. Tread upon the rushes (which, in Shakespeare's own time, were strewn upon

the floors).

II. ii. 17, 18. Iachimo longs to kiss Imogen's lips, 'rubies unparagon'd,' but obviously is not so foolhardy as to attempt it. The lips themselves do exquisitely,

'dearly,' what Iachimo longs to do.

II. ii. 22, 23. The white and azure refer to the white eyelids with their blue veins. Cf. Keats, Eve of St. Agnes, 'And still she slept an azure-lidded sleep.' In both cases 'the blue of heaven' in the eyelids of the sleeper is intended to denote her purity.

IÎ. ii. 27. contents o' the story. Details of the

story pictured on the arras.

II. ii. 34. Gordian knot. The knot tied by Gordius, king of Phrygia, which was so intricate that no one could untie it. An oracle declared that he who loosed it should be master of Asia. Alexander the Great cut

it, and the oracle was fulfilled.

II. ii. 45. The tale of Tereus. Tereus married Procne. According to some versions of the myth, he tired of her, pretended she was dead, invited her sister Philomela to be his wife, ravished her, and tore out her tongue. Philomela contrived to communicate with Procne. Together they killed Itys, son of Tereus

and served him up in a dish for Tereus to eat. Tereus was changed to a hawk, Procne to a swallow, Philomela to a nightingale.

II. ii. 48, 49. that dawning May bare the raven's eye. That dawn may open the eye of the raven, a bird

that wakes early.

II. ii. 51. time. Iachimo has heard Imogen ask to be called at four. As the clock strikes he counts 'one, two, three,' and on the fourth stroke shuts the lid of the trunk saying, 'time, time.' (Ingleby.)

II. iii. 2, 3. turned up ace. The reference is to cutting a pack of cards, upon which occasion only ace is low. Ace and ass were pronounced alike: the first

lord is quibbling.

II. iii. 136. south-fog. 'Southerne winds vnbind humours . . . & they cause heavinesse of wits of feeling: they corrupt and destroye, they heat, and maketh men fall into sicknesse. And they breed the gout, the falling euill, itch, and the ague.' (Batman uppon Bartholme, 1582, lib. xi, chap. 3, quoted by Furness.) Compare Coriolanus I. iv. 30: 'All the contagion of the south light on you!'

II. iv. 6-8. in these fear'd hopes . . . debtor. If these hopes, which are mixed with fears, are realised, I shall barely have enough to repay your affection; if they are not realised, I shall die much in your debt. Tyrwhitt's emendation, seared for feared, has been

followed by many editors.

II. iv. 24. mingled with their courage. The First Folio reads 'wing-led with their courages.' Dowden interprets this to mean that wings of their army are led by courageous commanders. All the later Folios correct wing-led to read mingled, but retain the plural form of courage. The First Folio reading of this passage requires a rather ingenious but far-fetched interpretation.

II. iv. 73, 74. strive In workmanship and value.

In it the workmanship and the intrinsic value strive with each other for preëminence.

II. iv. 83. likely to report themselves. So lifelike

that one might expect them to speak.

II. iv. 83-85. the cutter . . . out. 'The sculptor was as nature, but as nature dumb; he gave everything that nature gives but breath and motion.' (Johnson.)

III. i. 20. 'The sea is made by the figure of speech a park, and the rocks a fence of oaks that pale it in.' (Porter & Clark.)

III. ii. 34. For it doth physic love. 'Grief in absence keeps love in health and vigour.' (Jehnson.)

III. ii. 36, 37. Lovers And men in dangerous bonds pray not alike. I.e. lovers bless the bees for the wax which seals their letters; prisoners curse the bees for the wax which seals their forfeited bonds.

III. ii. 42, 43. as you...eyes. A carelessly constructed sentence which a multitude of emendations and explanations makes no clearer. Posthumus seems to mean that a loving look from Imogen would renew and revive him, no matter how cruel the law and her father's wrath had been to him. Cf. Romeo: 'Look thou but sweet, And I am proof against their enmity.' (Romeo and Juliet II. ii. 72, 73.)

III. ii. 66. Why should excuse be born or ere begot? 'Why contrive an excuse before the act is done for which the excuse will be necessary?' (Malone.)

III. ii. 73, 74. sands That run i' the clock's behalf. 'Sands of the hour-glass that run instead of the clock.' (Collier.)

III. ii. 79-81. I see . . . through. I see only the course that lies directly before me. Everything else,

here, and here, and beyond, is obscure.

III. iii. 16, 17. This service . . . allow'd. Belarius, in his involved style, is here, I think, expressing

sentiments akin to those expressed more clearly in the Collect for Peace by the clause 'whose service is perfect freedom.' 'This servile labour of ours is not servile, being done as we do it, but being so done it is approved (allowed) or enjoyed by us.'

III. iii. 25, 26. Such men receive deference from the tradesmen who made the finery, but their accounts are not cancelled (for all this deference). Theirs is

no life compared with ours.

III. iii. 51. which dies i' the search. Editors disagree about the antecedent of which, whether it is pain, or name, or fame and honour. The punctuation of the First Folio would indicate that fame and honour were not the antecedents, for there is a comma after fame. Whatever the antecedent, the general import of the sentence is clear.

III. iii. 96-98. in as like . . . conceiving. 'That is, acting my words as graphically as his brother. While Guiderius's gestures reflect the immediate impression of Belarius's tale, Arviragus, a more imaginative hearer, heightens what he hears by his greater energy of conception.' (Herford.) Figure is used in the sense of an acted part, as in Tempest III. iii. 83.

III. iv. 52. Whose mother was her painting. 'Who

was born of her paint-box.' (Hudson.)

III. iv. 60, 61. *Eneas, Sinon*. The reference is to Eneas's desertion of Dido, queen of Carthage; cf. Vergil's *Eneid*, Bk. IV. Sinon, a Greek, with tears and protests deceived the Trojans, and persuaded them to take the wooden horse, filled with Greek soldiers, into the city of Troy.

III. iv. 83. scriptures. Imogen uses the word literally in reference to the letters of Posthumus, which she implies have been her 'sacred writings'; then she plays on the word, using Holy Scripture as a synonym of orthodoxy, as opposed to heresy, in the next line.

III. iv. 86. stomachers. Again Imogen plays on

words. She removes Posthumus's letters from her bosom, saying that she will no more use them as stomachers, as ornamental breast-coverings, worn by women, were called; but she also has in mind the word stomach in its significance as courage: the letters of Posthumus will never again bring courage to her heart.

III. iv. 135. This line lacks one syllable in the Folios. Many editors, following Theobald, correct this defect in metre by adding the word *Cloten* to the end of the line. Porter and Clark, defending the Folio reading, suggest that the time of the missing word is filled up 'by Imogen's exasperated pause, when she can think of nothing bad enough further, except his name.'

III. iv. 140, 141. I' the world's volume Our Britain seems as of it, but not in 't. Britain seems like a page torn out of the volume; of it, but not in it.

III. iv. 177, 178. which will make him know, If that his head have ear in music. Pisanio is, I think, referring to the music of Imogen's voice. Your very telling of your accomplishments will, he says, make him realize one of them if he has a musical ear.

III. v. 9. your Grace, and you. Perhaps the you refers to Cloten, but I think not, for the farewell to Cloten seems to come in line 12; perhaps Lucius means to distinguish between the Queen and the woman, 'all joy to you as Queen and as woman'; or perhaps for you we should read yours.

III. vi. 7. Foundations. Used quibblingly for (1) things which are supposedly fixed and permanent, and (2) endowed institutions, such as hospitals. Compare the following clause, 'such, I mean, where they should be relieved.'

III. vi. 24. Take or lend. Take my life or give me food, or 'Take what I have before (or in the sense of ere) you give me food.' (Dowden.)

III. vi. 27. Such a foe. Heavens grant me such a foe!

III. vi. 69, 70. In honesty I bid for you, as I do buy. Honorably I ask for your favor, as I would honorably pay for it.

III. vi. 84, 85. laying by . . . multitudes. Dispensing with the worthless tribute of fickle multitudes.

IV. ii. 29. miracle. The word seems to be used in the sense of mystery, and the sentence to mean: The identity of this youth who is loved before me is a mystery.

IV. ii. 59. stinking-elder. The elder was a tree of ill repute. Judas Iscariot was said to have hanged himself on an elder; black fungus droops from it; and both leaves and blossoms have an unpleasant odor.

IV. ii. 81. my clothes. Cloten is obviously referring to court apparel in general, not to the clothes of Posthumus which he is wearing.

IV. ii. 109-112. Being scarce . . . fear. Having scarcely the wits of a man, Cloten was not afraid even of 'roaring terrors' which would terrify an intelligent man, for defect of judgment is often the cause of (not fear as Shakespeare carelessly writes but) boldness. The Cambridge editors suggest that a line may have dropped out, and that the original sentence may have had the following purport: 'defect of judgment supplies the place of courage, while true judgment is oft the cause of fear.' Dowden's suggested emendation, cease for cause, though ingenious, is not convincing. Cease has not the true Shakespearean ring in this place.

IV. ii. 159-161. I would . . . answer. I wish that revenges would seek us out and call us to account, that we might meet them with all possible strength.

IV. ii. 252. Thersites' body is as good as Ajax'. Thersites, the most deformed in body and mind of all

the Greeks at the siege of Troy. Ajax, a Greek warrior, gigantic in body and of great courage. Cf. Troilus and Cressida.

IV. ii. 285. Upon . . . faces. This is apparently a direction from Belarius to scatter the flowers upon the faces of Imogen and Cloten; but Cloten's body is headless. Did Shakespeare forget?

IV. ii. 310, 311. His foot as nimble and graceful as that of Mercury, his thigh as mighty as that of Mars, his arms as strong as those of Hercules, his face as majestic as that of Jove. These references to the gods explain the first phrase in the next line, 'Murder in heaven!'

IV. ii. 313. Hecuba. Wife of Priam, king of Troy. In the player's recitation in Hamlet (II. ii. 544 ff.), Shakespeare refers to 'the instant burst of clamor that she made' 'when she saw Pyrrhus . . . mincing . . . her husband's limbs.'

IV. ii. 364, 365. otherwise . . . picture. 'Nature took away the life—who mutilated the body?' (Dowden.)

IV. iii. 29. Your preparation can affront no less. Your army is prepared to face as many.

V. i. 15. And make them dread it, to the doers' thrift. None of the many proposed emendations of this line seems necessary. Posthumus means that the sinner who is allowed to 'second ills with ills' begins to dread a future of continuous degeneration, and this fear is 'thrift' or profitable to the 'doer' or sinner.

V. iii. 25-28. Stand . . . frown. Stand, or we will play the part of the Romans and will give you that beastly death which, like beasts, you are shunning and from which you may save yourselves by looking back defiantly upon the enemy.

V. iii. 42, 43. slaves, The strides they victors made. This clause is parallel in construction to the preceding

one. Those who came as eagles fled as chickens; those who came as victors fled as slaves.

V. iv. 1. You shall not now be stol'n, you have locks upon you. 'The wit of the Gaoler alludes to the custom of putting a lock on a horse's leg when he is turned out

to pasture.' (Johnson.)

V. iv. 11-17. Posthumus here soliloquizes on the three steps which man must take to receive pardon and absolution, viz. contrition (l. 11), penance (ll. 13-15), and satisfaction (ll. 16, 17). The meaning of the first four lines is clear. Line 15, Desir'd more than constrain'd, refers to the gyves, symbols of his voluntary penance; ll. 15, 16 signify that if satisfaction, to satisfy, be the main part of salvation, freedom, from sin, then the gods may take no less than all which he has and is, if thereby he may be freed.

V. iv. 26. You rather . . . yours. Men do not weigh every coin they receive, but accept them because of their 'image and superscription'; so, although my life is not so valuable as Imogen's, yet the gods made it in their image and should the more readily, i.e.

rather, take it in compensation.

V. iv. 156. well cooked. The reference is to meat which is hung up, either preparatory to cooking or instead of being cooked.

V. iv. 158. the dish . . . shot. 'The viands (namely, himself) pay the reckoning.' (Furness.)

V. iv. 214. hath a preferment. Includes a hope for my own advancement.

V. v. 166. Postures beyond brief nature. Beauties of form that surpass those created by hasty Nature.

V. v. 168. hook of wiving. Physical beauty, the hook wherewith wives catch husbands.

V. v. 304-306. hath More of thee merited than a band of Clotens Had ever scar for. Guiderius deserves more from the king than a whole band of men

like Cloten for actions for which they have been scarred in battle.

V. v. 354, 355. The service that you three have done is more Unlike than this thou tell'st. 'I have the less reason to be incredulous because the actions you have done within my knowledge are more incredible than the story you relate.' (Johnson.)

V. v. 385. Distinction should be rich in. A clearer

statement should bring out fully.

V. v. 397, 398. the counterchange Is severally in all. 'This is reciprocated by all.' (Rolfe.)

APPENDIX A

Sources of the Play

The name Cymbeline, and the political setting of the play, Shakespeare took from Holinshed's Chronicles of England. The wager-story, which forms the basis of the Imogen plot, is a familiar one in mediæval literature: Shakespeare seems to have been chiefly indebted for this story to the ninth novel of the second day in Boccaccio's Decameron. It is hardly likely that he was familiar with an English version of this story, published possibly in 1603 but probably not before 1620, called Westward for Smelts. Other versions of the story which Shakespeare may, or may not, have known in some sixteenth century English form, are the thirteenth century French romances, King Florus and Fair Jehane,1 Roman de la Violette, and Roman del conte de Poitiers; a fourteenth century French mystery play; as well as scattered German, Scandinavian, and Gaelic versions. An English play printed in 1589, called The Rare Triumphs of Love and Fortune, may have suggested some names, characters, and incidents for Cymbeline, The Winter's Tale, and The Tempest. Beaumont and Fletcher's Philaster resembles Cymbeline in many details; the two plays were written at about the same time, and it is impossible to state definitely which influenced the other. Both plays indicate that a new type of drama was becoming fashionable toward the end of the first decade of the seventeenth century; it is quite conceivable that they were written contemporaneously and in friendly

¹ English translation in Aucassin and Nicolette and Other Mediæval Romances, Everyman's Library Edition, E. F. Dutton.

rivalry. The story of Belarius and the kidnapped princes, as well as the final solution of the complicated plot, seems to have been Shakespeare's own invention.¹

Cimbeline, or Kymbeline, was, according to Holinshed, a descendant of King Lear, and reigned in Britain from 33 B. C. to 2 A. D. He had been educated in Rome and 'knighted' by Cæsar Augustus. His sons were Guiderius and Arviragus. 'Our histories do affirme' that Cymbeline, and his father Tenantius (cf. Cymbeline I. i. 31) before him, lived at peace with the Romans, 'and continuallie to them paied the tributes which the Britaines had covenanted with Julius Cæsar to paie, yet we find in the Romane writers that after Julius Cæsar's death . . . the Britaines refused to paie that tribute: whereat Augustus, being otherwise occupied, was content to winke; howbeit . . . at length . . . Augustus made provision to passe with an armie ouer into Britaine, & was come forward vpon his iournie into Gallia Celtica. . . . But here receiving advertisements that the Pannonians . . . and the Dalmatians . . . had rebelled (cf. Cymbeline III. i. 73-75), he thought it best first to subdue those rebells neere home.' Holinshed is at a loss to know whether to believe 'our histories' or 'the Romane writers,' but he records presently the arrival of an ambassador from Augustus at the court of Cymbeline, who came to bring to the British king the thanks of the emperor 'for that he had kept his allegiance toward the Romane empire.' Later, Guiderius, after his accession, refused to pay a yearly tribute of three thousand crowns. Shakespeare, by attributing this refusal to Cymbeline, hoped to heighten the dramatic and emotional appeal of this singularly mild and uneventful portion of Holinshed's Chronicle.

¹ For more detailed discussion of these points see Thorndike: Influence of Beaumont and Fletcher on Shakespeare, Worcester, Massachusetts, 1901, and Dowden: Cymbeline, in The Arden Shakespeare, third edition, London, 1918.

Posthumus's account of the means whereby the British gained the victory (V. iii. 3-58) is taken from Holinshed's *Chronicles of Scotland*, which describe the sudden defeat of the Danes by the Scots, in the year 976, through the intervention of a husbandman named

Hay, and his two sons.

The plot of Boccaccio's novel may be summarized as follows: Bernabo Lomellino of Genoa, stopping at an inn in Paris, boasts of his wife's virtue and devotion. Ambrogiuolo of Piacenza sneers at woman's virtue, and proves by philosophical argument that all women must be unchaste. Man is not chaste: woman is more frail than man; ergo! Entreaty, flattery, and gifts will win any woman. Bernabo repudiates philosophical argument and reaffirms his faith in his wife, Ginevra. The discussion waxes hot. Bernabo, in his anger, wagers his head against a thousand florins that Ambrogiuolo could not tempt Ginevra to sin. Ambrogiuolo accepts the wager, substituting a sum of money for Bernabo's head, and starts for Genoa. Within three months he must return with indisputable proofs of his triumph over Ginevra's virtue. Just as he is despairing of success he meets a poor woman, to whom Ginevra has been kind, and bribes her to send him into Ginevra's chamber, in her chest, on the pretence that she is about to take a journey and wishes to leave her belongings in Ginevra's care. Night comes; he emerges from the chest, notes the situation of the room, its ornaments and pictures, and approaching the bed he admires the lady's beauty and perceives the mole on her left breast. For further evidence he removes a gown, a ring, and a girdle. Bernabo is not moved by the description of the room, nor by the articles of apparel, but is 'struck to the very heart' when Ambrogiuolo reveals his knowledge of the mole. He sets out for home 'most cruelly incensed against his wife,' and sends ahead a servant with a letter asking Ginevra to meet him on the way. The servant is instructed to murder her when he reaches 'a fit place.' Ginevra persuades the servant to let her escape, disguised as a page, and to carry word to his lord that she is dead. As page to a Catalonian lord she sails for foreign lands, and on her journeys encounters Ambrogiuolo and hears him tell, as a jest, the story of his wager. She arranges to have her husband brought over seas to listen as Ambrogiuolo tells this tale to the Sultan. The truth is then revealed, and after the Sultan has condemned Ambrogiuolo to be smeared with honey and eaten by wasps,' they all sit down to a sumptuous banquet. It is only in the early part of the tale, the long-drawn-out angry debate which provides some possible motivation for the story, that Boccaccio's plot surpasses Shakespeare's.

APPENDIX B

HISTORY OF THE PLAY

Cymbeline was first printed in 1623, at the end of the First Folio, among the tragedies, and under the title, The Tragedie of Cymbeline. The text was taken from a prompt-book copy, and was divided into acts and scenes; but it was so carelessly printed that it is full of obscure and perplexing readings. In this play Shakespeare seems to have had the assistance of a coadjutor, who was responsible for the Vision of Posthumus in Act V, which is not an integral part of the action, and perhaps for portions of the Belarius plot.

¹ This episode of the honey and the wasps, not used by Shakespeare in *Cymbeline*, is probably the source of the passage in *The Winter's Tale* (IV. iv. 816 ff.) in which Autolycus threatens the Clown with a similar fate.

The play was probably first produced in 1610; in style, diction, and versification it resembles the two romantic comedies, The Winter's Tale and The Tempest, which appeared in 1610 and 1611, respectively. Dr. Simon Forman, astrologer, quack, and theatregoer, who in his Book of Plays kept a record of the plays he attended, gives a synopsis of the plot of Cimbalin' in an undated entry which follows an entry dated May 15, 1611, recording a performance of The Winters Talle at the glob.' On January 1, 1633/4, 'Cymbeline was acted at court by the King's

players. Well likte by the Kinge."

Irreverent hands were laid upon Cymbeline in 1682 by Tom Durfey, who attempted to fashion it to the taste of his generation under the title, The Injured Princess or The Fatal Wager. The names of the characters are changed—Imogen becomes Eugenia, Posthumus is Ursaces, and Iachimo is Shatillion; new characters are introduced, among them Clarina, who is Eugenia's confidante and daughter of Pisanio, and a drunken friend of Cloten's named Iachimo. Pisanio believes in Imogen's guilt; the lascivious Cloten and his ribald friend kidnap Clarina with evil intent; there is little left of Shakespeare's play but the outline of the plot. This perversion of Cymbeline held the stage until 1720, when Shakespeare's play was produced at the new Lincoln's Inn Fields Theatre.

But in 1755 another attempt was made, by Charles Marsh, to refashion the 'old and crude' play; and in 1759 still another. This time the culprit was the Professor of Poetry at Oxford, William Hawkins, M.A., who possessed 'so thorough a veneration for the great Father of the English stage' that he 'retained, in many places, the very language of the original

¹ Dramatic Records of Sir Henry Herbert, Master of the Revels 1623-1673, edited by J. Q. Adams, Yale University Press, 1917.

author.' Fortunately 'unprecedented difficulties and discouragements in the theatre' prevented a long run at Covent Garden Theatre. Two years later, in 1761, Garrick made the first of his many appearances as Posthumus in Shakespeare's play. The play ran for sixteen nights, and the *Dramatic Censor* stated that Garrick's astonishing talents were never more happily exerted. In 1767 and 1770 Mrs. Barry played Imogen to Garrick's Posthumus. John Philip Kemble first played Posthumus in 1785; Mrs. Siddons first appeared as Imogen in 1787; and Charles Kemble, who had appeared as Polydore in 1812 played Posthumus in 1825. Macready played Posthumus in 1818. From the time of Garrick on, Cymbeline seems to have been a favorite play for one-night, benefit performances. Helen Faucit was one of the great Imogens of the middle of the nineteenth century, and Ellen Terry's 'last great part on the Lyceum stage' was the rôle of Imogen in Henry Irving's gorgeous production in 1896. Irving chose to play the part of Iachimo, and seems to have made an indifferent success in the rôle. Popular enthusiasm was devoted to Miss Terry's Imogen and to the setting by Alma Tadema.

While Garrick and the Kembles were using Cymbeline almost yearly in England, the new and struggling theatres in the American colonies and states followed their illustrious example. From 1767 to 1793 eight revivals of Cymbeline occurred along our Atlantic seaboard, three in New York, two in Philadelphia, one in Boston, one in Annapolis, and one in Charleston, South Carolina. One hundred years later Cymbeline again became popular on the American stage. Mary Shaw Hamblin, who died in 1873, was a famous Imogen in the sixties. Adelaide Neilson in the seventies, Modjeska in the eighties, and Margaret Mather in the nineties kept the play familiar to American audiences. In 1906 Viola Allen again revived it, and

in 1923 Edward H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe added it to their repertoire.¹

APPENDIX C

THE TEXT OF THE PRESENT EDITION

The text of the present edition is, by permission of the Oxford University Press, based on that of the Oxford Shakespeare, edited by the late W. J. Craig. Stage directions, when not bracketed, are from the First Folio; bracketed stage directions are modern.

In the following list of variants from the Oxford text, the readings of this edition precede, and Craig's readings follow, the colon. The Folio authority is given wherever involved.

I. i. 116 cere: sear Ff
I. i. 117 bands: bonds Ff

I. i. 132 heap'st Ff: heap'st instead

I. iv. 68 constant-qualified: constant, qualified Ff

I. iv. 151 a friend Ff: afraid

I. iv. 177 understand Ff: understand that

I. v. 68 change thou chancest: chance thou changest Ff

I. v. 83 primroses: prime-roses Ff I. vi. 22 Imo. reads Ff: Imo.

I. vi. 24 trust Ff: truest

I. vi. 122 self exhibition Ff1, 4: self-exhibition Ff2, 3

II. ii. 32 sense Ff: senses

II. iii. 126 foil Ff: soil

II. iv. 6 fear'd Ff: sear'd II. iv. 21 order'd Ff: ordered

II. iv. 24 mingled Ff2, 3, 4 (F1 wing-led): winged

II. iv. 75 So rarely Ff: rarely

II. v. 2 bastards Ff: bastards all

II. v. 27 may be named Ff2, 3, 4 (F1 name): man may name

¹ For details concerning the various stage adaptations of the play see Fr. Lücke, Über Bearbeitungen von Shakespeares 'Cymbeline' (Rostock diss., 1909).

V. v. 393

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APPENDIX D

interrogatories Ff: inter-gatories

SUGGESTIONS FOR COLLATERAL READING

I. Editions.

E. Dowden: The Arden Shakespeare, 1903 (3d ed., 1918).

H. H. Furness: The Variorum Shakespeare, 1913.

II. General Criticism.

W. Hazlitt: Characters of Shakespeare's Plays, 1817. Everyman's Library edition, pp. 1-11.

Lady Martin: On Some of Shakespeare's Female Characters, 1885.

Barrett Wendell: William Shakespeare, a Study in Elizabethan Literature, 1894, pp. 355-364.

F. S. Boas: Shakespeare and His Predecessors, 1895, pp. 504-517.

G. Brandes: William Shakespeare, a Critical Study,

1898, pp. 615-634.

L. A. Sherman: What Is Shakespeare? 1902, pp. 9-110.

G. F. Baker: The Development of Shakespeare as a Dramatist, 1907, pp. 293-295.

J. Masefield: Shakespeare, 1911, pp. 223-226.

A. Symons: Studies in the Elizabethan Drama,

1919, pp. 132-146.

W. W. Lawrence: The Wager in Cymbeline. Publications of the Modern Language Association, December, 1920.

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